Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 31, 2026 – 09:12 am GMT

PDB ID	:	9TGP / pdb_00009tgp
EMDB ID	:	EMD-55907
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of TamAB-tail-engaged intermediate
Authors	:	Dong, H.; Tang, X.; Luo, Q.; Zerang, Z.
Deposited on	:	2025-12-02
Resolution	:	3.38 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

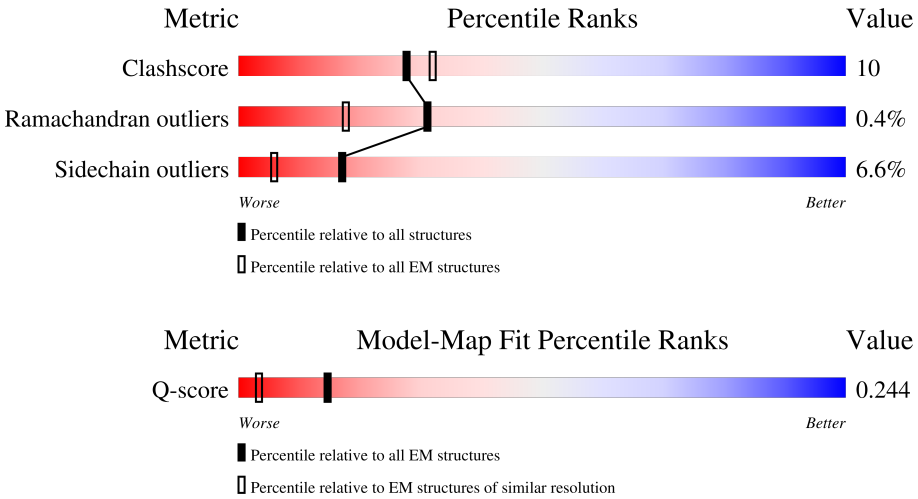
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.2
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.51

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.38 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14261 (2.88 - 3.88)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	577	44% 65% 24% • 8%
2	B	1259	42% 35% 9% • 54%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8583 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Translocation and assembly module subunit TamA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	530	4220	2687	727	801	5	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Translocation and assembly module subunit TamB.

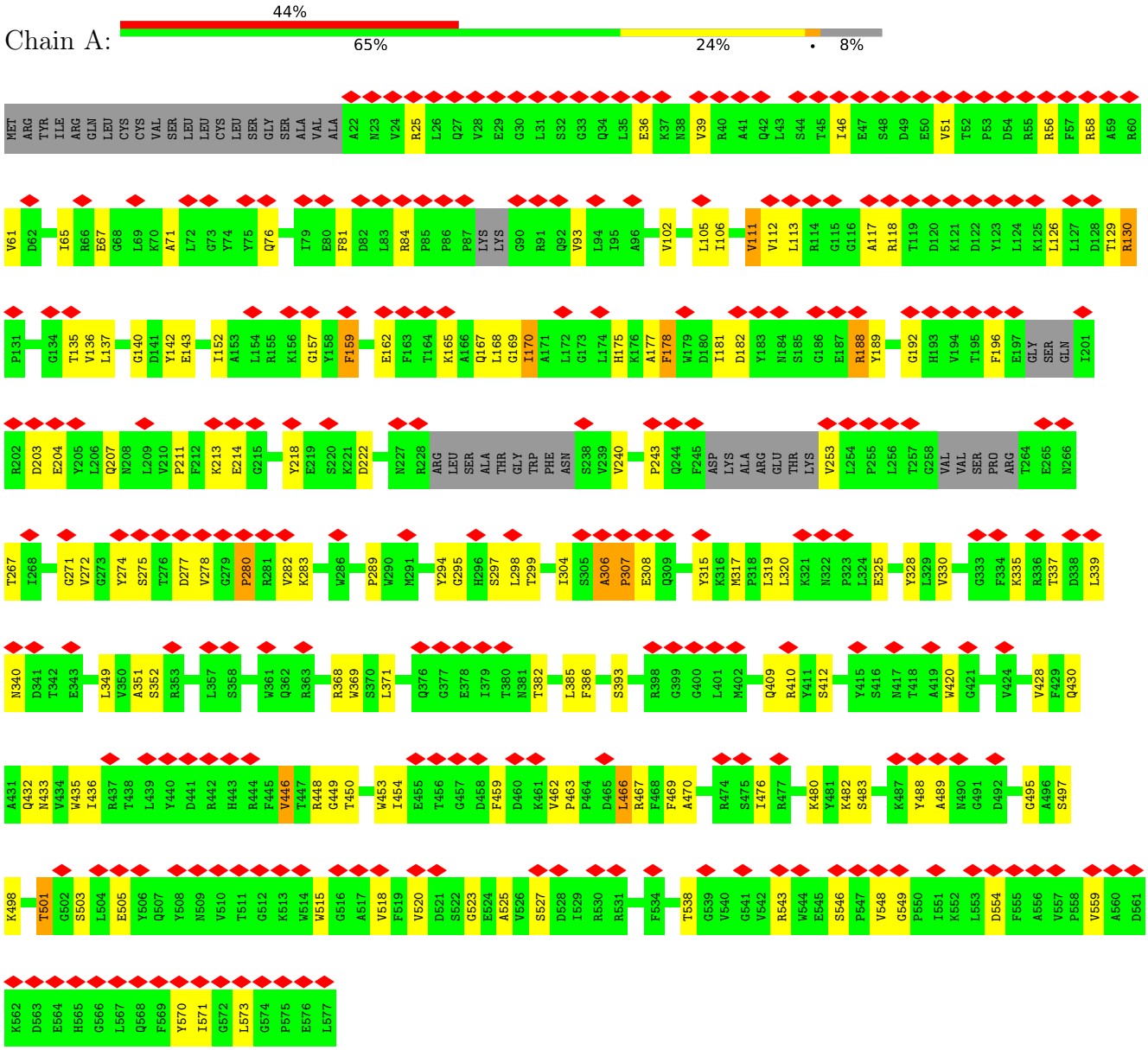
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	573	4363	2739	765	844	15	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Translocation and assembly module subunit TamA

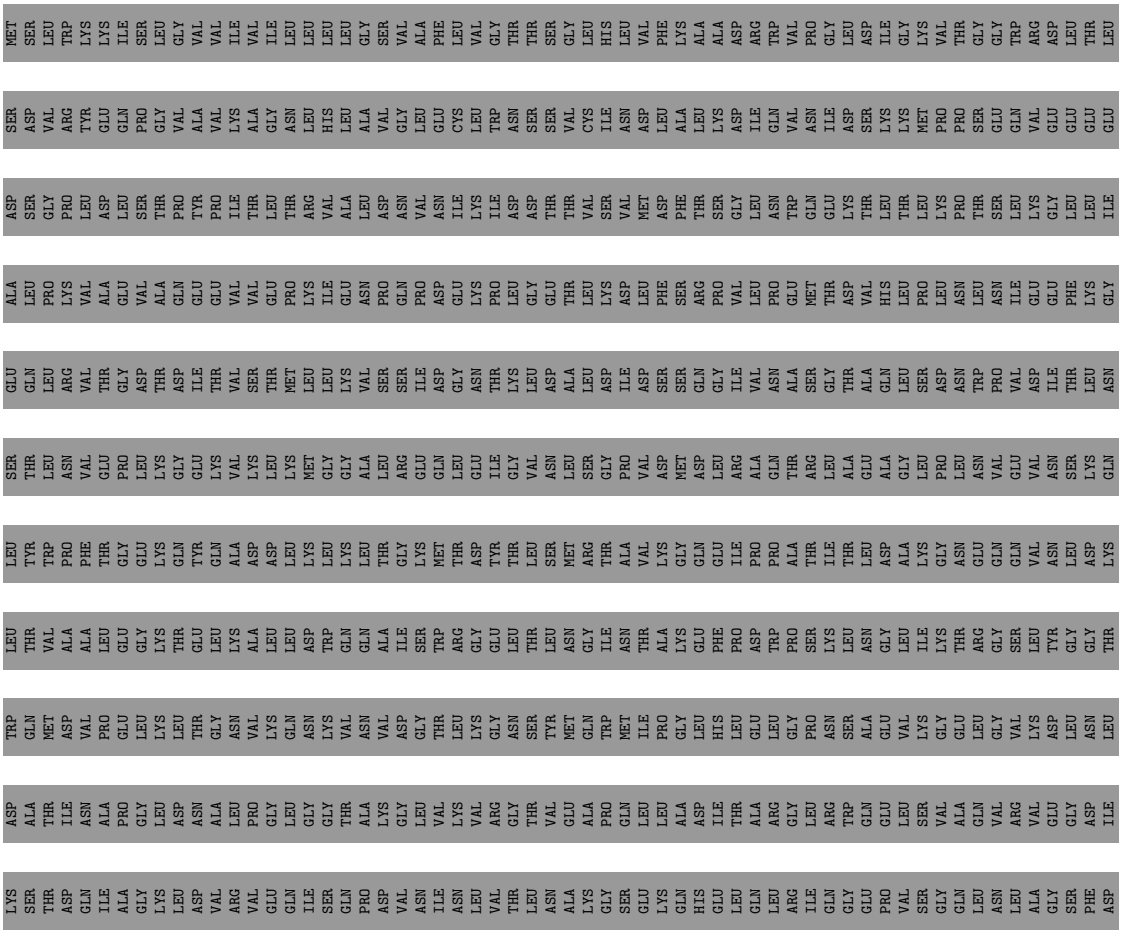
Chain A:

