



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 4, 2026 – 08:42 PM EDT

PDB ID : 8UGP / pdb_00008ugp
EMDB ID : EMD-42231
Title : In-situ structure of typeA supercomplex in respiratory chain (local refined map focused on CI iron-sulfur cluster regions)
Authors : Zheng, W.; Zhang, K.; Zhu, J.
Deposited on : 2023-10-05
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

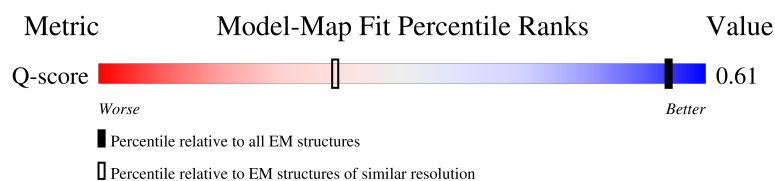
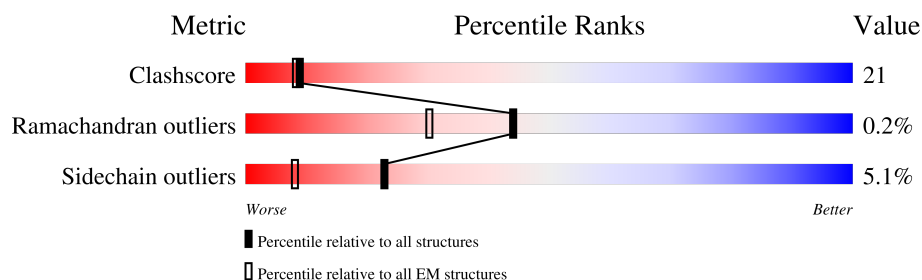
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



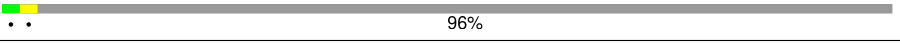
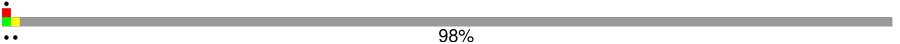
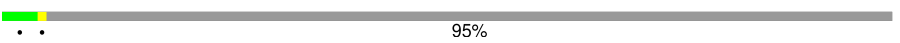
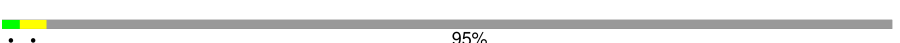
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	1659 (1.50 - 2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1A	115	95%
2	1B	258	27% 20% 52%
3	1C	264	15% 9% 76%
4	1D	476	36% 15% 48%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	1G	727	 96%
6	1H	318	 98%
7	1I	239	 31% 21% 46%
8	1P	377	 95%
9	1Q	175	 7% 5% 89%
10	1R	123	 22% 7% 71%
11	1W	128	 95%
12	1q	145	 23% 6% 70%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
13	SF4	1B	301	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5152 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	1A	6	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1
			34	23	5	5	1		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 7, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	1B	125	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5
			911	581	157	159	14		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 3, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	1C	63	Total	C	N	O	S	0	8
			433	283	70	79	1		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
1C	104	GLN	ARG	conflict	UNP A0A286ZNN4
1C	154	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP A0A286ZNN4

- Molecule 4 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 2, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	1D	246	Total	C	N	O	S	0	17
			1756	1141	302	300	13		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
1D	-13	GLY	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A8D0QM68

- Molecule 5 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 75 kDa subunit, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	1G	30	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4
			196	118	36	38	4		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
6	1H	7	Total	C	N	O	0	2
			34	18	6	10		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	1I	128	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1
			997	625	175	188	9		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 9, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	1P	17	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2
			95	56	21	17	1		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 4, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	1Q	20	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			150	93	27	29	1		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 6, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	1R	36	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6
			202	124	42	35	1		

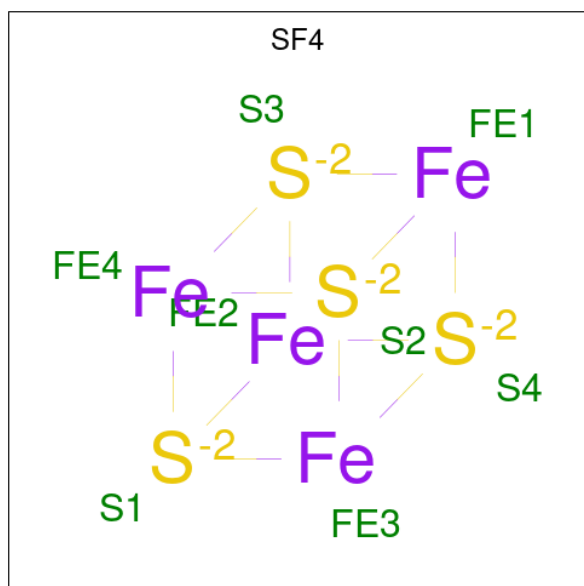
- Molecule 11 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
11	1W	7	Total	C	N	O	0	3
			33	19	9	5		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	1q	44	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5
			286	181	54	49	2		

- Molecule 13 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe_4S_4) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
13	1B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
13	1I	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
13	1I	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	

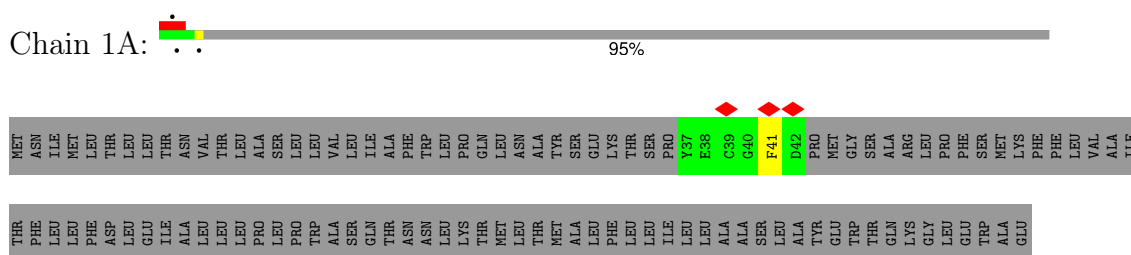
- Molecule 14 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
14	1R	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

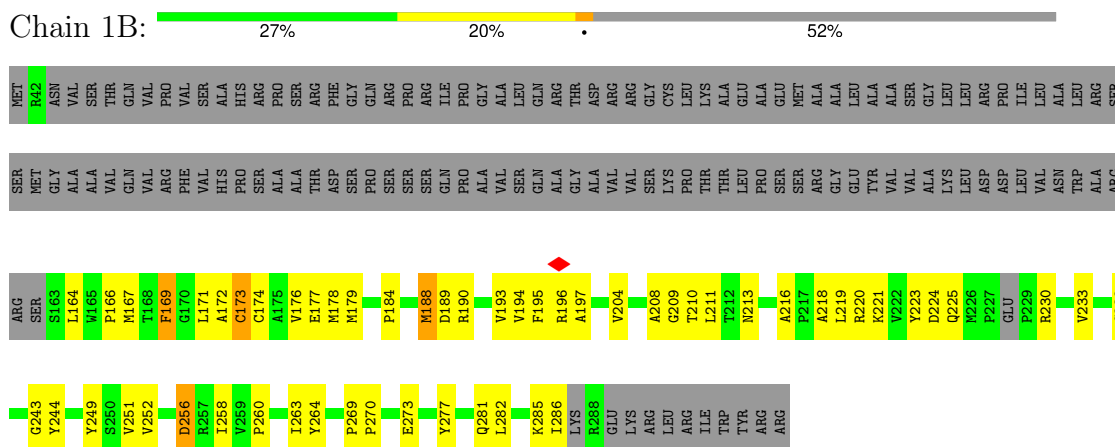
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

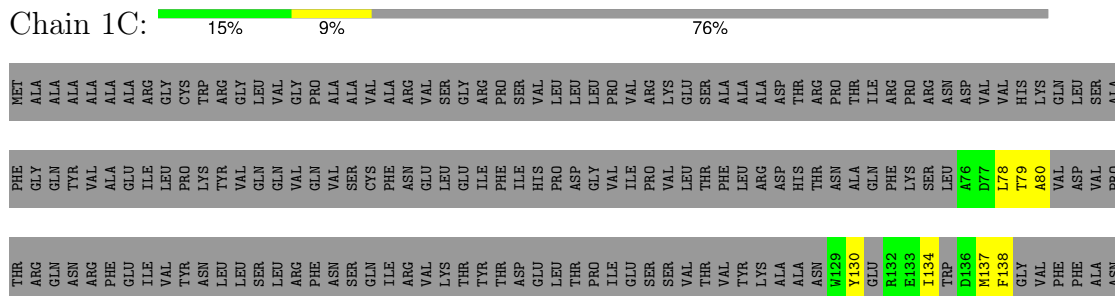
- Molecule 1: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3

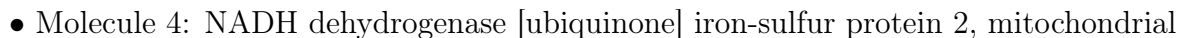


- Molecule 2: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 7, mitochondrial



- Molecule 3: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 3, mitochondrial



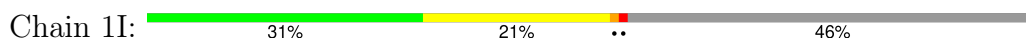


GLU	ASN	ALA	LYS	ARG	LEU	SER	THR
PRO	TYR	GLN	VAL	SER	HIS	ASP	GLN
SER	PHE	GLN	VAL	ASP	ASN	SER	ASN
ILE	GLN	THR	PHE	THR	ASP	LEU	MET
C704	GLN	LYS	LEU	GLY	LEU	THR	ILE
	ALA	VAL	LEU	ALA	VAL	ARG	ASN
	ASN	GLU	VAL	GLY	ALA	GLU	GLU
	GLU	VAL	VAL	ASP	LEU	VAL	GLY
	LEU	THR	THR	ILE	ALA	PHE	LYS
	SER	PRO	GLY	ALA	ILE	PRO	GLY
	LYS	PRO	GLY	VAL	GLY	PRO	LEU
	LEU	GLY	CYS	SER	SER	THR	LEU
	VAL	LEU	ILE	ASN	PRO	ALA	THR
	ASN	ASN	THR	ILE	VAL	GLY	TYR
	GLN	GLN	ARG	GLN	ASP	ALA	THR
	GLN	GLU	ASP	ASN	THR	THR	TRP
	LEU	ASP	LEU	ILE	TYR	ASP	GLU
	ALA	LYS	TRP	ARG	ARG	LEU	ASP
	ASP	ILE	LYS	LEU	ARG	LEU	ALA
	PRO	PRO	ILE	ASP	SER	SER	LEU
	LEU	LEU	ARG	CYS	HIS	ASN	SER
	VAL	VAL	ALA	PHE	GLY	TYR	ARG
	PRO	PRO	LEU	ILE	VAL	LEU	VAL
	GLN	GLN	GLU	TYR	GLY	SER	GLY
THR	THR	ALA	GLN	TRP	LEU	LEU	
ILE	ILE	ALA	GLM	ASP	PRO	MET	
LYS	LYS	GLY	HIS	LYS	ILE	GLN	
ASP	LYS	MET	HIS	VAL	LEU	SER	
PHE	ASP	THR	GLY	MET	GLN	PHE	
TYR	TYR	PRO	VAL	LEU	ASP	GLN	
MET	MET	TYR	VAL	LEU	ILE	GLY	
THR	THR	ASP	ALA	HIS	SER	ASN	
ASP	ASP	THR	PRO	ARG	GLY	VAL	
SER	SER	LEU	MET	ILE	ASN	VAL	
ILE	ILE	ASP	ALA	ALA	HIS	ALA	
SER	SER	GLN	ASP	SER	PRO	ILE	
ARG	ARG	VAL	VAL	GLN	PHE	ALA	
ALA	ALA	ARG	ILE	VAL	SER	GLY	
SER	SER	SER	LEU	ALA	GLN	GLY	
GLN	GLN	ARG	PRO	ALA	ILE	THR	
THR	THR	LEU	GLY	LEU	LEU	VAL	
MET	MET	GLU	ALA	ASP	LYS	ASP	
ALA	ALA	GLU	ALA	LEU	GLU	ARG	
CYS	CYS	VAL	VAL	GLY	ALA	PHE	
VAL	VAL	PRO	THR	TYR	LYS	GLU	
ALA	ALA	ASN	GLU	LYS	LYS	ALA	
LYS	LYS	ASN	LYS	PRO	PRO	LEU	
VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	PHE	LEU	
THR	THR	ARG	THR	GLU	VAL	LYS	
GLU	GLU	TYR	TYR	ALA	LEU	ASP	
GLY	GLY	ASP	VAL	ILE	GLY	LEU	
ILE	ILE	ASP	ASN	ARG	ARG	LEU	
GLN	GLN	VAL	THR	LYS	SER	ASN	
ALA	ALA	GLU	GLU	ASN	ALA	ARG	
VAL	VAL	GLY	ASP	PRO	LEU	LYS	
GLU	GLU	ILE	GLY	THR	SER	GLY	
THR	THR	ALA	PRO	PRO	GLN	THR	

