



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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BMRB ID : 34433
Title : Protein allostery of the WW domain at atomic resolution: pCdc25C bound structure
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A user guide is available at

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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

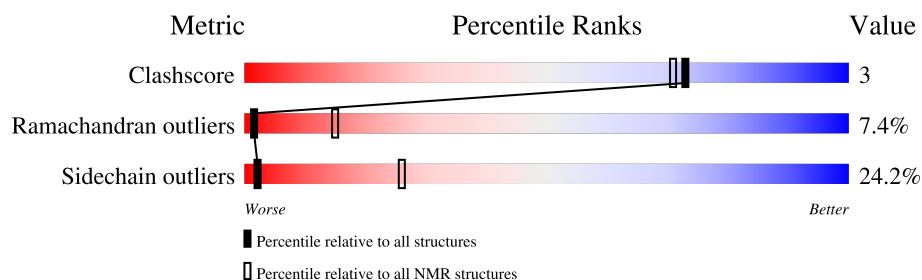
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 76%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	35	 71% 17% 6% . .

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:6-A:39 (34)	0.69	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 6, 9

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1130 atoms, of which 552 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	35	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1130	362	552	112	102	2	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

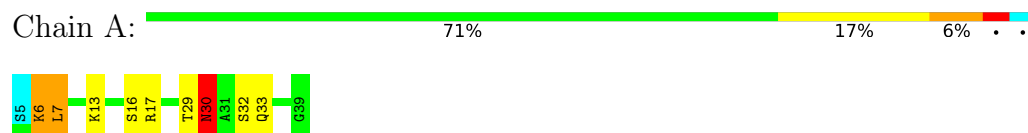
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	5	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q13526
A	18	ASN	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q13526
A	34	PHE	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP Q13526

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

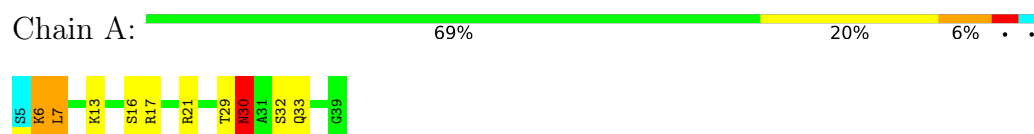
- Molecule 1: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.98.12

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	368
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	368
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	76%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	554	532	542	4±1
All	All	11080	10640	10840	72

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 9 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:6[A]:LYS:O	1:A:7[A]:LEU:HD12	0.72	1.84	4	20
1:A:20[A]:GLY:O	1:A:22[A]:VAL:HG23	0.67	1.90	7	2
1:A:6[B]:LYS:O	1:A:7[B]:LEU:HD23	0.66	1.91	18	20
1:A:29[A]:THR:O	1:A:30[A]:ASN:C	0.64	2.41	16	1
1:A:29[B]:THR:O	1:A:30[B]:ASN:C	0.57	2.46	15	16

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/35 (189%)	49±4 (75±6%)	12±4 (18±6%)	5±1 (7±2%)	1	15
All	All	1320/700 (189%)	988 (75%)	234 (18%)	98 (7%)	1	15

5 of 10 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	16[A]	SER	19
1	A	16[B]	SER	19
1	A	30[A]	ASN	16
1	A	30[B]	ASN	16
1	A	17[A]	ARG	9

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	60/31 (194%)	46±3 (76±6%)	14±3 (24±6%)	2	26
All	All	1200/620 (194%)	910 (76%)	290 (24%)	2	26

5 of 38 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	7[A]	LEU	20
1	A	7[B]	LEU	20
1	A	30[A]	ASN	20
1	A	30[B]	ASN	20
1	A	13[A]	LYS	14

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 76% for the well-defined parts and 75% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	368
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	368
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	5

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	27	0.20 ± 0.25	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	30	0.11 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	30	-0.56 ± 0.87	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 367 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 480. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	122/167 (73%)	65/68 (96%)	27/68 (40%)	30/31 (97%)
Sidechain	210/256 (82%)	142/163 (87%)	63/75 (84%)	5/18 (28%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	35/57 (61%)	21/28 (75%)	13/27 (48%)	1/2 (50%)
Overall	367/480 (76%)	228/259 (88%)	103/170 (61%)	36/51 (71%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