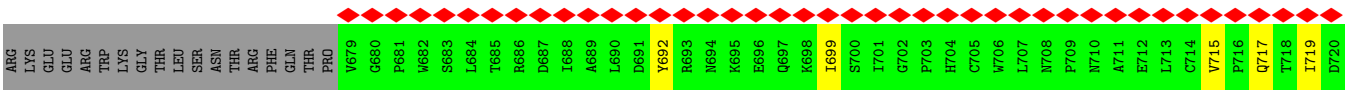


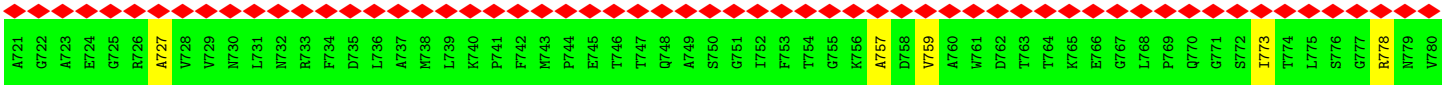
• Molecule 2: Translocation and assembly module subunit TamB

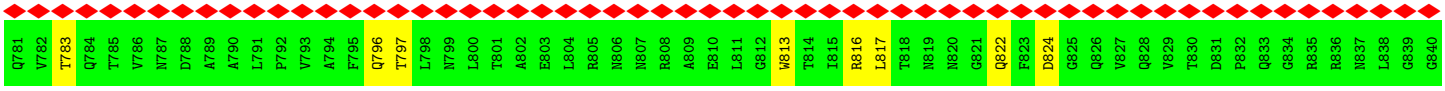
Chain B:

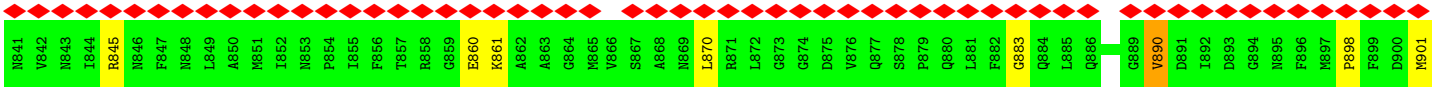


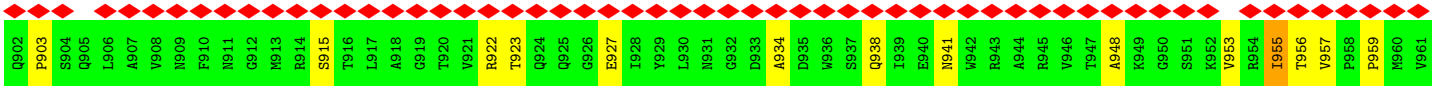


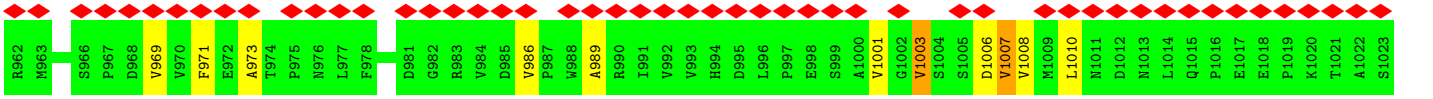




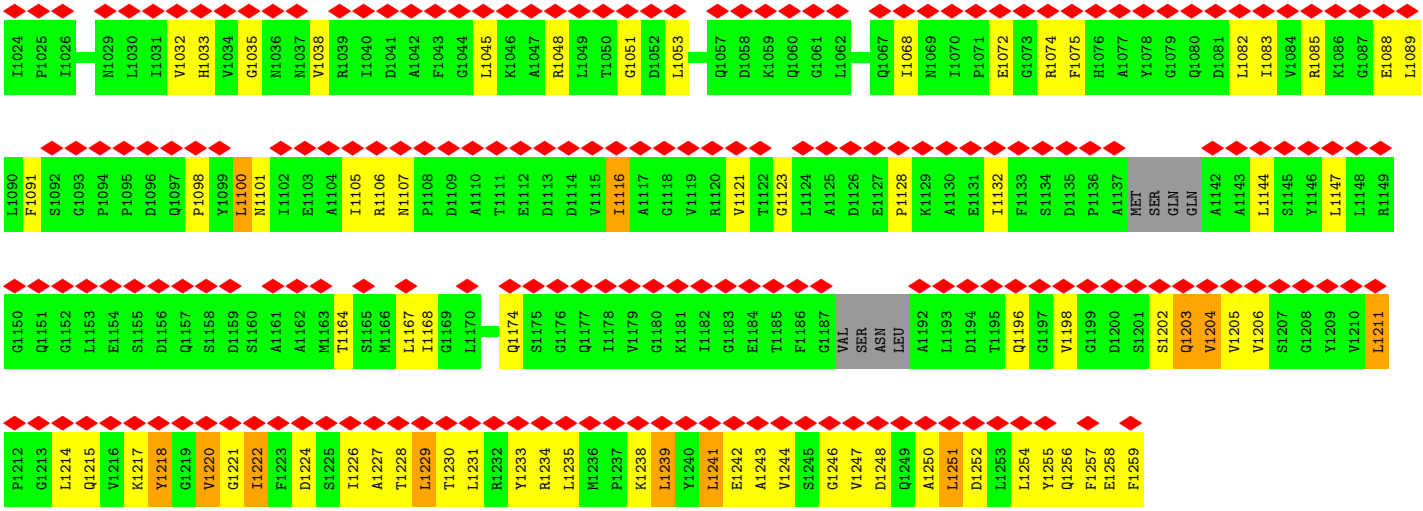











I1024 P1025 I1026 N1029 L1030 I1031 V1032 H1033 V1034 G1035 N1036 N1037 V1038 R1039 I1040 D1041 A1042 F1043 G1044 L1045 K1046 A1047 R1048 L1049 T1050 G1051 D1052 L1053 Q1057 D1058 K1059 Q1060 G1061 L1062 Q1067 I1068 N1069 I1070 P1071 E1072 G1073 R1074 F1075 H1076 A1077 Y1078 G1079 Q1080 D1081 L1082 I1083 V1084 R1085 K1086 G1087 E1088 L1089
L1090 F1091 S1092 G1093 P1094 P1095 D1096 Q1097 P1098 Y1099 L1100 N1101 I1102 E1103 A1104 I1105 R1106 N1107 P1108 D1109 A1110 T1111 E1112 D1113 D1114 V1115 I1116 A1117 G1118 V1119 R1120 V1121 T1122 G1123 L1124 A1125 D1126 E1127 P1128 K1129 A1130 E1131 I1132 F1133 S1134 D1135 P1136 A1137 MET SER GLN GLN A1142 A1143 L1144 S1145 Y1146 L1147 L1148 R1149
G1150 Q1151 G1152 L1153 E1154 S1155 D1156 Q1157 S1158 D1159 S1160 A1161 A1162 M1163 T1164 S1165 M1166 L1167 I1168 G1169 L1170 Q1174 S1175 G1176 Q1177 I1178 V1179 G1180 K1181 I1182 G1183 E1184 T1185 F1186 G1187 VAL SER ASN LEU A1192 L1193 D1194 T1195 Q1196 G1197 V1198 G1199 D1200 S1201 S1202 Q1203 V1204 V1205 V1206 S1207 G1208 Y1209 V1210 L1211
P1212 G1213 L1214 Q1215 V1216 K1217 Y1218 G1219 V1220 G1221 I1222 F1223 D1224 S1225 I1226 A1227 T1228 L1229 T1230 L1231 R1232 Y1233 R1234 L1235 M1236 P1237 K1238 L1239 Y1240 L1241 E1242 A1243 V1244 S1245 G1246 V1247 D1248 Q1249 A1250 L1251 D1252 L1253 L1254 Y1255 Q1256 F1257 E1258 F1259

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	84422	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.508	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.298	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.010	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.12	Depositor
Map size (Å)	282.24, 282.24, 282.24	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.73499995, 0.73499995, 0.73499995	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.19	0/4320	0.44	0/5854
2	B	0.15	0/4440	0.41	1/6038 (0.0%)
All	All	0.17	0/8760	0.42	1/11892 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
2	B	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	1202	SER	N-CA-C	-5.17	104.78	111.71