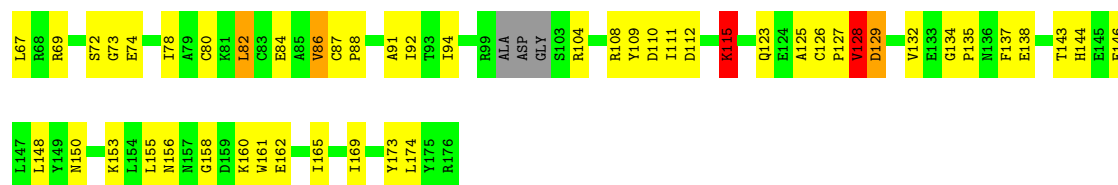
- Molecule 6: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1

[illegible]

- Molecule 7: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial



MET	GLU	ALA	ALA	SER	GLN	GLU	CYS	ARG	LEU	VAL	ASP	ARG	PRO	PRO	HIS	GLY	LYS	GLU	ARG	GLN	PHE	LYS	MET	ARG	CYS	LEU	SER	THR	PRO	MET	LEU	GLY	ALA	GLN	ALA	ALA	HIS	ALA	ALA	GLY	HIS	PRO	SER	ARG	THR	LEU	HIS	SER	SER	ALA
VAL	ALA	ALA	THR	TYR	LYS	PHE	VAL	ASN	MET	ARG	GLU	PRO	SER	SER	LYS	VAL	THR	ASP	ARG	ALA	GLN	THR	LEU	TRP	THR	GLU	LEU	VAL	ARG	GLY	LEU	SER	TYR	LEU	PHE	ARG	GLU	PRO	A46	Y50	P51	K64	L57	E64	H65	G66				



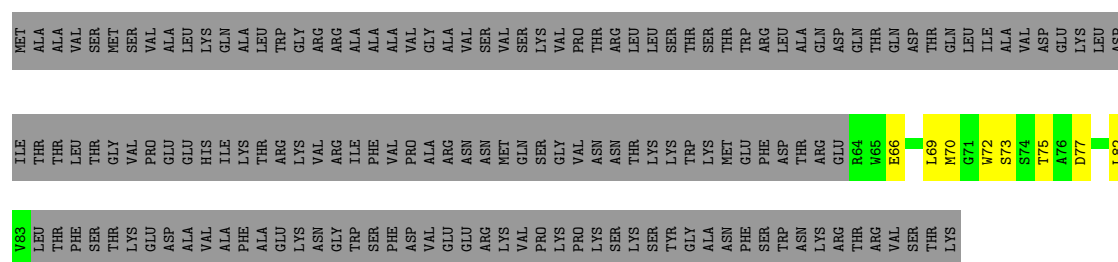
- Molecule 8: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 9, mitochondrial

Chain 1P: 95%



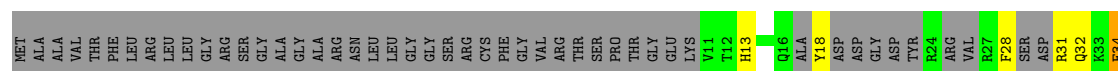
- Molecule 9: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 4, mitochondrial

Chain 1Q: 89%



- Molecule 10: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 6, mitochondrial

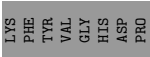
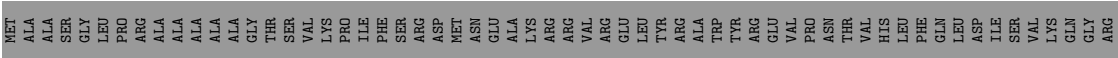
Chain 1R: 71%





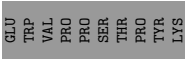
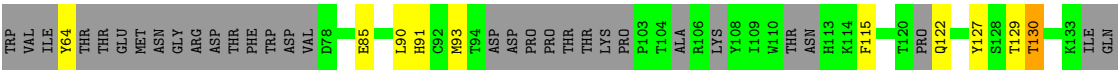
- Molecule 11: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 6

Chain 1W: . . . 95%



- Molecule 12: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 12

Chain 1q: 23% 6% . 70%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	60000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1300	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOCONTINUUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.369	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.193	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.067	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.07	Depositor
Map size (Å)	108.16, 108.16, 108.16	wwPDB
Map dimensions	260, 260, 260	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.416, 0.416, 0.416	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	1A	0.14	0/34	0.51	0/43
2	1B	0.54	0/926	0.79	2/1246 (0.2%)
3	1C	0.20	0/425	0.40	0/553
4	1D	0.35	0/1756	0.51	1/2313 (0.0%)
5	1G	0.19	0/186	0.46	0/228
6	1H	0.17	0/27	0.34	0/31
7	1I	0.68	1/1014 (0.1%)	0.88	5/1363 (0.4%)
8	1P	0.22	0/89	0.52	0/111
9	1Q	0.22	0/153	0.52	0/204
10	1R	0.16	0/190	0.28	0/236
11	1W	0.16	0/29	0.29	0/32
12	1q	0.19	0/284	0.37	0/372
All	All	0.44	1/5113 (0.0%)	0.64	8/6732 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	1I	123	GLN	CA-C	-5.03	1.46	1.52

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	1I	123	GLN	CA-C-N	-8.16	108.70	120.29
7	1I	123	GLN	C-N-CA	-8.16	108.70	120.29
7	1I	123	GLN	N-CA-C	-7.49	103.05	111.14
4	1D	191	ALA	N-CA-C	6.62	118.49	111.28
2	1B	269	PRO	CA-C-N	-6.46	113.33	119.85
2	1B	269	PRO	C-N-CA	-6.46	113.33	119.85
7	1I	132	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.79	103.24	111.40
7	1I	115	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.22	106.60	113.12

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1A	34	0	23	1	0
2	1B	911	0	894	63	0
3	1C	433	0	370	21	0
4	1D	1756	0	1678	60	0
5	1G	196	0	162	12	0
6	1H	34	0	27	4	0
7	1I	997	0	942	48	0
8	1P	95	0	76	2	0
9	1Q	150	0	124	11	0
10	1R	202	0	164	10	0
11	1W	33	0	26	2	0
12	1q	286	0	238	11	0
13	1B	8	0	0	3	0
13	1I	16	0	0	0	0
14	1R	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	5152	0	4724	205	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 21.

All (205) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
10:1R:18:TYR:CD2	10:1R:18:TYR:CD1	2.38	1.05
10:1R:28:PHE:CG	10:1R:28:PHE:CE2	2.39	0.99
4:1D:364:TYR:CE2	4:1D:364:TYR:CG	2.40	0.96
2:1B:238:CYS:HG	13:1B:301:SF4:FE1	0.69	0.96
12:1q:115:PHE:CD1	12:1q:115:PHE:CB	2.51	0.94
4:1D:364:TYR:CG	4:1D:364:TYR:CA	2.53	0.92
11:1W:97:TRP:C	11:1W:98:LYS:CA	2.43	0.91
4:1D:416:ALA:C	4:1D:417:ILE:CA	2.43	0.91

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:1G:213:TYR:C	5:1G:214:ALA:CA	2.43	0.90
3:1C:78:LEU:C	3:1C:79:THR:CA	2.44	0.90
4:1D:342:MET:CA	4:1D:342:MET:CG	2.52	0.88
3:1C:164:LYS:CA	3:1C:164:LYS:CG	2.54	0.86
5:1G:224:LYS:CA	5:1G:224:LYS:CG	2.54	0.85
9:1Q:69:LEU:HD23	9:1Q:70:MET:HG2	1.59	0.84
3:1C:79:THR:CA	3:1C:80:ALA:N	2.41	0.83
4:1D:257:GLY:CA	4:1D:258:VAL:N	2.41	0.83
12:1q:85:GLU:CB	12:1q:85:GLU:CD	2.52	0.82
9:1Q:77:ASP:CA	9:1Q:77:ASP:CG	2.53	0.81
8:1P:67:GLN:CA	8:1P:68:ILE:N	2.44	0.80
4:1D:381:ASP:CA	4:1D:382:GLY:N	2.45	0.80
2:1B:256:ASP:OD1	2:1B:264:TYR:OH	1.98	0.80
2:1B:238:CYS:SG	13:1B:301:SF4:FE1	1.75	0.79
4:1D:258:VAL:N	4:1D:258:VAL:CB	2.46	0.79
2:1B:286:ILE:CB	2:1B:286:ILE:N	2.46	0.78
4:1D:328:ALA:HB3	5:1G:126:ASP:HB2	1.64	0.78
10:1R:31:ARG:NE	10:1R:31:ARG:CG	2.46	0.78
3:1C:158:GLU:N	3:1C:158:GLU:C	2.42	0.78
7:1I:72:SER:C	7:1I:72:SER:N	2.43	0.77
4:1D:177:MET:HE3	4:1D:214:PHE:CE2	2.21	0.75
8:1P:68:ILE:N	8:1P:68:ILE:CB	2.49	0.75
4:1D:416:ALA:C	4:1D:416:ALA:N	2.46	0.72
6:1H:32:GLN:OE1	6:1H:34:ARG:NH1	2.22	0.72
3:1C:130:TYR:CA	3:1C:130:TYR:O	2.38	0.72
5:1G:243:ARG:HB3	5:1G:248:MET:HE3	1.72	0.72
3:1C:173:GLU:HG3	3:1C:188:VAL:HA	1.70	0.72
4:1D:210:ASP:CB	4:1D:210:ASP:OD2	2.38	0.71
6:1H:206:GLU:O	6:1H:206:GLU:CA	2.39	0.71
10:1R:37:GLU:OE2	10:1R:37:GLU:CG	2.38	0.70
2:1B:196:ARG:HG3	2:1B:197:ALA:H	1.56	0.69
4:1D:300:ARG:O	4:1D:300:ARG:CA	2.41	0.69
3:1C:134:ILE:CA	3:1C:134:ILE:O	2.41	0.69
5:1G:243:ARG:HG2	5:1G:244:THR:HG23	1.74	0.69
2:1B:209:GLY:HA2	13:1B:301:SF4:S2	2.34	0.68
4:1D:62:LEU:HB2	4:1D:425:PHE:CZ	2.30	0.67
2:1B:211:LEU:O	2:1B:252:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.67
2:1B:263:ILE:HD12	2:1B:281:GLN:HG2	1.77	0.67
2:1B:188:MET:HE2	2:1B:195:PHE:HD1	1.60	0.66
3:1C:151:ILE:HG23	3:1C:152:LEU:HG	1.79	0.65
2:1B:211:LEU:HD11	2:1B:216:ALA:HA	1.78	0.64