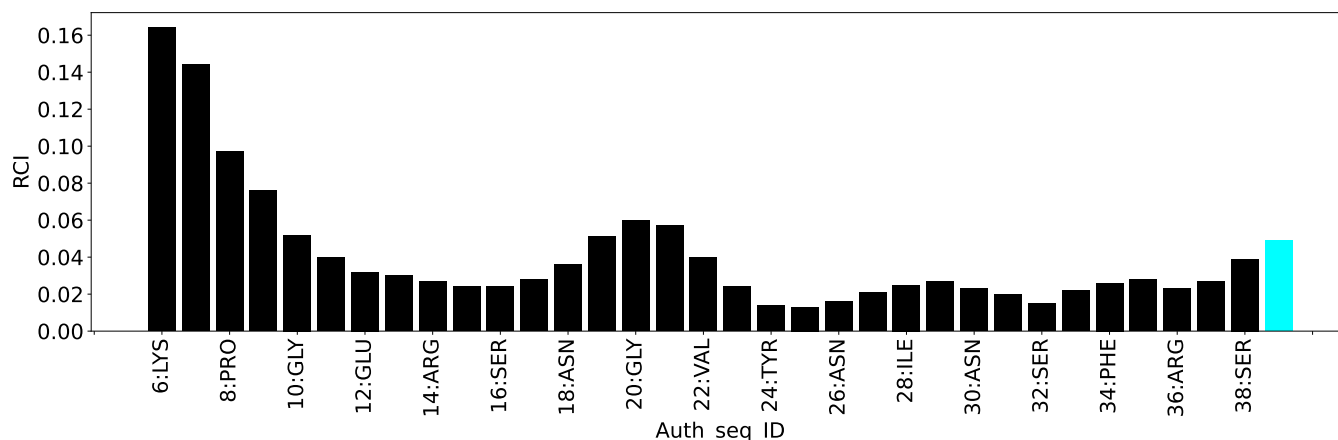
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	29	THR	HG1	5.10	0.08 – 2.19	18.8
1	A	26	ASN	HB2	-0.77	1.27 – 4.34	-11.6
1	A	14	ARG	HB2	-0.05	0.52 – 3.08	-7.2
1	A	37	PRO	HG3	-0.20	0.33 – 3.48	-6.7
1	A	26	ASN	HD21	4.21	4.94 – 9.72	-6.5

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1124
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	324
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	301
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	153
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	346
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	6
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	32.3
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	9.9

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	54.5	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	150.7	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	344.4	7.41