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	159	PHE	Peptide
1	A	306	ALA	Peptide
2	B	1214	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4220	0	4123	86	0
2	B	4363	0	4331	93	0
All	All	8583	0	8454	166	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (166) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:554:ASP:HB3	1:A:570:TYR:HB2	1.55	0.89
2:B:1246:GLY:H	2:B:1251:LEU:HB3	1.42	0.85
1:A:275:SER:HB3	2:B:1250:ALA:HB2	1.64	0.80
2:B:1244:VAL:HB	2:B:1254:LEU:HD13	1.62	0.80
1:A:105:LEU:H	1:A:175:HIS:HB3	1.51	0.73
2:B:957:VAL:HG12	2:B:959:PRO:HD2	1.70	0.73
2:B:1217:LYS:HB3	2:B:1231:LEU:HB3	1.70	0.72
1:A:211:PRO:HB2	1:A:222:ASP:HB3	1.73	0.70
1:A:463:PRO:HG2	1:A:466:LEU:HB2	1.74	0.68
2:B:1234:ARG:HG2	2:B:1239:LEU:HB3	1.76	0.67
2:B:1233:TYR:HB3	2:B:1241:LEU:HG	1.77	0.67
1:A:272:VAL:HG23	2:B:1252:ASP:HB3	1.76	0.67
2:B:1242:GLU:HG2	2:B:1256:GLN:HB2	1.80	0.64
1:A:446:VAL:HG13	1:A:505:GLU:HB3	1.80	0.64
2:B:1032:VAL:HB	2:B:1053:LEU:HB3	1.81	0.63
1:A:295:GLY:HA2	1:A:319:LEU:HA	1.81	0.63
2:B:1123:GLY:HA3	2:B:1128:PRO:HA	1.80	0.62
1:A:470:ALA:HB1	1:A:476:ILE:HD12	1.80	0.62
1:A:450:THR:HB	1:A:501:THR:HG23	1.80	0.62
1:A:306:ALA:HB1	1:A:307:PRO:HD2	1.82	0.61
2:B:778:ARG:HB3	2:B:796:GLN:HB2	1.82	0.61
2:B:1198:VAL:HG22	2:B:1205:VAL:HA	1.82	0.61
2:B:898:PRO:HB2	2:B:955:ILE:HG23	1.83	0.60
2:B:923:THR:HG21	2:B:953:VAL:HG12	1.82	0.60
1:A:71:ALA:HB1	2:B:1001:VAL:HG12	1.83	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:454:ILE:HB	1:A:497:SER:HB2	1.84	0.59
2:B:1211:LEU:HD11	2:B:1215:GLN:HB3	1.85	0.59
1:A:548:VAL:HG13	2:B:1220:VAL:HB	1.84	0.58
1:A:298:LEU:HD22	1:A:315:TYR:HB3	1.86	0.58
2:B:915:SER:HB2	2:B:934:ALA:HB3	1.85	0.57
1:A:271:GLY:HA3	2:B:1254:LEU:HG	1.85	0.57
2:B:813:TRP:HE1	2:B:824:ASP:HA	1.70	0.57
1:A:469:PHE:HB2	1:A:482:LYS:HD2	1.85	0.57
2:B:1247:VAL:HG23	2:B:1248:ASP:H	1.70	0.56
1:A:106:ILE:HG13	1:A:177:ALA:HB3	1.88	0.56
2:B:797:THR:HG21	2:B:816:ARG:HB3	1.87	0.56
1:A:46:ILE:HD11	1:A:51:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.55
1:A:58:ARG:HD3	1:A:81:PHE:CE2	2.42	0.55
1:A:56:ARG:HG2	2:B:956:THR:HG21	1.89	0.55
2:B:1105:ILE:HB	2:B:1116:ILE:HD13	1.90	0.54
2:B:1211:LEU:HD21	2:B:1215:GLN:HA	1.88	0.54
1:A:111:VAL:HA	1:A:181:ILE:HG22	1.90	0.54
1:A:113:LEU:HD22	1:A:117:ALA:HB1	1.90	0.54
2:B:1231:LEU:HD13	2:B:1243:ALA:HB3	1.89	0.54
2:B:1229:LEU:HD12	2:B:1231:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.53
2:B:1246:GLY:N	2:B:1251:LEU:HB3	2.19	0.53
1:A:448:ARG:HB3	1:A:503:SER:HB2	1.90	0.53
2:B:1231:LEU:HD22	2:B:1243:ALA:HB3	1.90	0.53
1:A:135:THR:HG22	1:A:136:VAL:HG23	1.91	0.53
2:B:1075:PHE:HB3	2:B:1082:LEU:HB2	1.90	0.53
2:B:989:ALA:HB3	2:B:1038:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.53
1:A:192:GLY:HA3	1:A:253:VAL:HG13	1.91	0.52
1:A:393:SER:HA	1:A:409:GLN:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:467:ARG:HD3	1:A:495:GLY:HA3	1.90	0.52
1:A:498:LYS:O	1:A:525:ALA:HA	2.08	0.52
2:B:1203:GLN:HA	2:B:1224:ASP:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:A:283:LYS:HA	1:A:304:ILE:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:196:PHE:HB3	1:A:207:GLN:HA	1.92	0.51
1:A:157:GLY:HA3	1:A:189:TYR:H	1.75	0.51
2:B:890:VAL:HB	2:B:903:PRO:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:515:TRP:HB2	1:A:543:ARG:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:A:140:GLY:HA2	1:A:143:GLU:HB3	1.93	0.51
1:A:428:VAL:HA	1:A:453:TRP:O	2.10	0.51
2:B:813:TRP:NE1	2:B:824:ASP:HA	2.25	0.51
2:B:986:VAL:HG23	2:B:1035:GLY:H	1.76	0.51
2:B:1238:LYS:HB3	2:B:1257:PHE:HE1	1.76	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:719:ILE:HG23	2:B:727:ALA:HB2	1.93	0.51
2:B:1230:THR:C	2:B:1231:LEU:HD12	2.36	0.51
2:B:715:VAL:HG22	2:B:717:GLN:H	1.77	0.50
2:B:971:PHE:CE2	2:B:973:ALA:HB2	2.47	0.50
2:B:1051:GLY:HA3	2:B:1068:ILE:HG12	1.94	0.50
2:B:1196:GLN:O	2:B:1205:VAL:HG11	2.11	0.50
1:A:67:GLU:O	2:B:1003:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:A:459:PHE:O	1:A:462:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.49
1:A:433:ASN:HB3	1:A:435:TRP:HE1	1.77	0.49
1:A:306:ALA:O	1:A:308:GLU:N	2.44	0.49
2:B:822:GLN:H	2:B:845:ARG:HB3	1.78	0.49
1:A:76:GLN:HB2	1:A:102:VAL:HG12	1.95	0.49
1:A:330:VAL:HG22	1:A:351:ALA:HA	1.95	0.49
1:A:168:LEU:HD22	2:B:1006:ASP:HB2	1.94	0.48
1:A:169:GLY:HA3	1:A:178:PHE:CE1	2.48	0.48
2:B:870:LEU:HD13	2:B:883:GLY:HA3	1.95	0.48
1:A:170:ILE:HB	2:B:1007:VAL:HG12	1.95	0.48
1:A:84:ARG:HB2	1:A:93:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.48
2:B:1241:LEU:N	2:B:1256:GLN:H	2.11	0.48
1:A:320:LEU:HB2	1:A:328:TYR:CG	2.48	0.48
2:B:1106:ARG:HB3	2:B:1116:ILE:HG21	1.94	0.48
1:A:368:ARG:O	1:A:386:PHE:HA	2.14	0.47
1:A:58:ARG:HA	1:A:61:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
2:B:1091:PHE:CG	2:B:1098:PRO:HB3	2.49	0.47
1:A:480:LYS:HB2	1:A:483:SER:HB2	1.95	0.47
2:B:1239:LEU:O	2:B:1257:PHE:HA	2.13	0.47
1:A:476:ILE:HD11	1:A:523:GLY:HA3	1.95	0.47
1:A:299:THR:O	1:A:315:TYR:HA	2.15	0.47
2:B:1048:ARG:HB3	2:B:1072:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.47
2:B:1234:ARG:HB3	2:B:1239:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
2:B:1250:ALA:N	2:B:1251:LEU:HD23	2.30	0.47
1:A:165:LYS:HB3	1:A:182:ASP:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:213:LYS:HG2	1:A:214:GLU:H	1.80	0.47
2:B:1246:GLY:HA2	2:B:1251:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
2:B:1089:LEU:HD22	2:B:1100:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.47
1:A:432:GLN:HA	1:A:449:GLY:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:497:SER:OG	1:A:527:SER:HA	2.14	0.46
2:B:1242:GLU:CG	2:B:1256:GLN:HB2	2.45	0.46
1:A:435:TRP:O	1:A:446:VAL:HA	2.16	0.46
2:B:922:ARG:HG3	2:B:927:GLU:HG2	1.98	0.46
1:A:274:TYR:HA	1:A:280:PRO:HG2	1.97	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:462:VAL:HG23	1:A:467:ARG:HG2	1.98	0.45
2:B:1088:GLU:HB3	2:B:1101:ASN:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:369:TRP:HA	1:A:385:LEU:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:467:ARG:HB2	1:A:469:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:A:546:SER:HB3	1:A:549:GLY:O	2.17	0.45
2:B:1234:ARG:HD3	2:B:1239:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.45
2:B:1238:LYS:HB3	2:B:1257:PHE:CE1	2.51	0.45
1:A:137:LEU:HD22	1:A:170:ILE:HG13	1.99	0.45
1:A:412:SER:HB2	1:A:430:GLN:HB3	1.98	0.45
2:B:1205:VAL:HG12	2:B:1222:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.45
2:B:1221:GLY:HA3	2:B:1228:THR:O	2.17	0.45
2:B:1132:ILE:HD12	2:B:1147:LEU:HG	1.99	0.44
1:A:203:ASP:O	1:A:207:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.44
2:B:1196:GLN:C	2:B:1205:VAL:HG21	2.41	0.44
2:B:1218:TYR:C	2:B:1231:LEU:HG	2.42	0.44
1:A:129:THR:O	1:A:130:ARG:HG2	2.17	0.44
2:B:938:GLN:HG3	2:B:941:ASN:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:B:1246:GLY:H	2:B:1251:LEU:CB	2.22	0.44
1:A:274:TYR:O	2:B:1250:ALA:HA	2.17	0.44
2:B:1242:GLU:N	2:B:1255:TYR:HA	2.32	0.44
1:A:436:ILE:HG12	1:A:446:VAL:HB	2.00	0.44
1:A:297:SER:O	1:A:317:MET:HB2	2.18	0.44
2:B:727:ALA:HB3	2:B:759:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:A:435:TRP:CD1	1:A:435:TRP:N	2.86	0.43
2:B:890:VAL:HG23	2:B:901:MET:HG2	1.99	0.43
1:A:196:PHE:CD2	1:A:207:GLN:HG2	2.53	0.43
2:B:1226:ILE:HG23	2:B:1247:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.43
2:B:1231:LEU:HD13	2:B:1243:ALA:O	2.17	0.43
2:B:1241:LEU:H	2:B:1256:GLN:H	1.64	0.43
2:B:692:TYR:HD1	2:B:699:ILE:HG13	1.84	0.43
2:B:1198:VAL:HG22	2:B:1205:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:A:335:LYS:HE3	1:A:337:THR:OG1	2.19	0.42
1:A:488:TYR:CG	1:A:489:ALA:N	2.86	0.42
1:A:454:ILE:HD12	1:A:497:SER:HA	2.01	0.42
2:B:948:ALA:HB3	2:B:969:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:A:320:LEU:HB2	1:A:328:TYR:HB2	2.02	0.42
2:B:1085:ARG:HD3	2:B:1105:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.42
2:B:1204:VAL:HG12	2:B:1205:VAL:H	1.85	0.42
2:B:816:ARG:NH1	2:B:817:LEU:H	2.18	0.42
1:A:113:LEU:HB2	1:A:118:ARG:HD3	2.00	0.42
1:A:277:ASP:HB2	1:A:308:GLU:OE2	2.20	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:278:VAL:HG11	1:A:340:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.42
1:A:25:ARG:O	1:A:93:VAL:HA	2.19	0.41
2:B:1217:LYS:C	2:B:1231:LEU:HD23	2.45	0.41
1:A:126:LEU:HD12	1:A:126:LEU:HA	1.81	0.41
1:A:162:GLU:HA	2:B:1174:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:36:GLU:HA	1:A:39:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.41
1:A:157:GLY:O	1:A:188:ARG:HA	2.20	0.41
2:B:1083:ILE:HG12	2:B:1107:ASN:CG	2.46	0.41
1:A:243:PRO:HD3	2:B:1164:THR:HG23	2.03	0.41
1:A:274:TYR:HA	1:A:280:PRO:CG	2.51	0.41
1:A:573:LEU:HD12	2:B:1227:ALA:HB3	2.03	0.41
2:B:986:VAL:HG22	2:B:1033:HIS:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:320:LEU:HB2	1:A:328:TYR:CB	2.51	0.40
2:B:1221:GLY:O	2:B:1227:ALA:HB1	2.22	0.40
2:B:860:GLU:HB2	2:B:861:LYS:HD3	2.03	0.40
2:B:1220:VAL:N	2:B:1229:LEU:HB3	2.36	0.40
2:B:757:ALA:HB2	2:B:773:ILE:HD13	2.04	0.40
2:B:1048:ARG:HE	2:B:1072:GLU:CD	2.30	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	518/577 (90%)	471 (91%)	43 (8%)	4 (1%)	16 44
2	B	567/1259 (45%)	527 (93%)	40 (7%)	0	100 100
All	All	1085/1836 (59%)	998 (92%)	83 (8%)	4 (0%)	31 58