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:1B:188:MET:HE2	2:1B:195:PHE:CD1	2.32	0.64
2:1B:196:ARG:HH11	2:1B:197:ALA:H	1.43	0.63
2:1B:188:MET:CE	2:1B:195:PHE:HD1	2.10	0.63
4:1D:343:GLU:O	4:1D:347:HIS:ND1	2.30	0.62
2:1B:166:PRO:HD2	2:1B:194:VAL:O	1.99	0.62
2:1B:196:ARG:HG3	2:1B:196:ARG:HH11	1.63	0.62
4:1D:143:GLU:OE1	4:1D:278:TYR:OH	2.16	0.62
7:1I:135:PRO:HD3	7:1I:165:ILE:HG22	1.81	0.62
2:1B:179:MET:HA	2:1B:195:PHE:HZ	1.65	0.62
2:1B:223:TYR:O	2:1B:230:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.61
7:1I:156:ASN:ND2	10:1R:34:GLU:OE1	2.34	0.60
2:1B:177:GLU:HG2	2:1B:270:PRO:O	2.02	0.59
4:1D:151:ILE:HG12	4:1D:170:MET:HE3	1.84	0.59
4:1D:145:THR:HG1	4:1D:181:TYR:HH	1.46	0.59
9:1Q:77:ASP:OD1	9:1Q:77:ASP:N	2.36	0.58
5:1G:246:GLU:HB3	5:1G:248:MET:HE2	1.86	0.57
7:1I:112:ASP:OD2	7:1I:115:LYS:HD3	2.04	0.57
7:1I:54:LYS:HD3	12:1q:91:HIS:CE1	2.40	0.57
4:1D:100:LEU:HD22	4:1D:195:ARG:HD3	1.85	0.57
9:1Q:75:THR:OG1	9:1Q:77:ASP:OD1	2.22	0.57
2:1B:184:PRO:HA	6:1H:34:ARG:HG2	1.86	0.56
4:1D:94:LYS:HD2	4:1D:102:TYR:HE2	1.70	0.56
2:1B:188:MET:HB2	2:1B:193:VAL:HB	1.88	0.56
1:1A:41:PHE:CZ	2:1B:218:ALA:HB2	2.41	0.55
4:1D:427:GLU:O	4:1D:430:ARG:HG3	2.07	0.55
7:1I:64:GLU:O	7:1I:134:GLY:N	2.33	0.55
4:1D:348:HIS:HE1	7:1I:125:ALA:O	1.89	0.55
5:1G:218:ARG:HD2	5:1G:220:TRP:CH2	2.41	0.55
7:1I:69:ARG:NH1	7:1I:73:GLY:O	2.39	0.55
2:1B:188:MET:CE	2:1B:195:PHE:CD1	2.88	0.54
4:1D:155:THR:HB	4:1D:167:PHE:HA	1.88	0.54
2:1B:251:VAL:CG2	4:1D:85:ARG:HG2	2.38	0.54
4:1D:144:ILE:HG23	4:1D:177:MET:HG2	1.90	0.53
5:1G:224:LYS:CG	5:1G:224:LYS:N	2.72	0.53
5:1G:215:PHE:HB3	7:1I:104:ARG:HG3	1.90	0.52
7:1I:91:ALA:O	7:1I:111:ILE:HA	2.09	0.52
10:1R:32:GLN:NE2	12:1q:122:GLN:O	2.39	0.52
4:1D:363:THR:O	4:1D:377:TYR:HA	2.09	0.52
4:1D:428:VAL:O	4:1D:430:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.52
2:1B:213:ASN:HB3	3:1C:174:LEU:HD22	1.92	0.51
4:1D:183:ARG:NH1	4:1D:210:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:1D:121:ALA:HA	4:1D:365:THR:HG21	1.91	0.51
2:1B:251:VAL:HG21	4:1D:85:ARG:HG2	1.92	0.51
2:1B:169:PHE:CD2	2:1B:219:LEU:HD12	2.45	0.51
7:1I:54:LYS:HD2	12:1q:90:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
2:1B:169:PHE:HD2	2:1B:219:LEU:HD12	1.76	0.51
3:1C:137:MET:HE3	3:1C:152:LEU:HB2	1.92	0.51
4:1D:88:GLU:OE2	4:1D:390:LYS:HD2	2.11	0.51
4:1D:342:MET:CG	4:1D:342:MET:C	2.84	0.51
4:1D:151:ILE:HD11	4:1D:218:PHE:CZ	2.46	0.51
3:1C:155:TYR:HD1	11:1W:92:GLU:OE1	1.94	0.51
4:1D:354:GLU:OE2	4:1D:357:GLN:NE2	2.44	0.50
4:1D:414:VAL:C	4:1D:414:VAL:CG1	2.85	0.50
7:1I:57:LEU:HB2	12:1q:93:MET:HE3	1.94	0.50
7:1I:80:CYS:SG	7:1I:82:LEU:HG	2.52	0.49
10:1R:13:HIS:HD1	10:1R:13:HIS:H	1.59	0.49
2:1B:220:ARG:HG2	3:1C:176:TYR:CD2	2.46	0.49
7:1I:72:SER:N	7:1I:73:GLY:N	2.60	0.49
2:1B:196:ARG:CG	2:1B:197:ALA:H	2.24	0.49
2:1B:211:LEU:HD23	2:1B:252:VAL:HG11	1.93	0.49
3:1C:134:ILE:O	3:1C:138:PHE:N	2.45	0.49
2:1B:256:ASP:OD2	7:1I:144:HIS:HD2	1.96	0.49
2:1B:184:PRO:HD3	4:1D:168:PHE:HB3	1.95	0.49
9:1Q:70:MET:HE2	9:1Q:72:TRP:CH2	2.48	0.48
7:1I:66:ALA:HB1	7:1I:158:GLY:CA	2.43	0.48
4:1D:373:GLU:OE1	4:1D:392:LYS:NZ	2.46	0.48
7:1I:126:CYS:SG	7:1I:128:VAL:HG23	2.52	0.48
2:1B:263:ILE:HG13	2:1B:282:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.48
4:1D:62:LEU:HD22	4:1D:425:PHE:HZ	1.78	0.48
7:1I:148:LEU:HD23	9:1Q:70:MET:HG3	1.95	0.48
2:1B:273:GLU:HG2	7:1I:137:PHE:HE2	1.77	0.48
4:1D:62:LEU:HD11	4:1D:78:PRO:HB3	1.95	0.47
7:1I:160:LYS:HD2	7:1I:161:TRP:NE1	2.29	0.47
7:1I:84:GLU:HB2	7:1I:94:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.47
3:1C:137:MET:HE1	3:1C:153:THR:HG23	1.96	0.47
2:1B:171:LEU:HB2	2:1B:209:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.47
2:1B:243:GLY:HA2	7:1I:115:LYS:HA	1.97	0.47
2:1B:233:VAL:HG22	2:1B:263:ILE:HB	1.96	0.47
4:1D:349:PHE:CE2	7:1I:82:LEU:HD21	2.49	0.47
3:1C:173:GLU:O	3:1C:174:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.47
7:1I:67:LEU:HD11	7:1I:109:TYR:CD1	2.49	0.47
7:1I:108:ARG:HH21	12:1q:130:THR:HG21	1.80	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:1D:100:LEU:HD13	4:1D:196:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.47
7:1I:86:VAL:O	7:1I:87:CYS:C	2.56	0.47
7:1I:54:LYS:HD3	12:1q:91:HIS:NE2	2.31	0.46
7:1I:50:TYR:CD1	7:1I:51:PRO:HA	2.50	0.46
2:1B:164:LEU:O	2:1B:166:PRO:HD3	2.15	0.46
4:1D:171:PHE:HA	4:1D:174:ARG:HB2	1.97	0.46
7:1I:67:LEU:O	7:1I:158:GLY:HA3	2.14	0.46
3:1C:192:GLN:HB2	9:1Q:72:TRP:CD1	2.50	0.46
2:1B:172:ALA:HB2	4:1D:83:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
2:1B:221:LYS:O	2:1B:225:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.46
4:1D:148:LEU:HD23	4:1D:174:ARG:HG2	1.98	0.46
7:1I:153:LYS:HA	7:1I:153:LYS:HD2	1.72	0.46
4:1D:258:VAL:N	4:1D:258:VAL:CG2	2.79	0.45
4:1D:424:VAL:O	4:1D:427:GLU:HG2	2.16	0.45
2:1B:174:CYS:HB3	2:1B:208:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.45
3:1C:199:LEU:HD12	4:1D:385:ARG:HH11	1.80	0.45
7:1I:143:THR:OG1	7:1I:146:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.45
3:1C:184:VAL:HG23	3:1C:186:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45
7:1I:169:ILE:O	7:1I:173:TYR:N	2.47	0.45
2:1B:164:LEU:HD23	2:1B:164:LEU:HA	1.84	0.45
7:1I:74:GLU:HA	10:1R:40:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.45
2:1B:189:ASP:OD1	2:1B:194:VAL:HG12	2.17	0.45
7:1I:92:ILE:HA	7:1I:110:ASP:O	2.17	0.45
2:1B:277:TYR:CE2	7:1I:138:GLU:HB3	2.53	0.44
2:1B:196:ARG:HD2	2:1B:196:ARG:HA	1.75	0.44
2:1B:223:TYR:CZ	2:1B:260:PRO:HD2	2.53	0.44
4:1D:147:LEU:HD22	4:1D:218:PHE:HE2	1.83	0.44
7:1I:108:ARG:HH21	12:1q:130:THR:CG2	2.31	0.44
2:1B:173:CYS:HB3	4:1D:108:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:1B:196:ARG:HH11	2:1B:197:ALA:N	2.13	0.44
5:1G:213:TYR:HE1	5:1G:248:MET:HB3	1.82	0.44
7:1I:129:ASP:N	7:1I:129:ASP:OD1	2.51	0.43
4:1D:78:PRO:HG3	4:1D:402:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.43
2:1B:285:LYS:HB3	2:1B:285:LYS:HE2	1.65	0.43
4:1D:177:MET:HE3	4:1D:214:PHE:HE2	1.78	0.43
2:1B:176:VAL:HA	2:1B:179:MET:HG2	2.00	0.43
2:1B:179:MET:HG3	4:1D:171:PHE:HE2	1.83	0.43
4:1D:151:ILE:HD11	4:1D:218:PHE:HZ	1.84	0.43
2:1B:184:PRO:HB3	6:1H:33:LEU:O	2.19	0.43
7:1I:150:ASN:ND2	12:1q:127:TYR:O	2.51	0.42
7:1I:162:GLU:HA	7:1I:165:ILE:HG12	1.99	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:1B:164:LEU:O	2:1B:193:VAL:HG13	2.20	0.42
7:1I:174:LEU:HD23	7:1I:174:LEU:HA	1.76	0.42
2:1B:220:ARG:NH1	2:1B:224:ASP:OD1	2.52	0.42
7:1I:51:PRO:O	12:1q:64:TYR:OH	2.38	0.42
2:1B:273:GLU:OE1	7:1I:54:LYS:HB3	2.19	0.42
2:1B:211:LEU:HD11	2:1B:216:ALA:CA	2.49	0.42
4:1D:121:ALA:HB2	4:1D:365:THR:OG1	2.19	0.42
4:1D:364:TYR:CG	4:1D:364:TYR:C	2.98	0.42
7:1I:66:ALA:HB1	7:1I:158:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.42
9:1Q:82:LEU:HD23	9:1Q:82:LEU:HA	1.79	0.42
2:1B:277:TYR:C	2:1B:277:TYR:CD1	2.97	0.42
4:1D:64:LEU:HD22	4:1D:76:CYS:SG	2.60	0.41
5:1G:218:ARG:O	5:1G:221:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
2:1B:249:TYR:CZ	3:1C:161:PRO:HB3	2.55	0.41
2:1B:196:ARG:HG3	2:1B:196:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.41
2:1B:196:ARG:NH1	2:1B:197:ALA:HB3	2.35	0.41
3:1C:195:ARG:NH2	7:1I:92:ILE:O	2.54	0.41
2:1B:216:ALA:HB1	2:1B:258:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.41
4:1D:64:LEU:HD11	4:1D:418:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
4:1D:328:ALA:HA	4:1D:331:SER:O	2.20	0.41
5:1G:244:THR:HB	9:1Q:73:SER:HB2	2.03	0.41
9:1Q:66:GLU:HA	9:1Q:72:TRP:O	2.20	0.41
10:1R:31:ARG:CB	10:1R:32:GLN:N	2.83	0.41
2:1B:179:MET:HA	2:1B:195:PHE:CZ	2.50	0.41
3:1C:193:GLU:HG2	9:1Q:73:SER:O	2.21	0.41
4:1D:119:SER:HA	4:1D:196:PRO:HG3	2.02	0.41
7:1I:84:GLU:HG3	7:1I:92:ILE:O	2.20	0.41
2:1B:167:MET:O	2:1B:167:MET:HG3	2.20	0.40
4:1D:141:PHE:O	4:1D:145:THR:OG1	2.39	0.40
7:1I:127:PRO:O	10:1R:69:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.40
4:1D:111:MET:HE2	4:1D:111:MET:HB2	1.98	0.40
7:1I:87:CYS:HA	7:1I:88:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.40
7:1I:155:LEU:HD23	7:1I:155:LEU:HA	1.88	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1A	3/115 (3%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	100	100
2	1B	117/258 (45%)	104 (89%)	13 (11%)	0	100	100
3	1C	42/264 (16%)	41 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
4	1D	200/476 (42%)	189 (94%)	11 (6%)	0	100	100
5	1G	14/727 (2%)	14 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	1H	1/318 (0%)	1 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	1I	121/239 (51%)	115 (95%)	5 (4%)	1 (1%)	16	11
8	1P	10/377 (3%)	7 (70%)	3 (30%)	0	100	100
9	1Q	18/175 (10%)	17 (94%)	1 (6%)	0	100	100
10	1R	21/123 (17%)	20 (95%)	1 (5%)	0	100	100
12	1q	31/145 (21%)	30 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	578/3217 (18%)	540 (93%)	37 (6%)	1 (0%)	44	42

