



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 3, 2026 – 01:33 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9Q7U / pdb_00009q7u
EMDB ID : EMD-72318
Title : Composite map for Cryo-EM structure of DNMT3A2-DNMT3B3 tetramer bound to 167H3K36me2-nucleosome
Authors : Xie, X.; Zhou, X.E.; Worden, E.J.; Jones, P.A.
Deposited on : 2025-08-25
Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

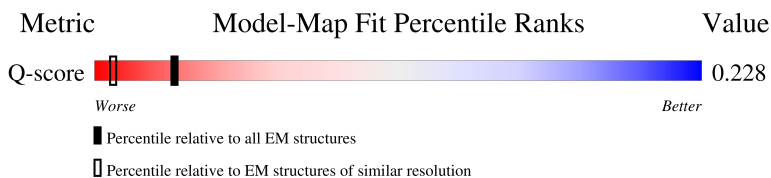
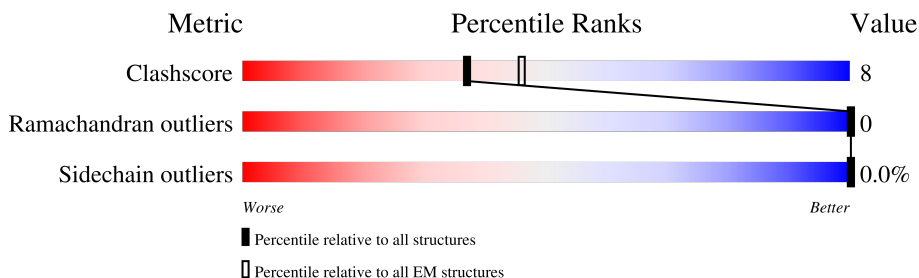
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



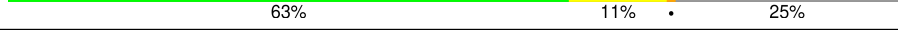
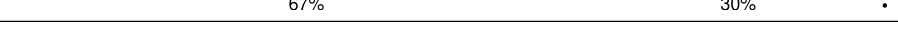
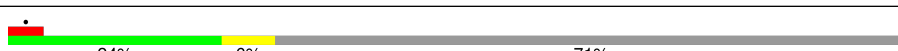
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14717 (2.90 - 3.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	135	
1	E	135	
2	B	103	
2	F	103	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	C	129	
3	G	129	
4	D	123	
4	H	123	
5	I	167	
6	J	167	
7	V	580	
7	Z	580	
8	K	689	
8	L	689	

2 Entry composition

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 48116 atoms, of which 22532 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	100	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1707	525	878	160	141	3		
1	E	101	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1714	527	881	161	142	3		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	B	80	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1325	405	684	125	110	1		
2	F	78	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1282	393	660	120	108	1		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	102	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			1618	493	833	154	138		
3	G	98	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			1555	474	800	149	132		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	99	ARG	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P06897
C	123	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P06897
G	99	ARG	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P06897
G	123	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P06897

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	D	93	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1473	457	747	130	137	2		
4	H	92	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1459	453	740	129	135	2		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
D	29	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P02281
H	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
H	29	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P02281

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called DNA (162-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	I	162	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			5132	1577	1797	628	969	161		

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (162-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	J	162	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			5099	1566	1798	603	971	161		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Isoform 7 of DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	V	340	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			5368	1734	2645	476	487	26		
7	Z	170	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2770	905	1388	235	237	5		

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
V	391	LYS	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3
V	392	ASP	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3
V	393	TYR	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3
Z	391	LYS	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3
Z	392	ASP	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3
Z	393	TYR	-	insertion	UNP Q9UBC3

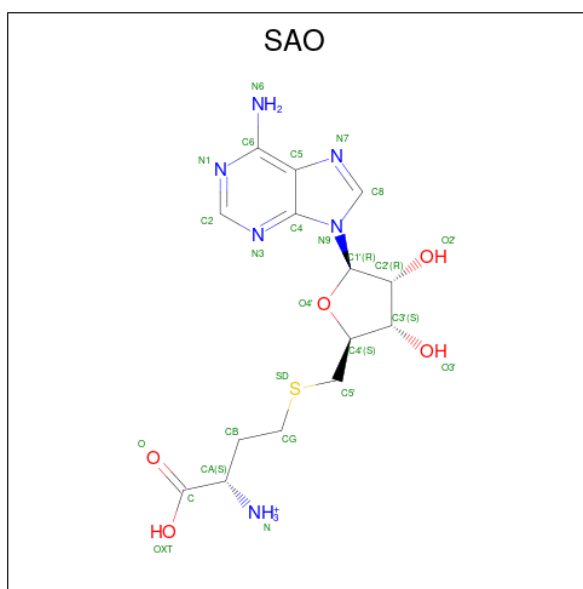
- Molecule 8 is a protein called DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
8	K	555	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			8786	2839	4335	784	786	42		
8	L	551	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			8729	2822	4308	779	778	42		