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	280	PRO
1	A	307	PRO
1	A	289	PRO
1	A	130	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	451/491 (92%)	419 (93%)	32 (7%)	13	39
2	B	472/1061 (44%)	443 (94%)	29 (6%)	17	43
All	All	923/1552 (60%)	862 (93%)	61 (7%)	17	41

All (61) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	65	ILE
1	A	111	VAL
1	A	112	VAL
1	A	142	TYR
1	A	152	ILE
1	A	159	PHE
1	A	167	GLN
1	A	170	ILE
1	A	178	PHE
1	A	188	ARG
1	A	204	GLU
1	A	218	TYR
1	A	240	VAL
1	A	267	THR
1	A	282	VAL
1	A	294	TYR
1	A	325	GLU
1	A	339	LEU
1	A	349	LEU
1	A	352	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	371	LEU
1	A	382	THR
1	A	410	ARG
1	A	420	TRP
1	A	446	VAL
1	A	466	LEU
1	A	501	THR
1	A	518	VAL
1	A	520	VAL
1	A	538	THR
1	A	559	VAL
1	A	571	ILE
2	B	783	THR
2	B	890	VAL
2	B	955	ILE
2	B	1003	VAL
2	B	1007	VAL
2	B	1008	VAL
2	B	1010	LEU
2	B	1045	LEU
2	B	1074	ARG
2	B	1100	LEU
2	B	1116	ILE
2	B	1121	VAL
2	B	1144	LEU
2	B	1167	LEU
2	B	1168	ILE
2	B	1203	GLN
2	B	1204	VAL
2	B	1206	VAL
2	B	1211	LEU
2	B	1218	TYR
2	B	1220	VAL
2	B	1222	ILE
2	B	1229	LEU
2	B	1235	LEU
2	B	1239	LEU
2	B	1241	LEU
2	B	1251	LEU
2	B	1258	GLU
2	B	1259	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such

sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	144	ASN
1	A	296	HIS
1	A	340	ASN
1	A	433	ASN
1	A	509	ASN
2	B	837	ASN
2	B	911	ASN
2	B	1033	HIS
2	B	1069	ASN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

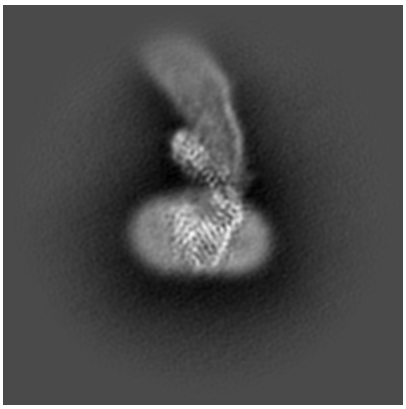
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-55907. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

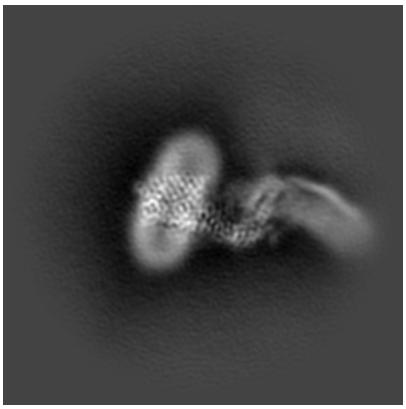
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

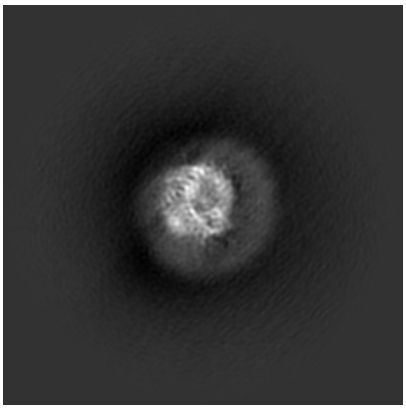
6.1.1 Primary map



X

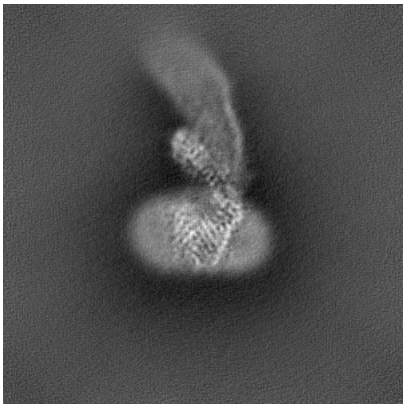


Y

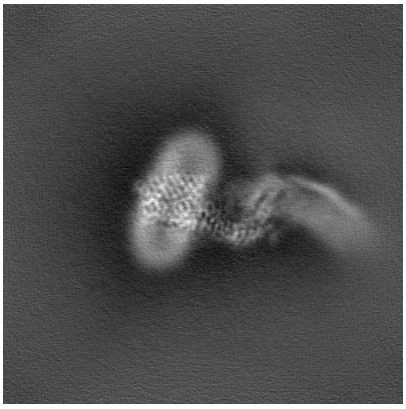


Z

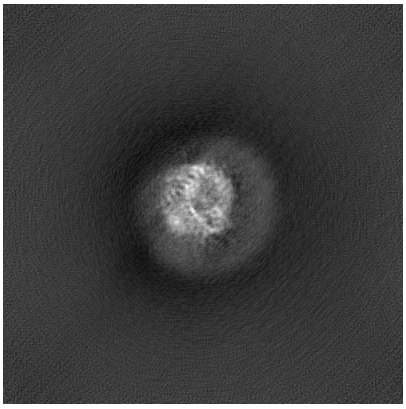
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