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	1I	128	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1A	2/100 (2%)	2 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	1B	96/212 (45%)	87 (91%)	9 (9%)	8	5
3	1C	37/227 (16%)	37 (100%)	0	100	100
4	1D	169/405 (42%)	164 (97%)	5 (3%)	36	38
5	1G	16/610 (3%)	15 (94%)	1 (6%)	16	13
6	1H	2/275 (1%)	2 (100%)	0	100	100
7	1I	103/201 (51%)	97 (94%)	6 (6%)	18	15
8	1P	8/323 (2%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
9	1Q	15/152 (10%)	15 (100%)	0	100	100
10	1R	14/97 (14%)	13 (93%)	1 (7%)	13	10
11	1W	3/112 (3%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	0
12	1q	25/131 (19%)	23 (92%)	2 (8%)	11	8
All	All	490/2845 (17%)	465 (95%)	25 (5%)	23	19

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	1B	169	PHE
2	1B	173	CYS
2	1B	178	MET
2	1B	188	MET
2	1B	190	ARG
2	1B	204	VAL
2	1B	210	THR
2	1B	244	TYR
2	1B	256	ASP
4	1D	61	VAL
4	1D	109	VAL
4	1D	140	LEU
4	1D	184	VAL
4	1D	424	VAL
5	1G	242	THR
7	1I	78	ILE
7	1I	82	LEU
7	1I	86	VAL
7	1I	115	LYS
7	1I	128	VAL
7	1I	129	ASP
10	1R	34	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
11	1W	101	THR
12	1q	129	THR
12	1q	130	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	1B	281	GLN
4	1D	79	HIS
4	1D	190	HIS
4	1D	348	HIS
4	1D	421	GLN
7	1I	144	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
13	SF4	1I	201	7	0,12,12	-	-	-		
13	SF4	1I	202	7	0,12,12	-	-	-		
13	SF4	1B	301	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
13	SF4	1I	201	7	-	-	0/6/5/5
13	SF4	1I	202	7	-	-	0/6/5/5
13	SF4	1B	301	2	-	-	0/6/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

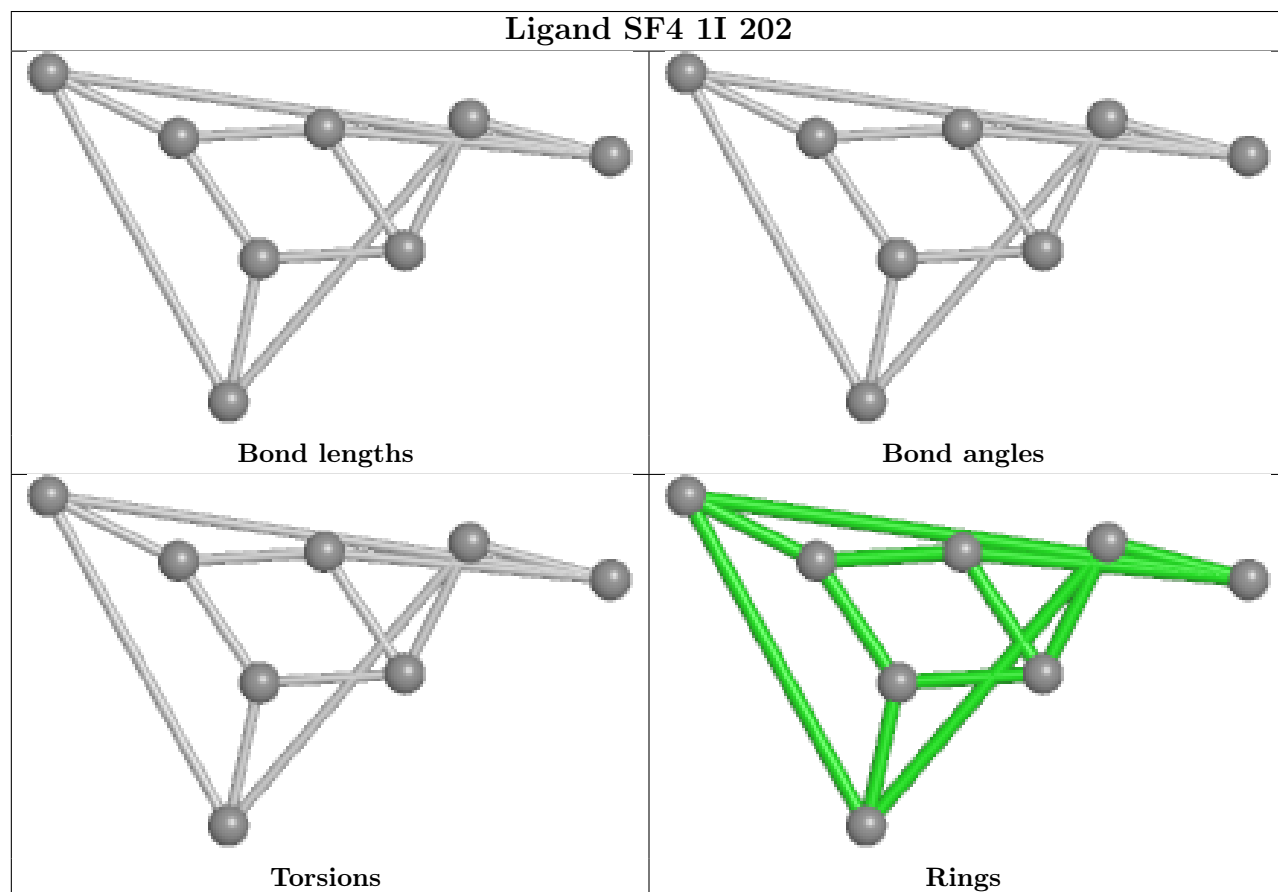
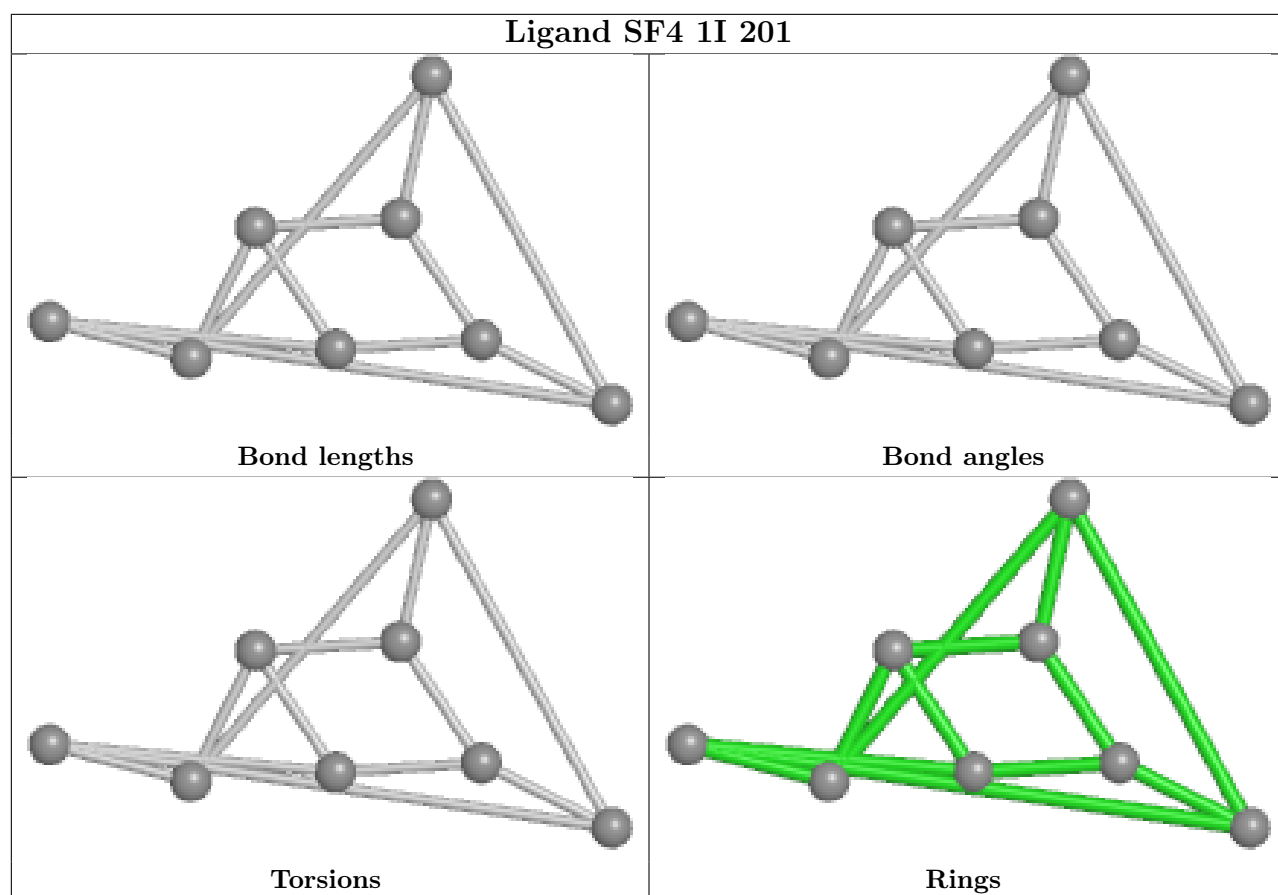
There are no torsion outliers.