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis ⓘ

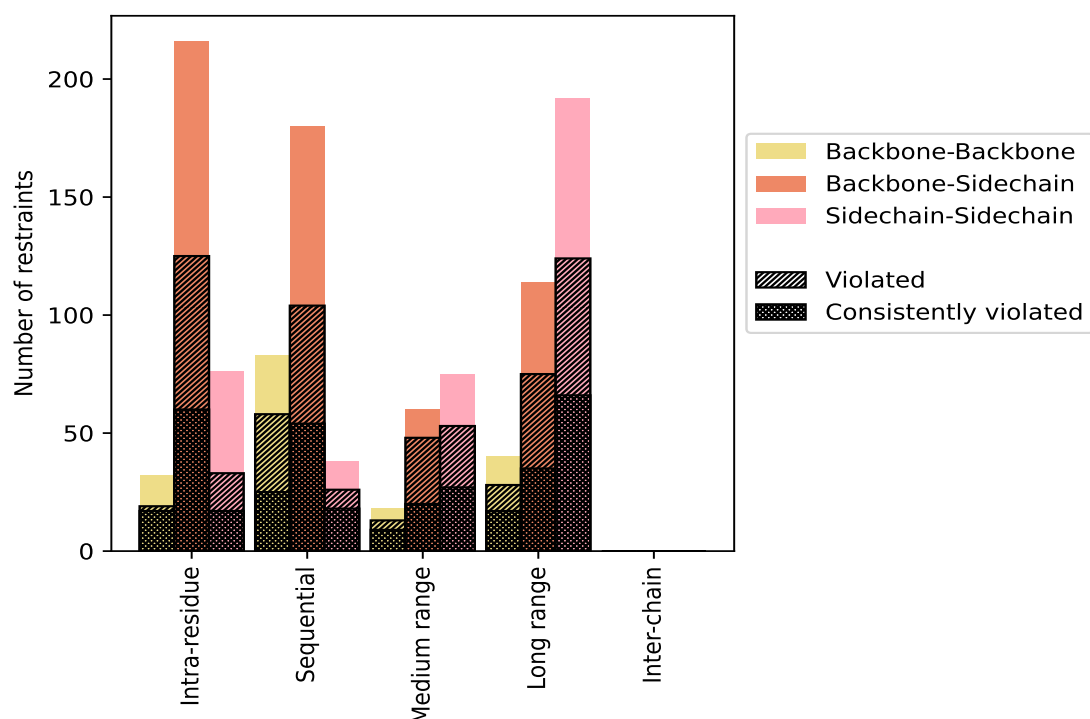
9.1 Summary of distance violations ⓘ

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	324	28.8	177	54.6	15.7	94	29.0	8.4
Backbone-Backbone	32	2.8	19	59.4	1.7	17	53.1	1.5
Backbone-Sidechain	216	19.2	125	57.9	11.1	60	27.8	5.3
Sidechain-Sidechain	76	6.8	33	43.4	2.9	17	22.4	1.5
Sequential (i-j =1)	301	26.8	188	62.5	16.7	97	32.2	8.6
Backbone-Backbone	83	7.4	58	69.9	5.2	25	30.1	2.2
Backbone-Sidechain	180	16.0	104	57.8	9.3	54	30.0	4.8
Sidechain-Sidechain	38	3.4	26	68.4	2.3	18	47.4	1.6
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	153	13.6	114	74.5	10.1	56	36.6	5.0
Backbone-Backbone	18	1.6	13	72.2	1.2	9	50.0	0.8
Backbone-Sidechain	60	5.3	48	80.0	4.3	20	33.3	1.8
Sidechain-Sidechain	75	6.7	53	70.7	4.7	27	36.0	2.4
Long range (i-j ≥5)	346	30.8	227	65.6	20.2	118	34.1	10.5
Backbone-Backbone	40	3.6	28	70.0	2.5	17	42.5	1.5
Backbone-Sidechain	114	10.1	75	65.8	6.7	35	30.7	3.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	192	17.1	124	64.6	11.0	66	34.4	5.9
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1124	100.0	706	62.8	62.8	365	32.5	32.5
Backbone-Backbone	173	15.4	118	68.2	10.5	68	39.3	6.0
Backbone-Sidechain	570	50.7	352	61.8	31.3	169	29.6	15.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	381	33.9	236	61.9	21.0	128	33.6	11.4

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	144	148	86	172	0	550	1.06	6.94	0.96	0.78
2	136	141	82	170	0	529	1.06	6.81	0.99	0.77
3	138	143	82	169	0	532	1.05	6.76	0.95	0.77
4	140	153	86	170	0	549	1.05	6.88	0.99	0.71
5	138	159	93	181	0	571	1.2	7.04	1.1	0.87
6	141	153	93	172	0	559	1.08	6.62	1.05	0.75
7	141	159	88	176	0	564	1.17	7.21	1.04	0.88
8	137	152	95	172	0	556	1.14	7.1	1.12	0.78
9	140	149	94	180	0	563	1.18	7.17	1.15	0.85
10	141	153	94	172	0	560	1.15	7.38	1.09	0.85