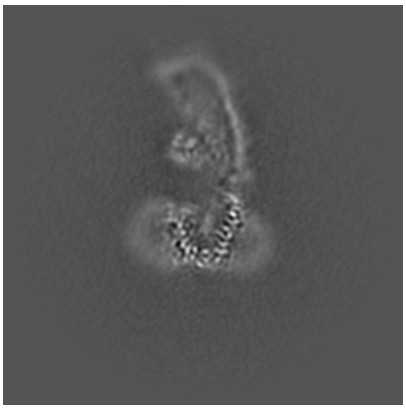


Z

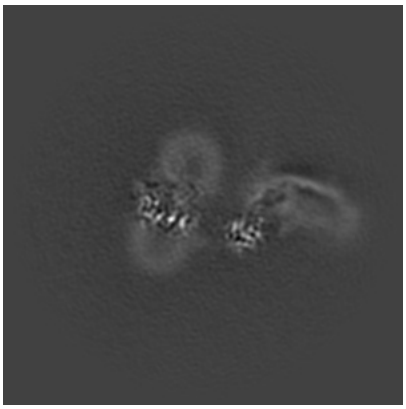
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

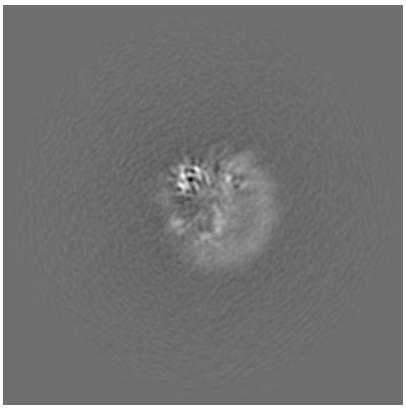
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

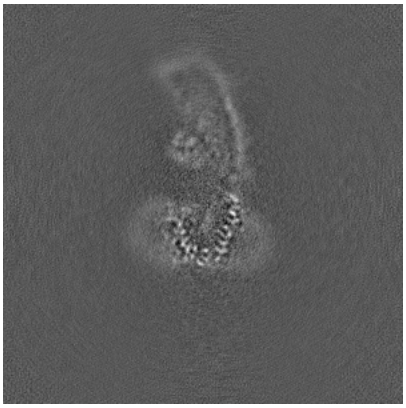


Y Index: 192

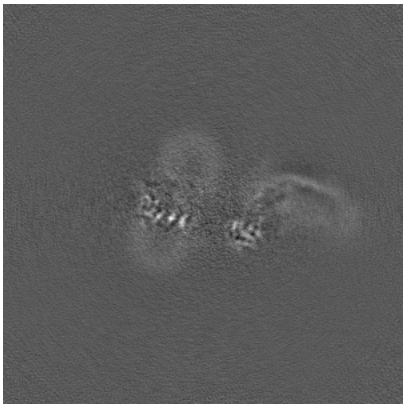


Z Index: 192

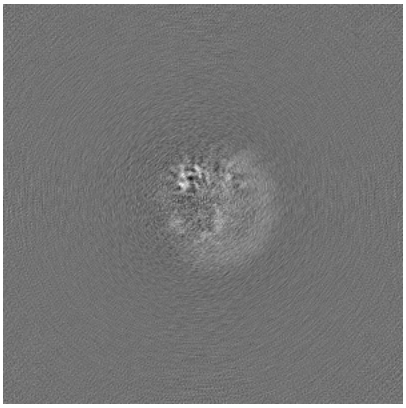
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

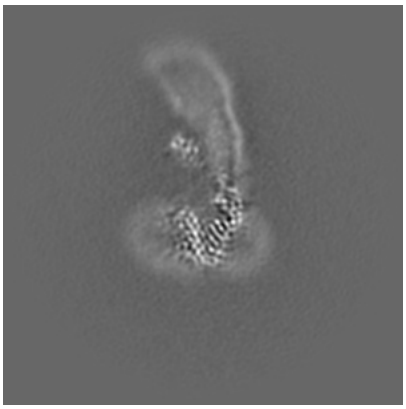


Z Index: 192

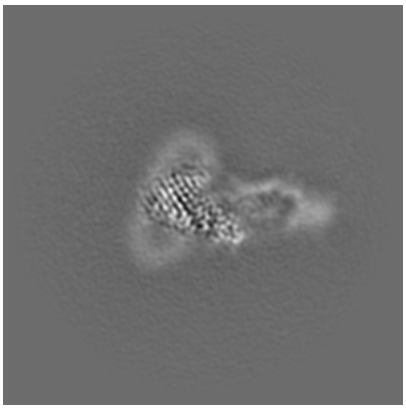
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

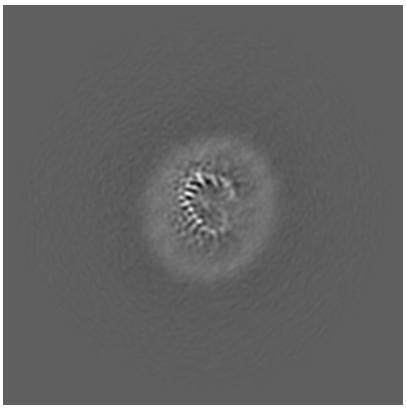
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 182

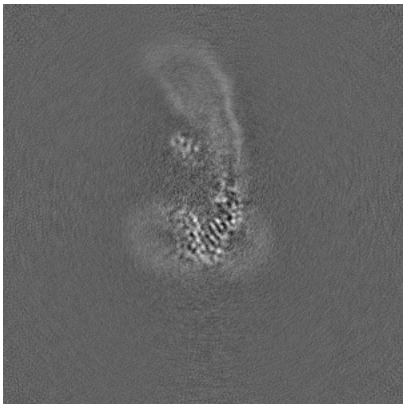


Y Index: 214

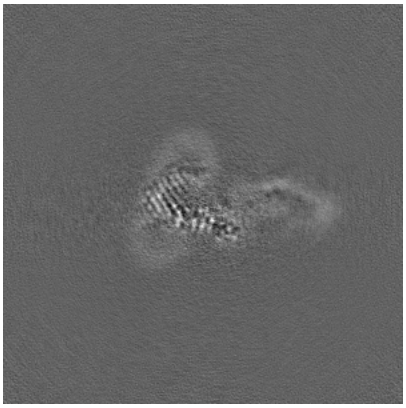


Z Index: 170

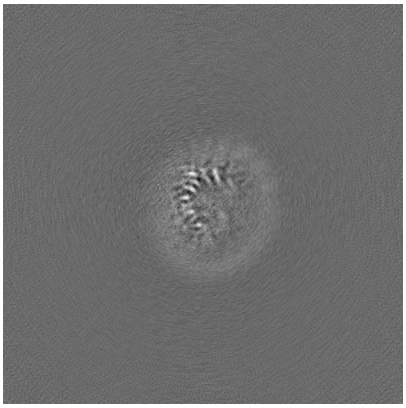
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 181



Y Index: 210

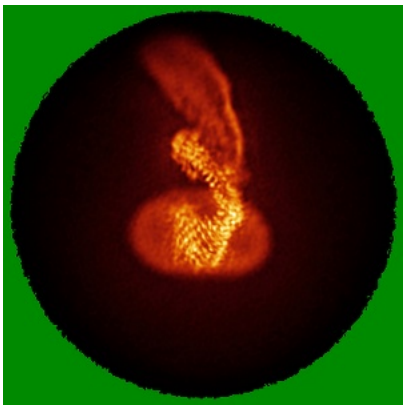


Z Index: 175

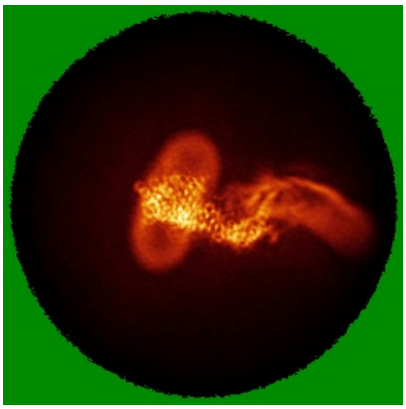
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