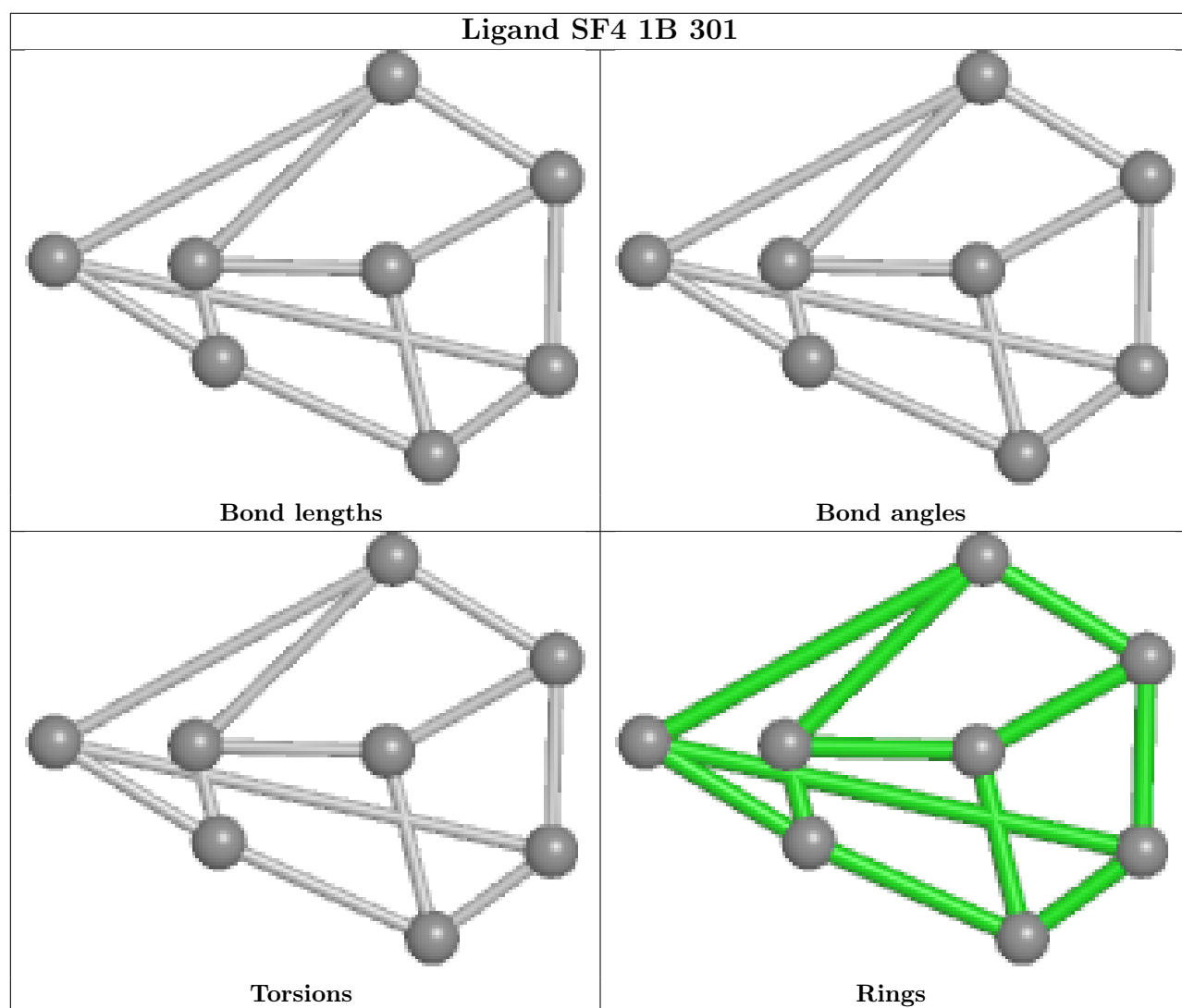
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
13	1B	301	SF4	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

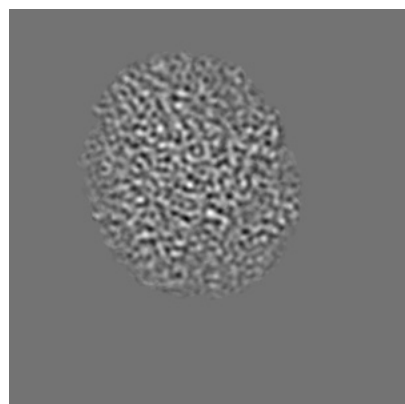
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-42231. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

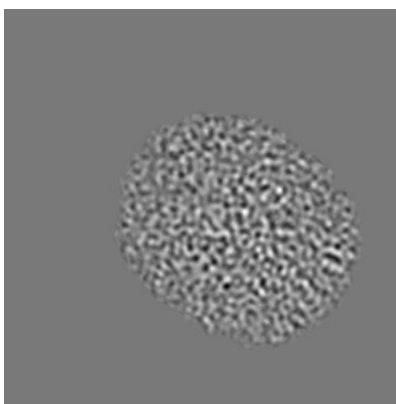
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

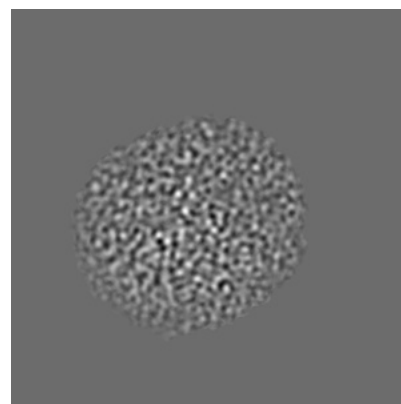
6.1.1 Primary map



X

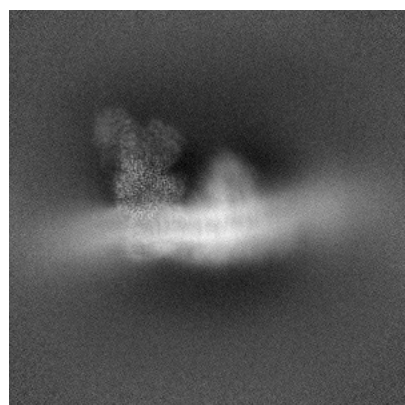


Y

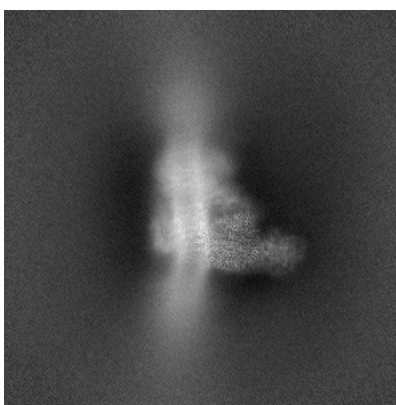


Z

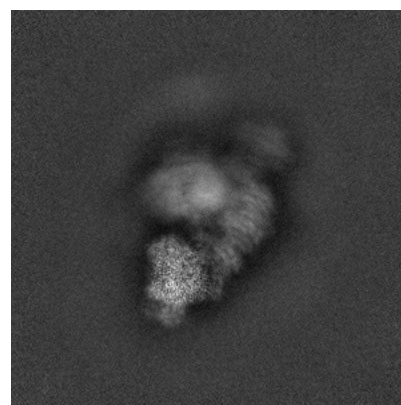
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

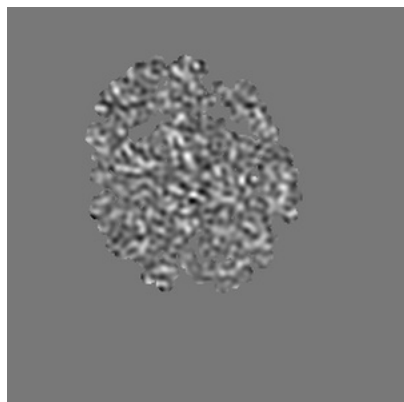


Z

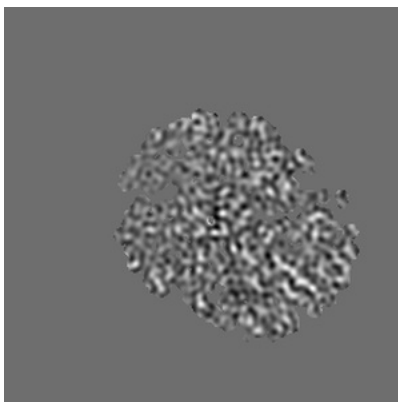
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

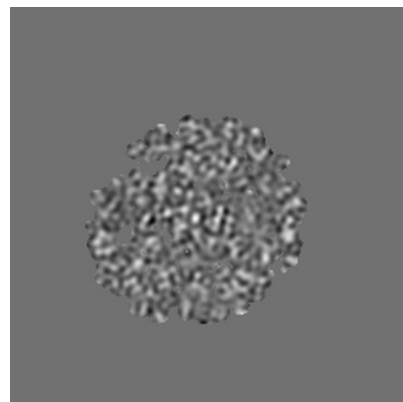
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 130



Y Index: 130

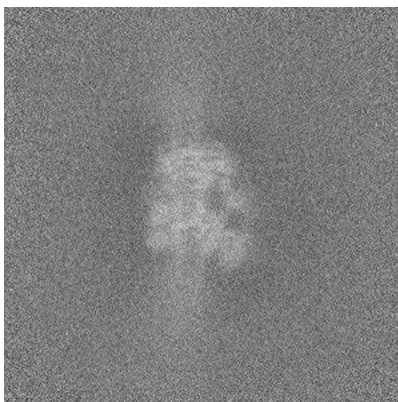


Z Index: 130

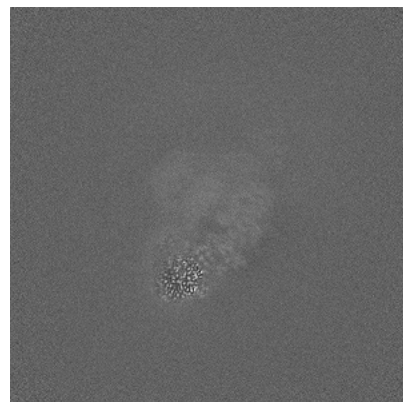
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 320