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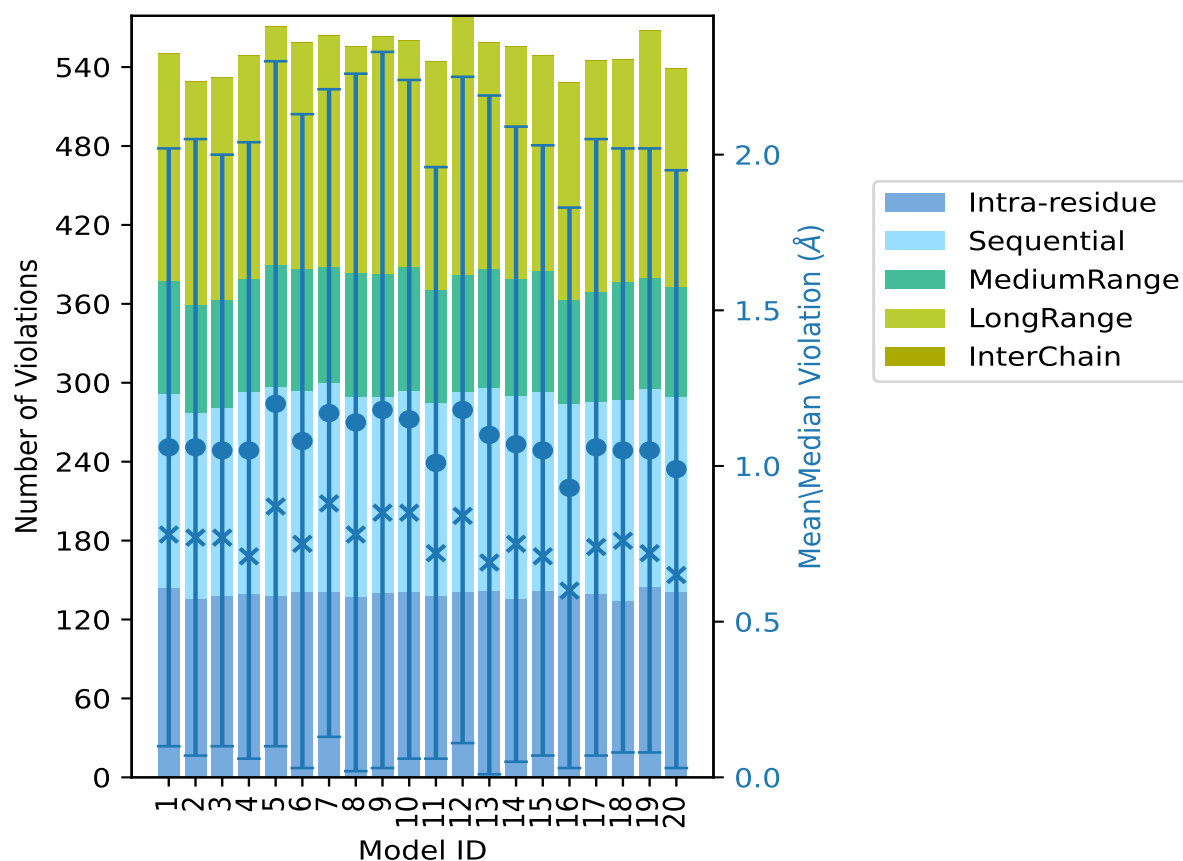
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	138	147	86	173	0	544	1.01	6.86	0.95	0.72
12	141	152	89	197	0	579	1.18	7.41	1.07	0.84
13	142	154	91	172	0	559	1.1	7.01	1.09	0.69
14	136	154	89	177	0	556	1.07	6.71	1.02	0.75
15	142	151	92	164	0	549	1.05	6.33	0.98	0.71
16	138	146	79	165	0	528	0.93	6.33	0.9	0.6
17	140	146	83	176	0	545	1.06	6.99	0.99	0.74
18	134	153	90	169	0	546	1.05	5.98	0.97	0.76
19	145	150	85	188	0	568	1.05	6.55	0.97	0.72
20	141	148	84	166	0	539	0.99	6.49	0.96	0.65