- Molecule 9 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
9	V	3	Total	Zn	0
			3	3	
9	K	3	Total	Zn	0
			3	3	
9	L	3	Total	Zn	0
			3	3	

- Molecule 10 is 5'-S-[(3S)-3-azaniumyl-3-carboxypropyl]-5'-thioadenosine (CCD ID: SAO) (formula: C₁₄H₂₁N₆O₅S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

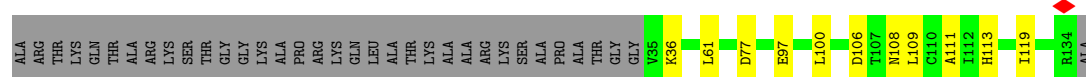


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
10	K	1	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			45	14	19	6	5	1	
10	L	1	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			45	14	19	6	5	1	

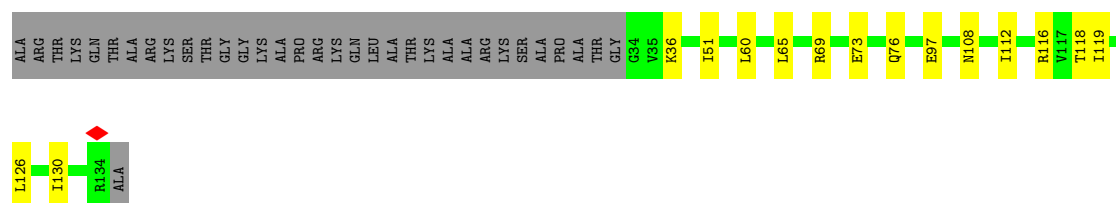
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

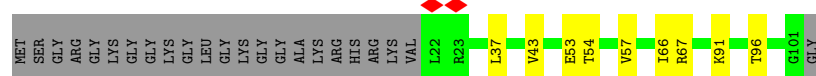
• Molecule 1: Histone H3



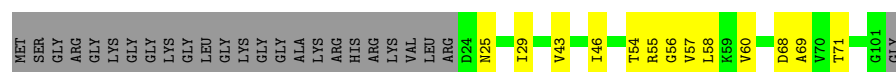
• Molecule 1: Histone H3



• Molecule 2: Histone H4

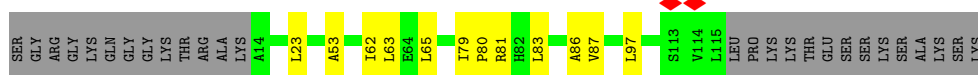


• Molecule 2: Histone H4



• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1

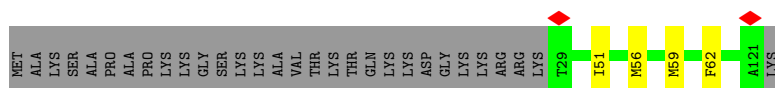




• Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



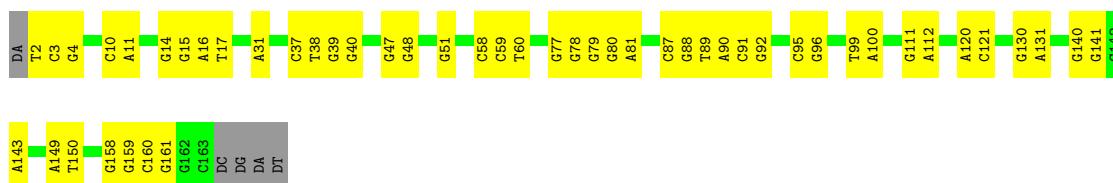
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



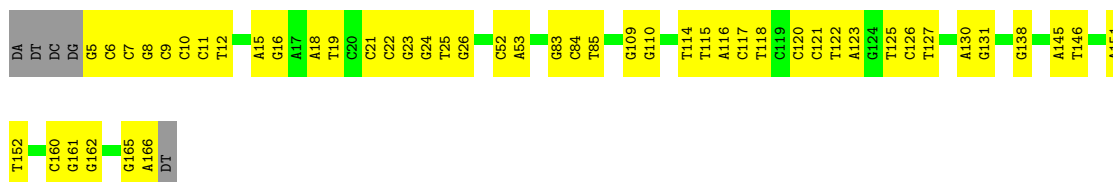
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



• Molecule 5: DNA (162-MER)

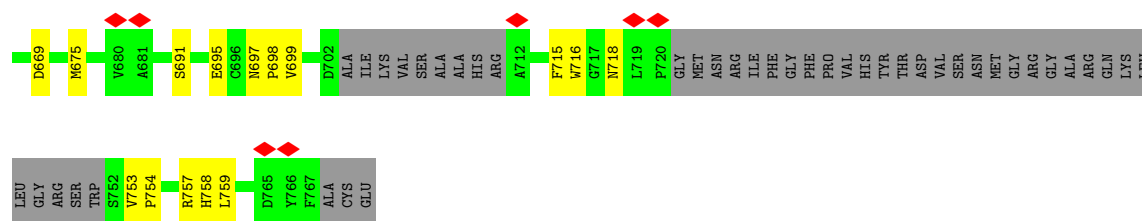


• Molecule 6: DNA (162-MER)