Y Index: 320

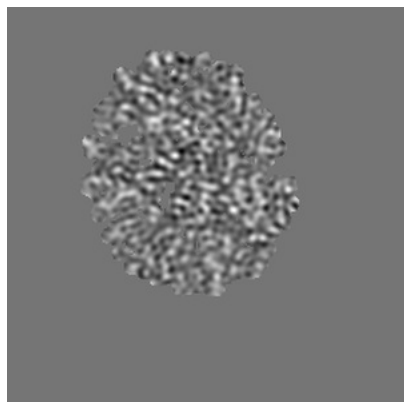


Z Index: 320

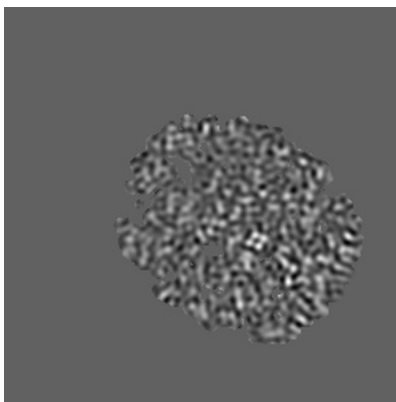
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

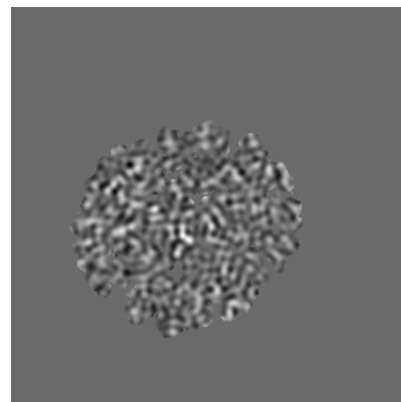
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 114

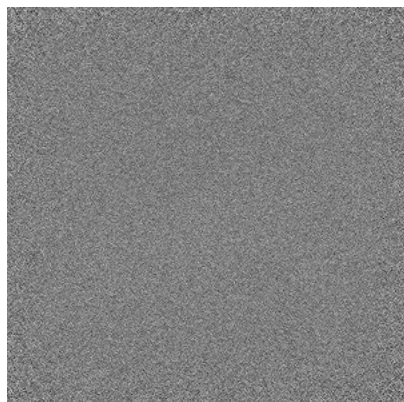


Y Index: 111

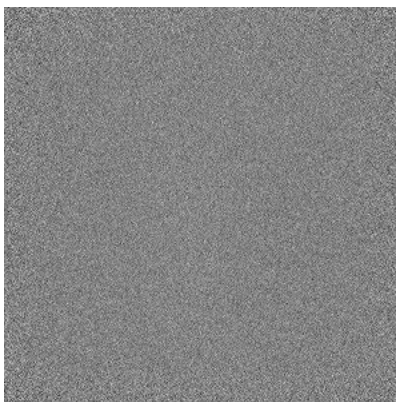


Z Index: 163

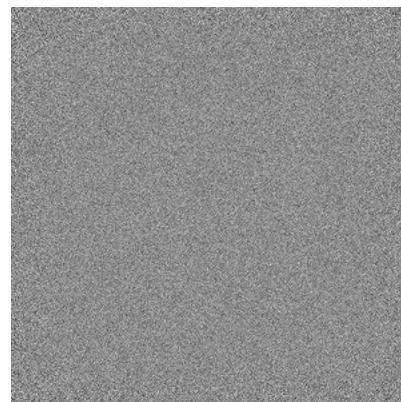
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

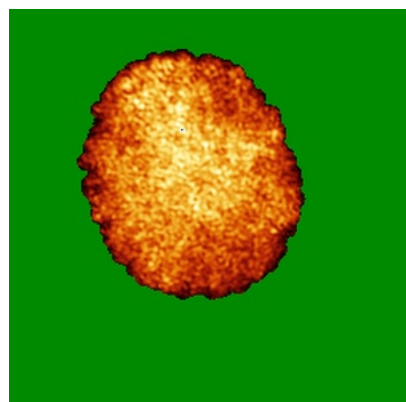


Z Index: 0

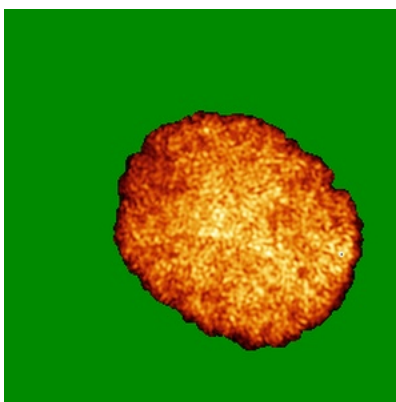
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

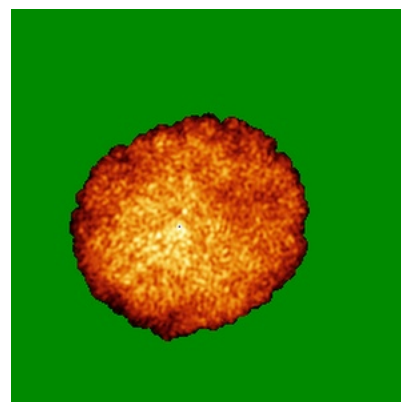
6.4.1 Primary map



X

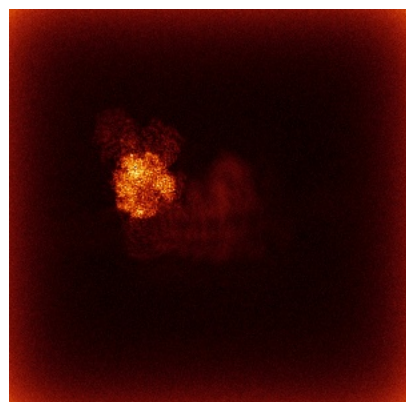


Y

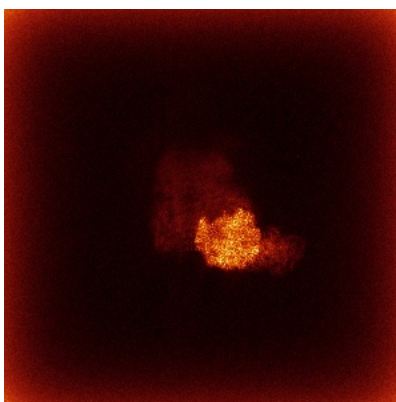


Z

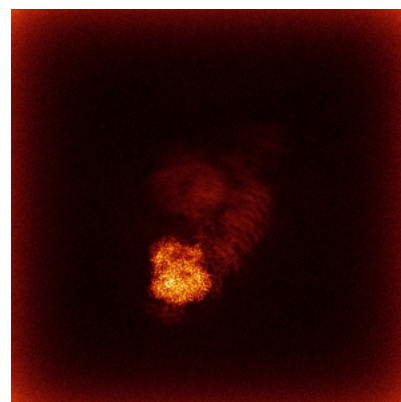
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

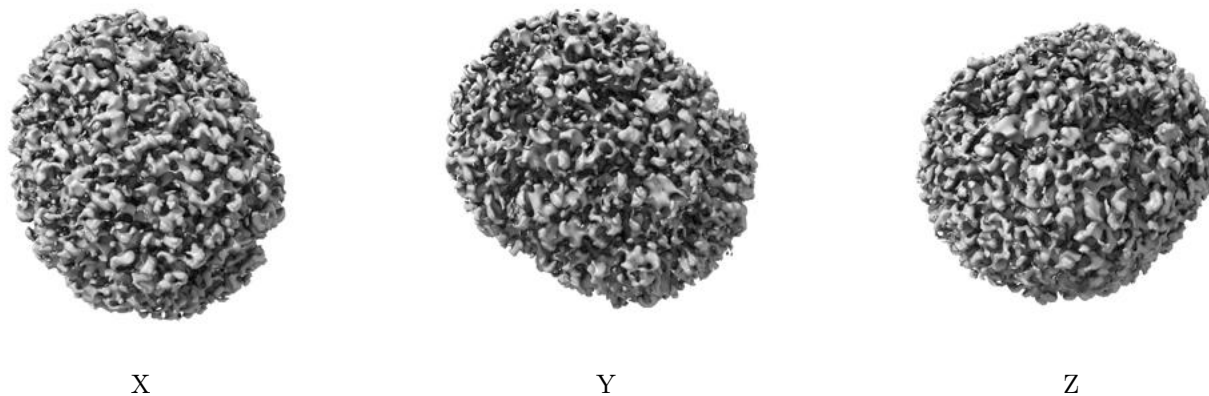


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

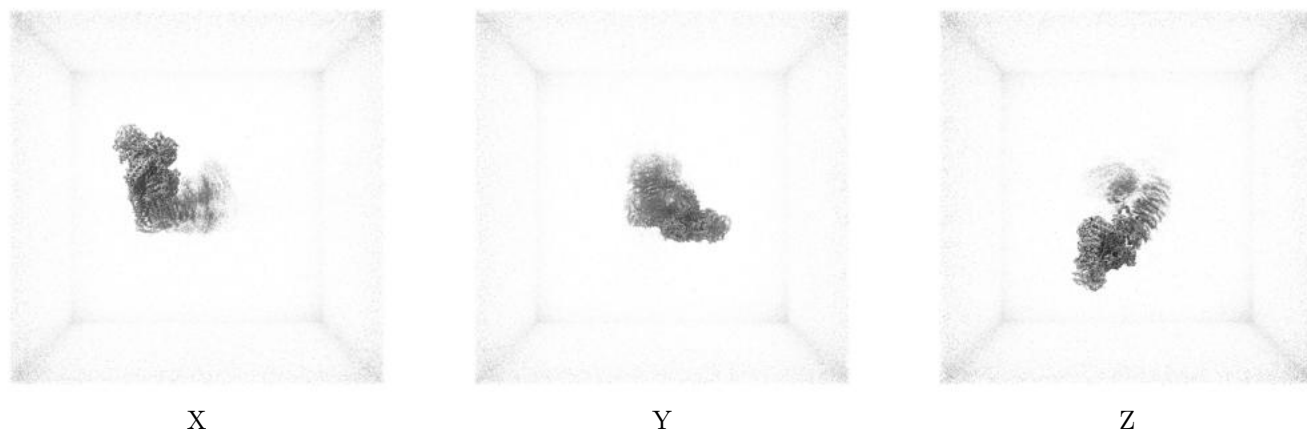
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