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

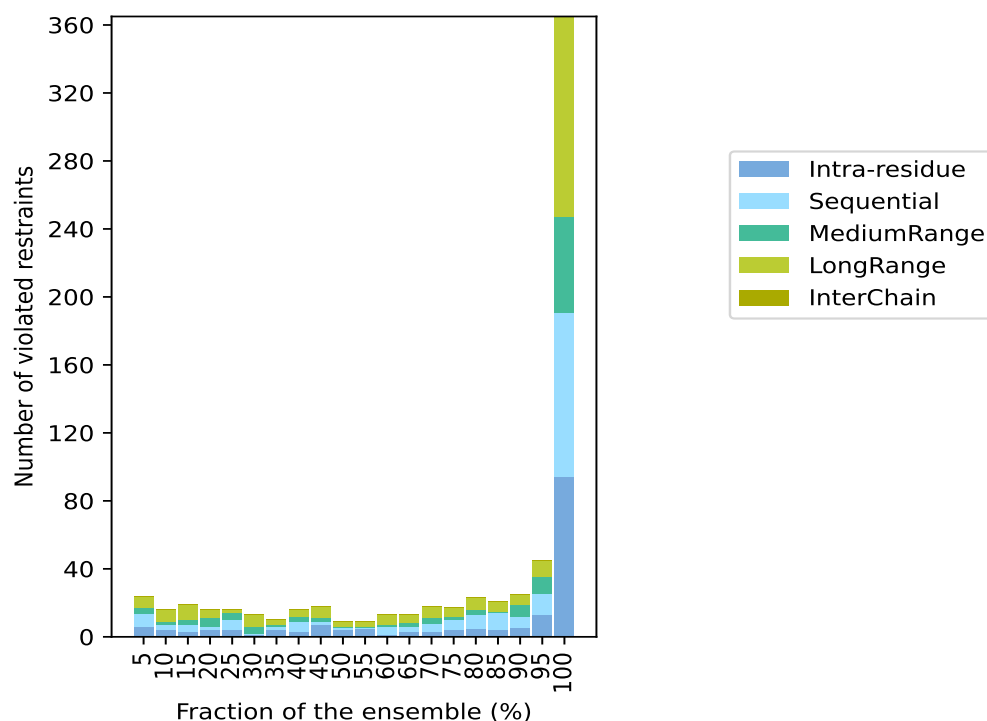
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 418(IR:147, SQ:113, MR:39, LR:119, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
6	8	3	7	0	24	1	5.0
4	3	2	7	0	16	2	10.0
3	4	3	9	0	19	3	15.0
4	2	5	5	0	16	4	20.0
4	6	4	2	0	16	5	25.0
1	1	4	7	0	13	6	30.0
4	2	1	3	0	10	7	35.0
3	6	3	4	0	16	8	40.0
7	2	2	7	0	18	9	45.0
4	1	1	3	0	9	10	50.0
5	0	1	3	0	9	11	55.0
1	5	1	6	0	13	12	60.0
3	3	2	5	0	13	13	65.0
3	5	3	7	0	18	14	70.0
4	6	2	5	0	17	15	75.0
5	8	3	7	0	23	16	80.0
4	10	1	6	0	21	17	85.0
5	7	7	6	0	25	18	90.0
13	12	10	10	0	45	19	95.0
94	97	56	118	0	365	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

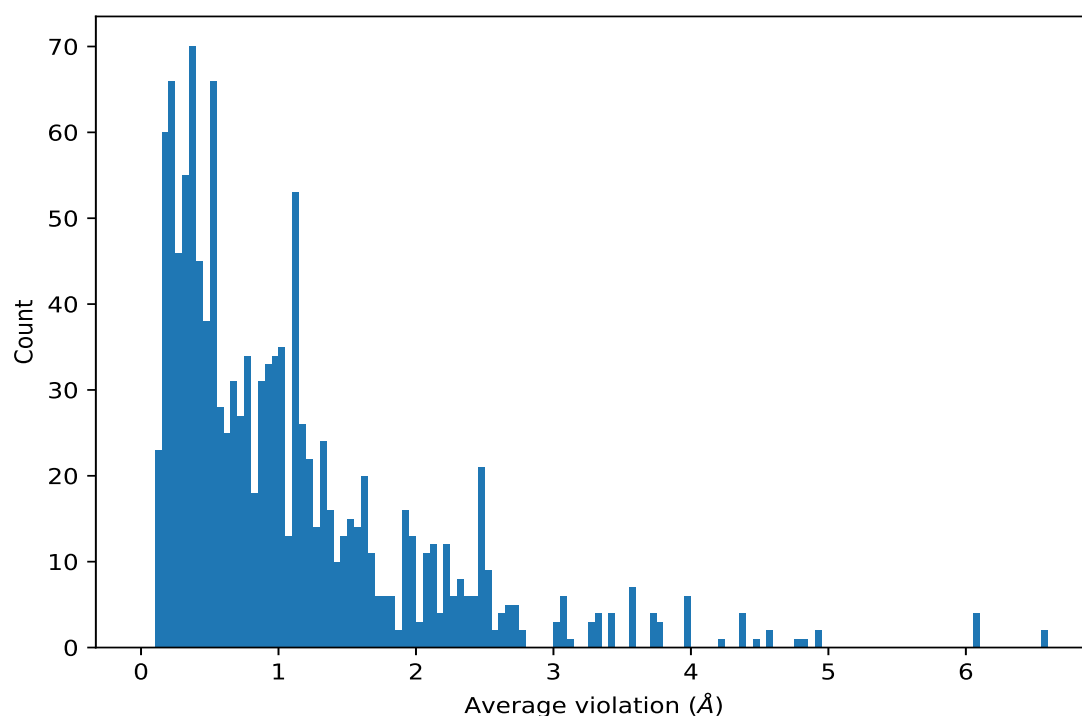
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,21)	1:8:A:PRO:HB2	1:24:A:TYR:HD1	20	6.55	0.28	6.52
(2,21)	1:8:A:PRO:HB2	1:24:A:TYR:HD2	20	6.55	0.28	6.52
(2,32)	1:23:A:TYR:HE1	1:24:A:TYR:HE1	20	6.07	0.1	6.04
(2,32)	1:23:A:TYR:HE1	1:24:A:TYR:HE2	20	6.07	0.1	6.04
(2,32)	1:23:A:TYR:HE2	1:24:A:TYR:HE1	20	6.07	0.1	6.04
(2,32)	1:23:A:TYR:HE2	1:24:A:TYR:HE2	20	6.07	0.1	6.04
(2,22)	1:11:A:TRP:HE1	1:24:A:TYR:HD1	20	4.9	0.45	4.97
(2,22)	1:11:A:TRP:HE1	1:24:A:TYR:HD2	20	4.9	0.45	4.97
(2,186)	1:25:A:PHE:HB2	1:32:A:SER:HB2	20	4.8	1.29	4.16
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	20	4.76	1.48	3.88
(2,37)	1:24:A:TYR:HE1	1:36:A:ARG:HG3	20	4.55	0.56	4.73
(2,37)	1:24:A:TYR:HE2	1:36:A:ARG:HG3	20	4.55	0.56	4.73
(2,195)	1:32:A:SER:HB3	1:33:A:GLN:HB3	20	4.45	0.5	4.39
(2,338)	1:21:A:ARG:HH22	1:34:A:PHE:HB2	20	4.39	1.31	4.81
(2,338)	1:21:A:ARG:HH22	1:34:A:PHE:HB3	20	4.39	1.31	4.81
(2,338)	1:21:A:ARG:HH22	1:34:A:PHE:HB2	20	4.39	1.31	4.81