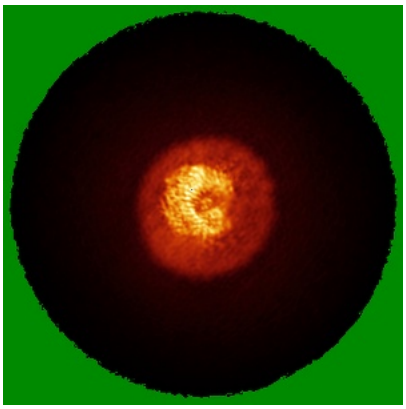
6.4.1 Primary map



X

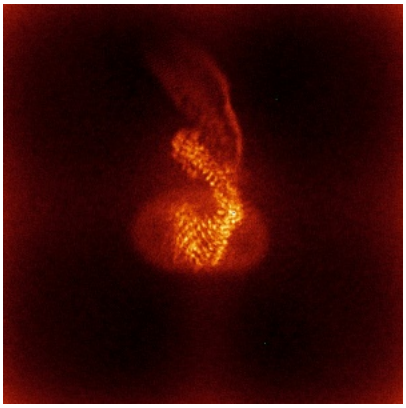


Y

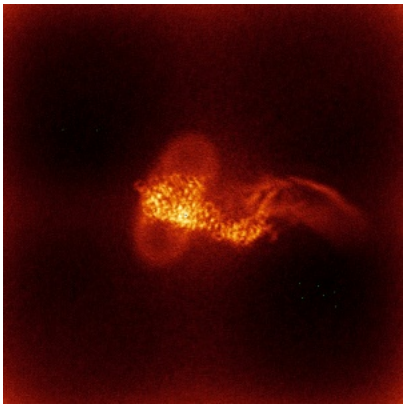


Z

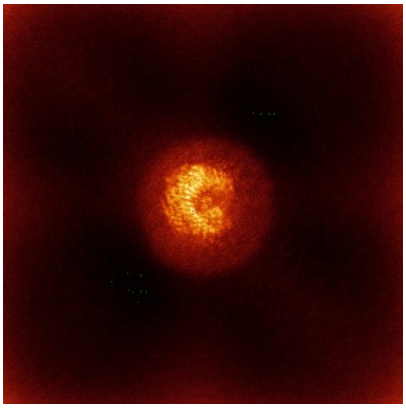
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

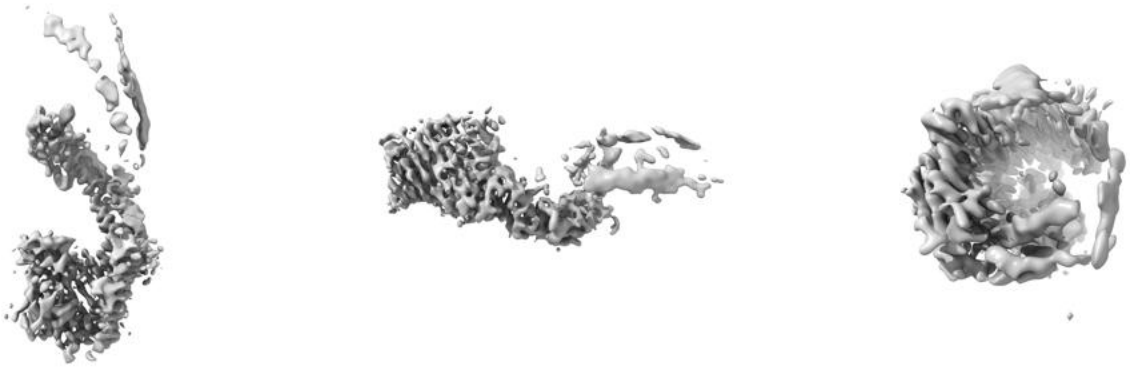


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

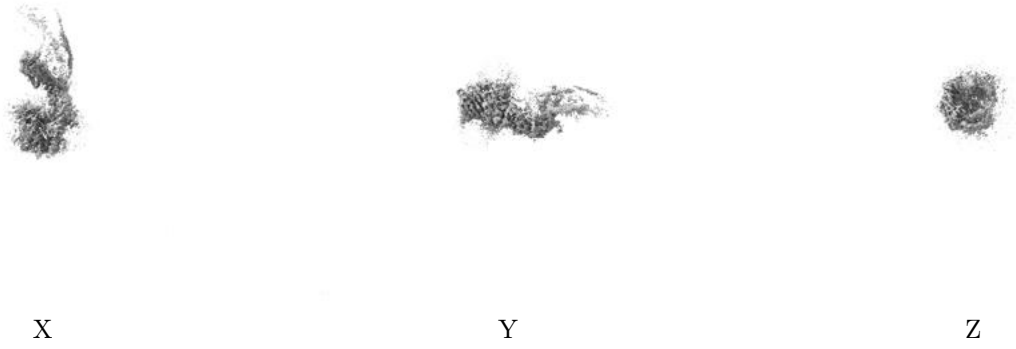
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

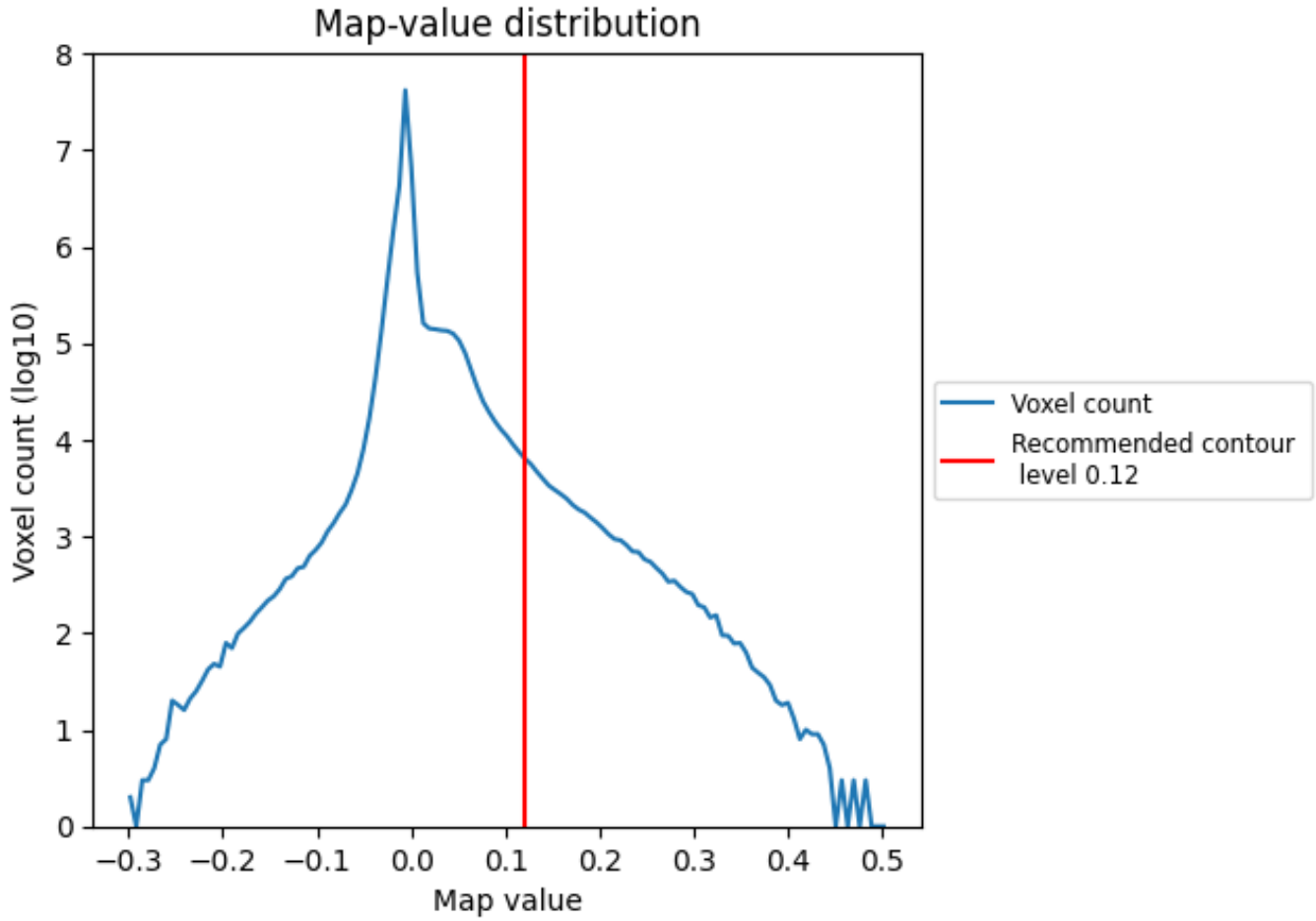
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