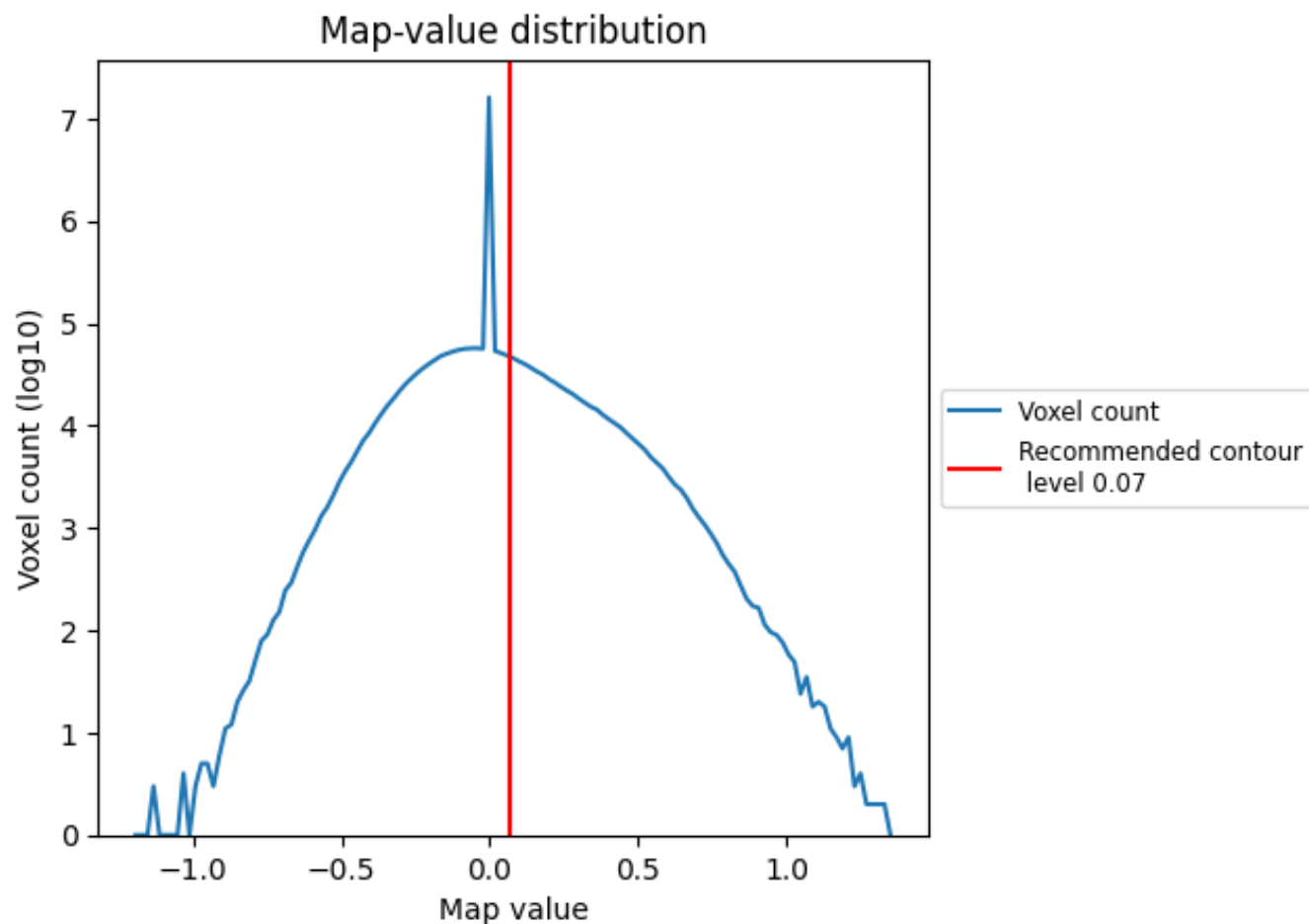
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

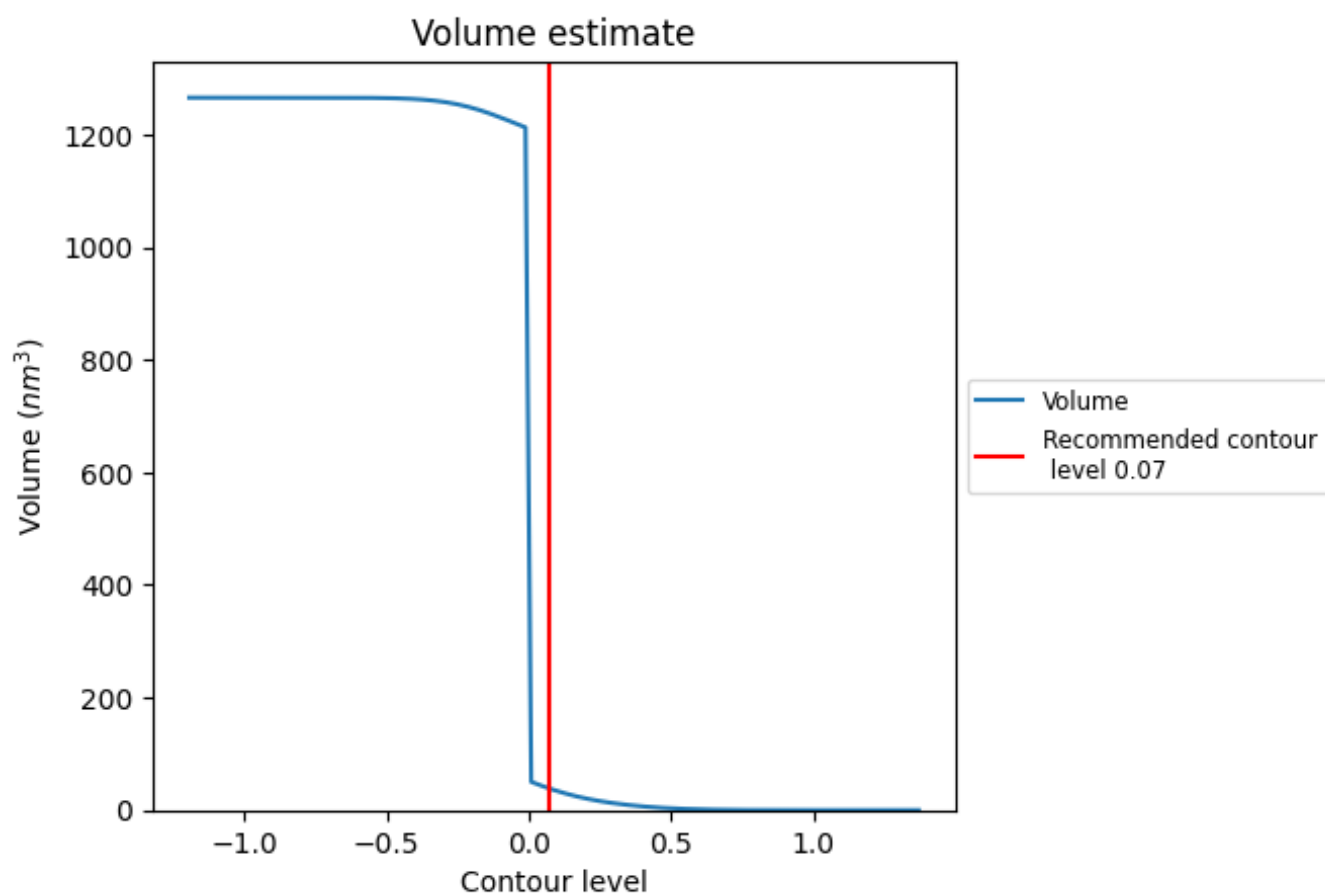
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

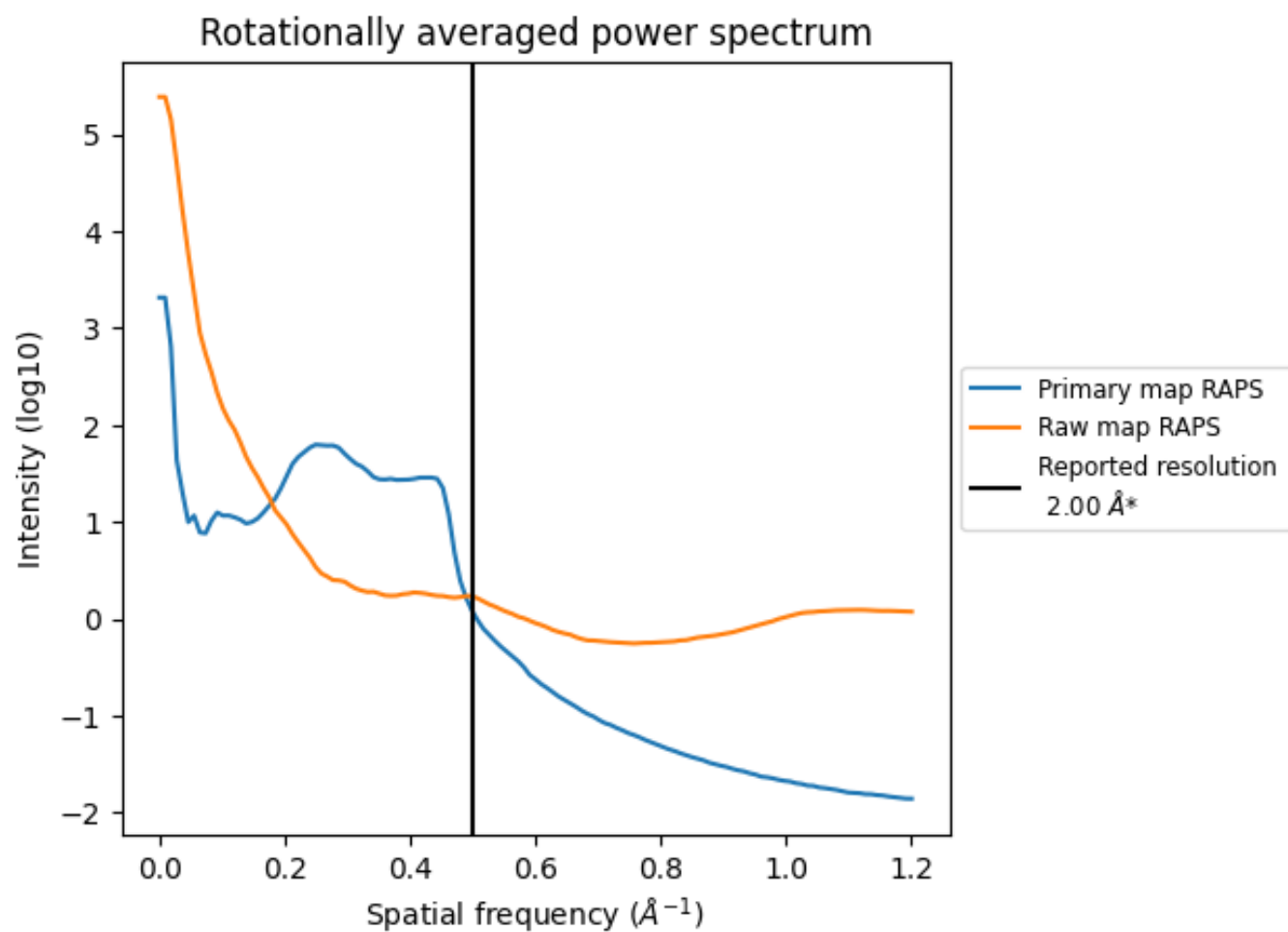
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 39 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 35 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