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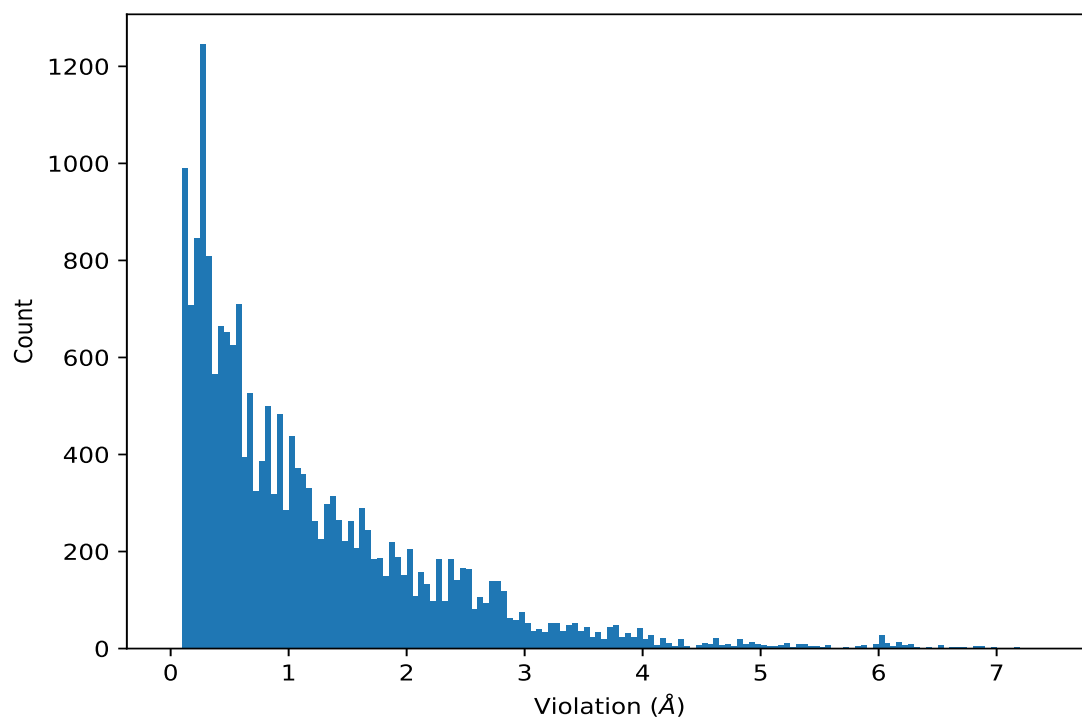
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,305)	1:33:A:GLN:HE21	1:35:A:GLU:HG2	20	4.37	0.92	4.37
(2,201)	1:33:A:GLN:HE21	1:35:A:GLU:HG3	20	4.21	0.87	4.16