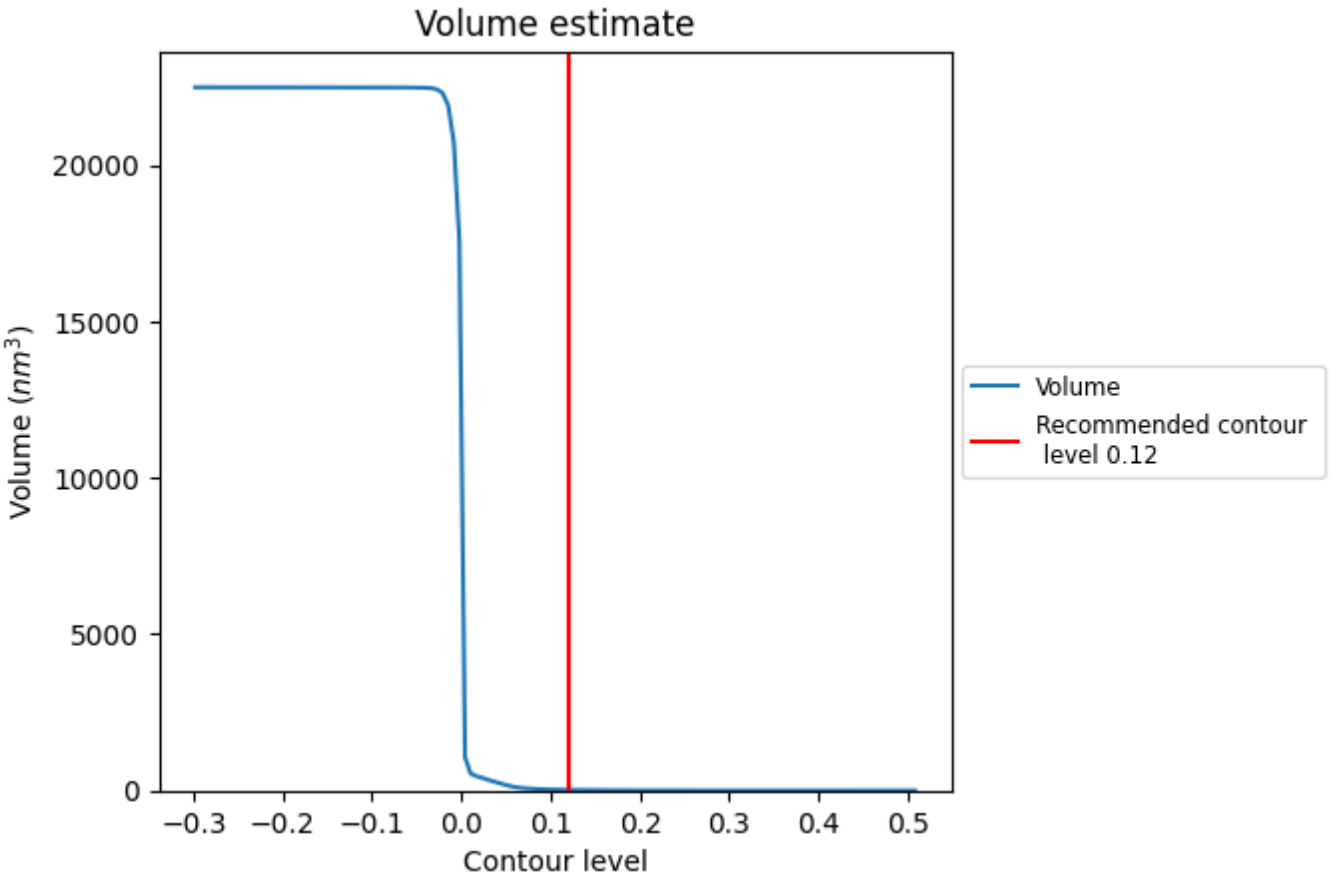
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

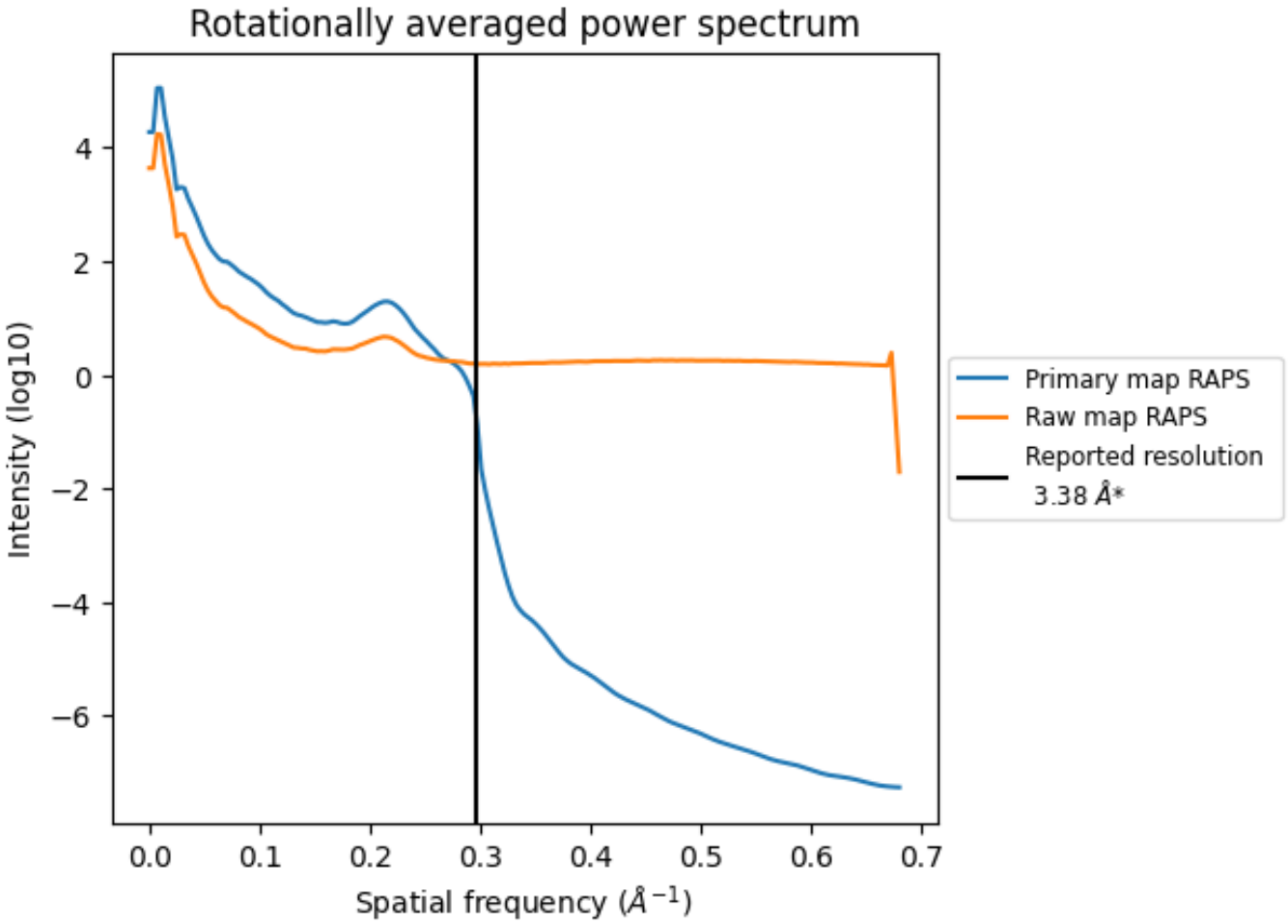
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 21 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 19 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