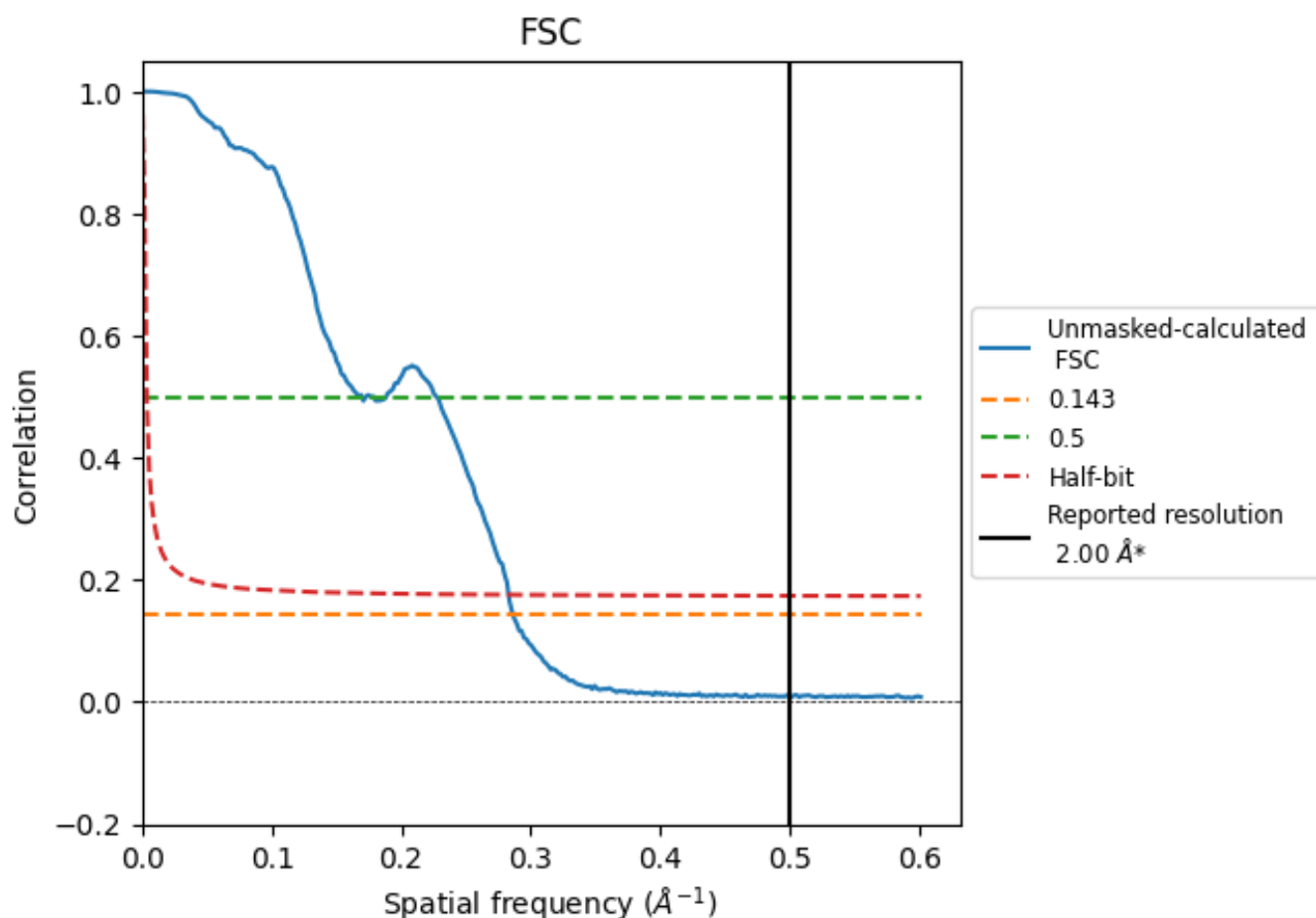


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.500 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.500 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

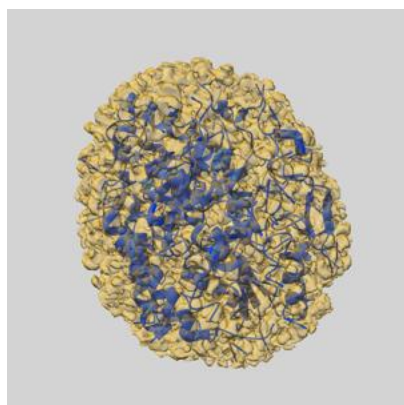
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.49	5.90	3.53

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.49 differs from the reported value 2.0 by more than 10 %

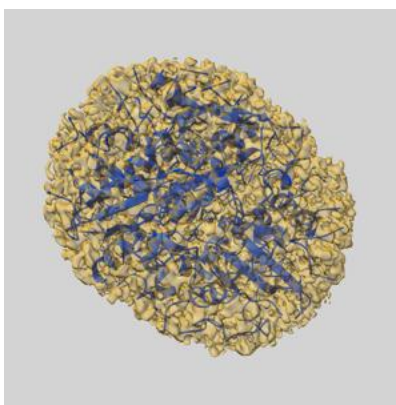
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-42231 and PDB model 8UGP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 8](#).

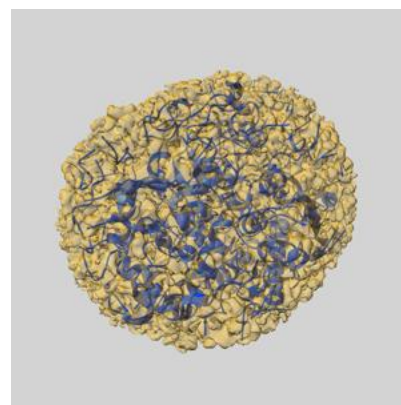
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



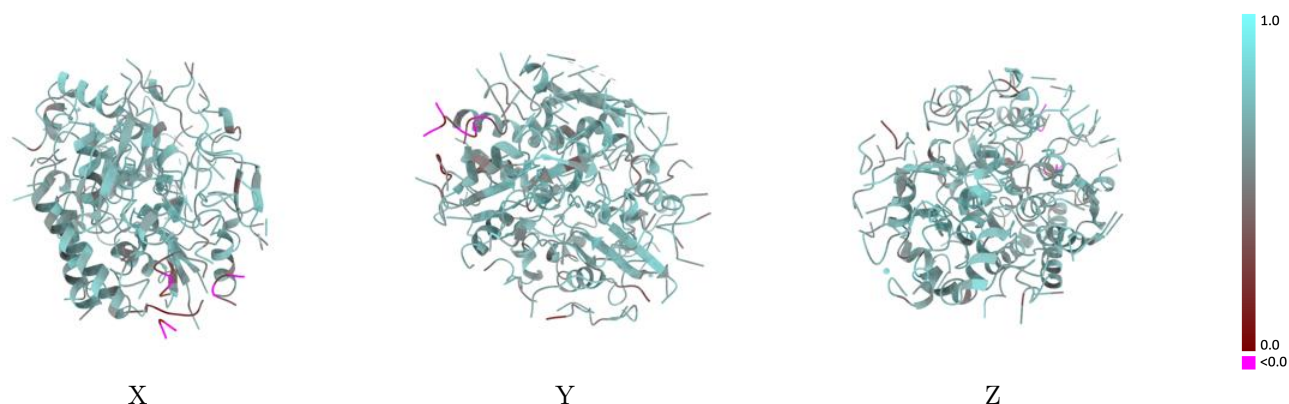
Y



Z

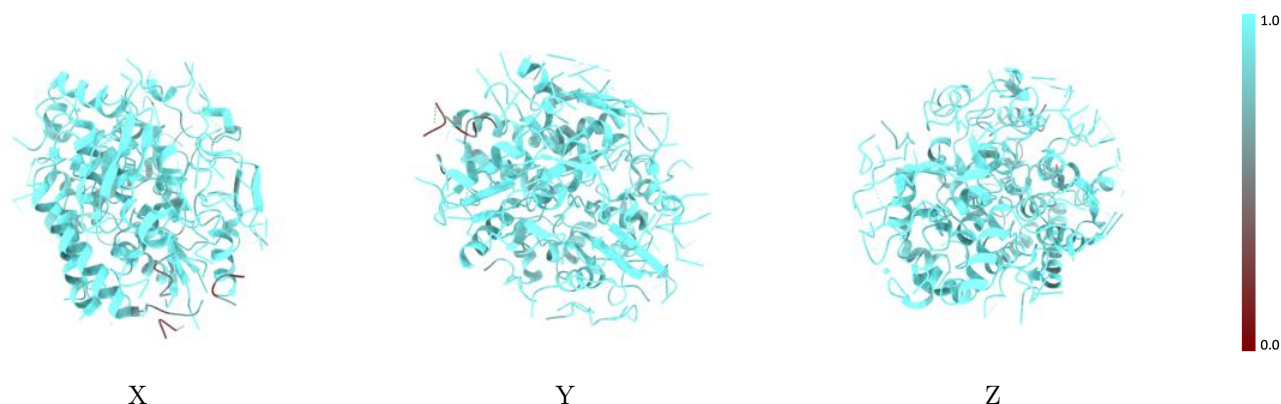
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



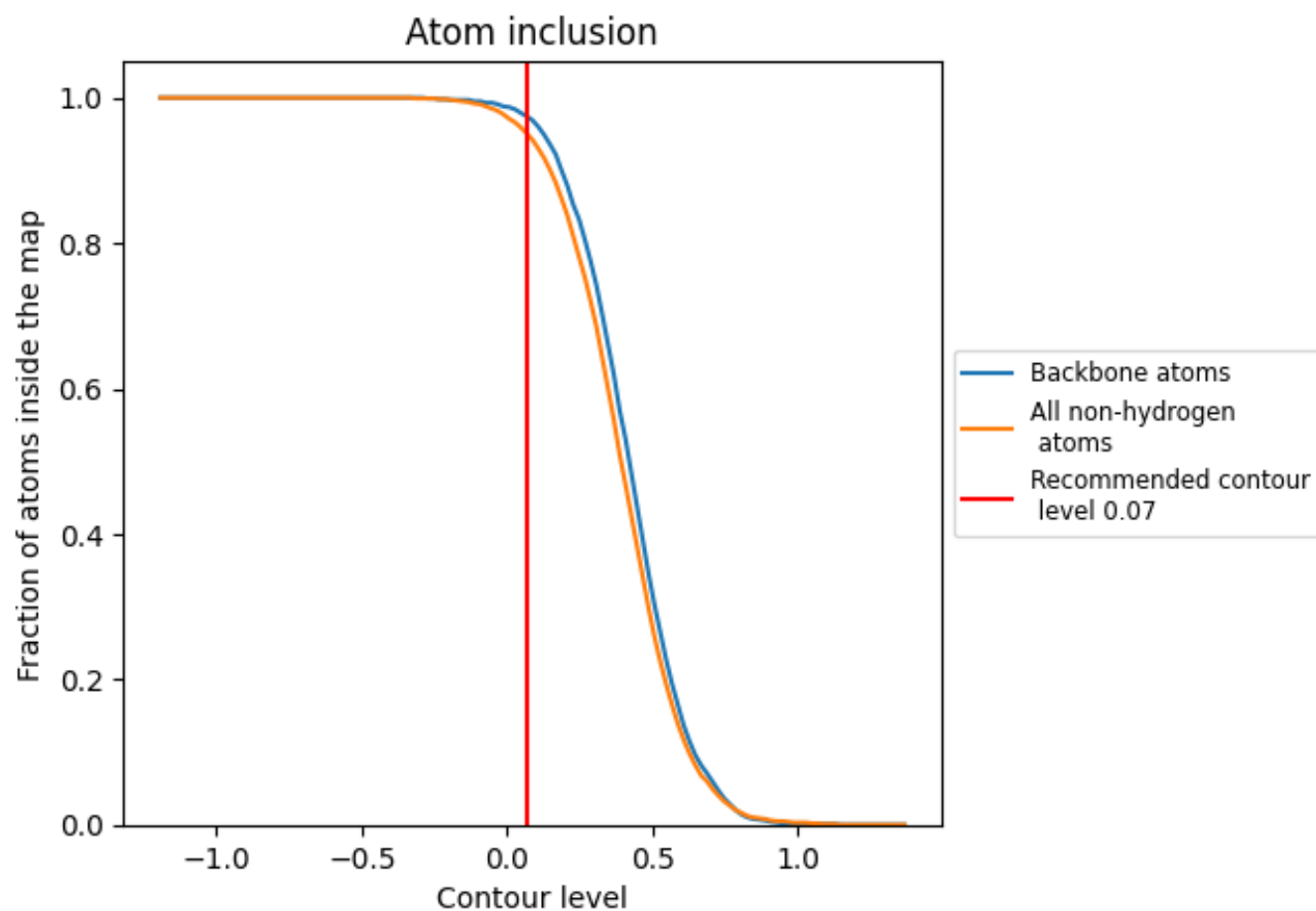
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.07).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 95% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.07) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9500	0.6100
1A	0.3640	0.0350
1B	0.9590	0.6230
1C	0.9600	0.6140
1D	0.9550	0.6170
1G	0.9570	0.5870
1H	0.4690	0.1210
1I	0.9720	0.6480
1P	0.9120	0.5620
1Q	0.9380	0.5860
1R	0.9500	0.5660
1W	0.9680	0.6040
1q	0.9460	0.5840

1.0

0.0

<0.0