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,186)	1:25:A:PHE:HB2	1:32:A:SER:HB2	12	7.41
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	10	7.38
(2,186)	1:25:A:PHE:HB2	1:32:A:SER:HB2	7	7.21

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,324)	1:12:A:GLU:HB2	1:27:A:HIS:HD2	9	7.17
(2,324)	1:12:A:GLU:HB3	1:27:A:HIS:HD2	9	7.17
(2,324)	1:12:A:GLU:HB3	1:27:A:HIS:HD2	9	7.17
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	8	7.1
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	5	7.04
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	13	7.01
(2,21)	1:8:A:PRO:HB2	1:24:A:TYR:HD1	17	6.99
(2,21)	1:8:A:PRO:HB2	1:24:A:TYR:HD2	17	6.99
(2,208)	1:33:A:GLN:HE22	1:36:A:ARG:HA	9	6.96
(2,21)	1:8:A:PRO:HB2	1:24:A:TYR:HD1	1	6.94

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

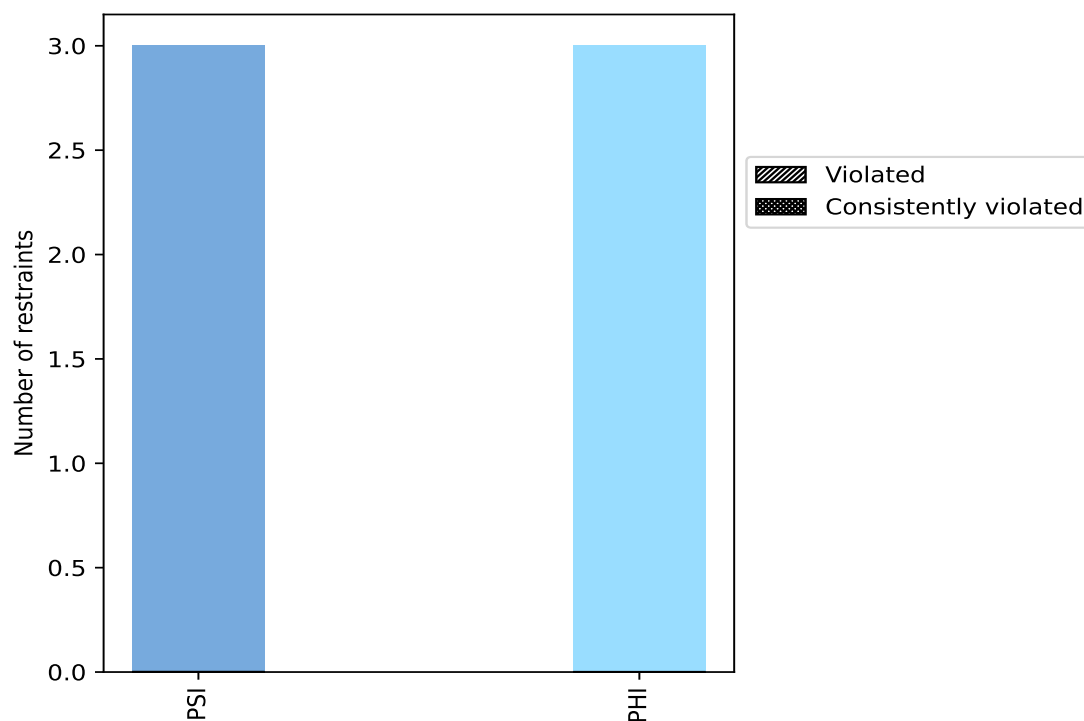
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PSI	3	50.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	3	50.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	6	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model [i](#)

No violations found

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

No violations found