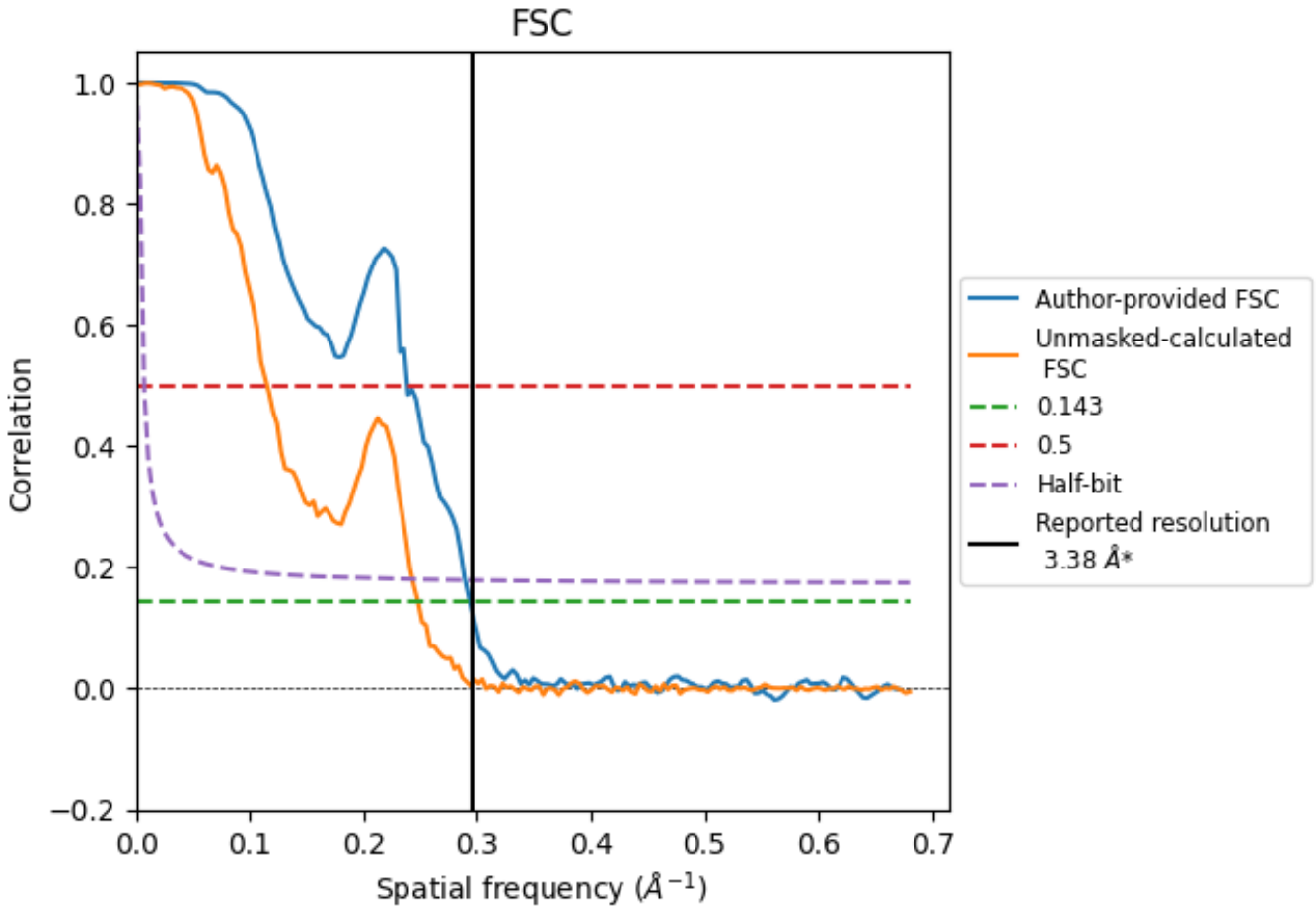


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.296 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.296 $Å^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

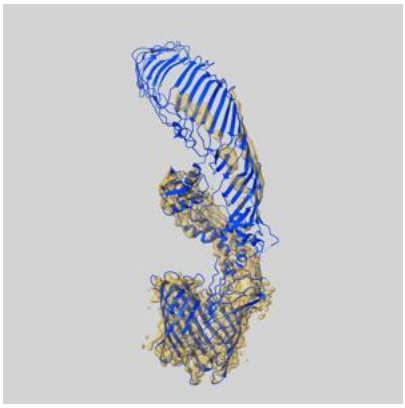
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.38	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.41	4.19	3.46
Unmasked-calculated*	4.03	8.68	4.12

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.03 differs from the reported value 3.38 by more than 10 %

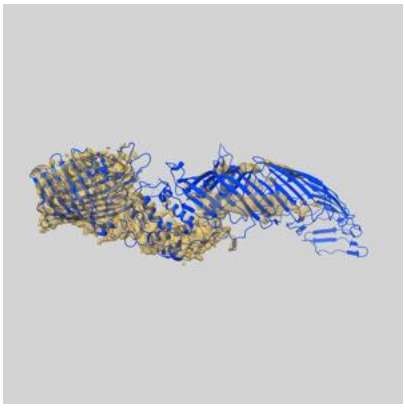
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-55907 and PDB model 9TGP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

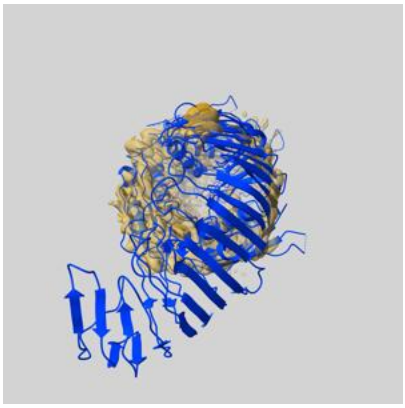
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



Y



Z

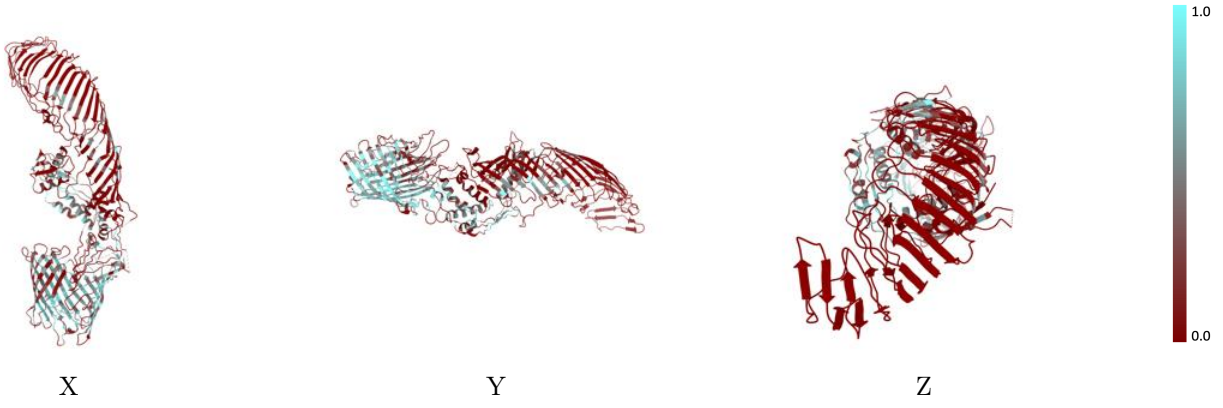
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model



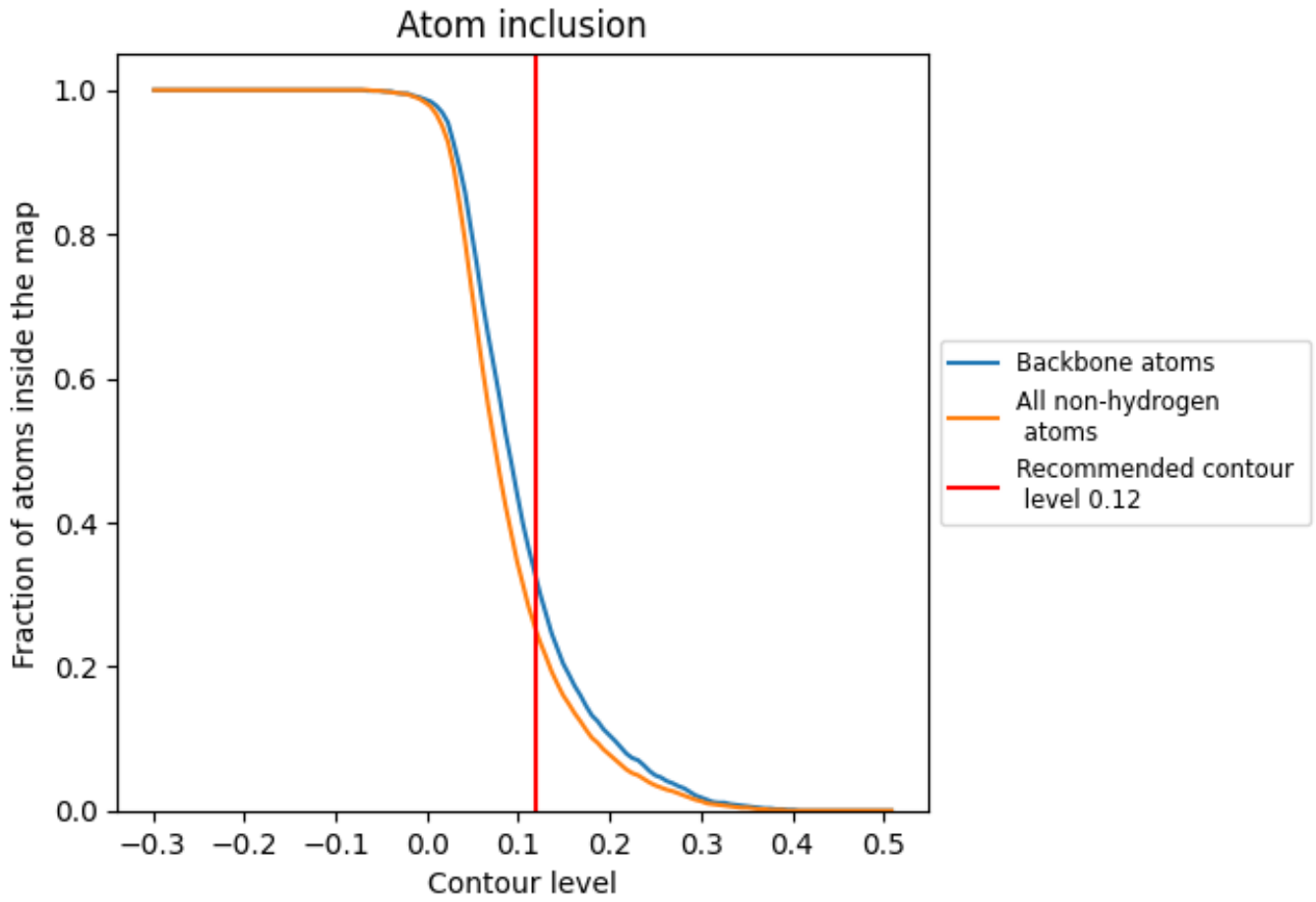
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.12).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 32% of all backbone atoms, 25% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.12) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.



Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.2480	0.2440
A	0.4370	0.3230
B	0.0670	0.1680