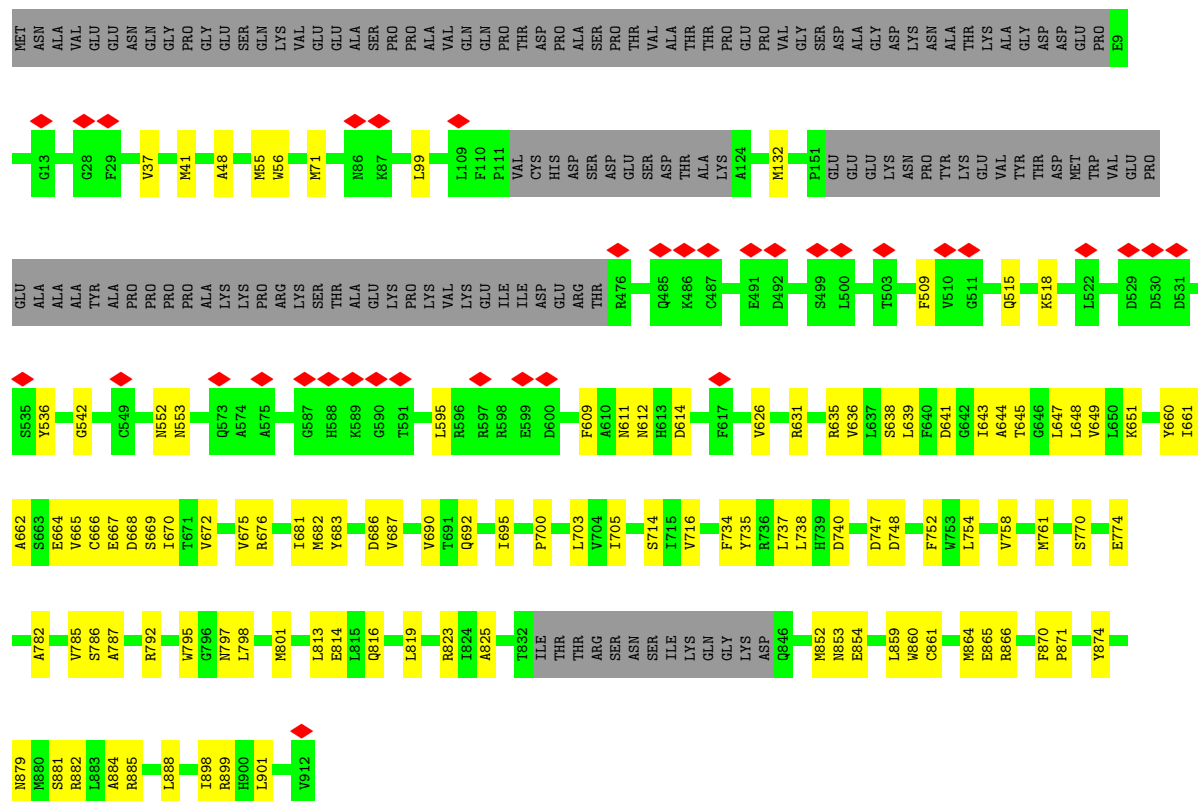


• Molecule 7: Isoform 7 of DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3B

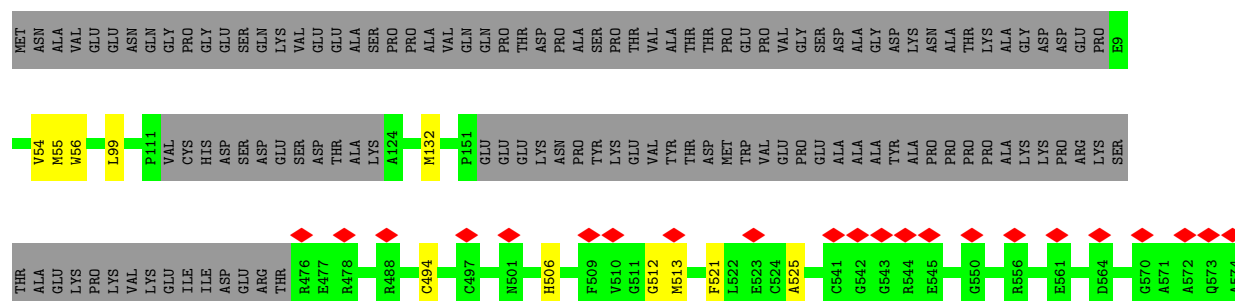


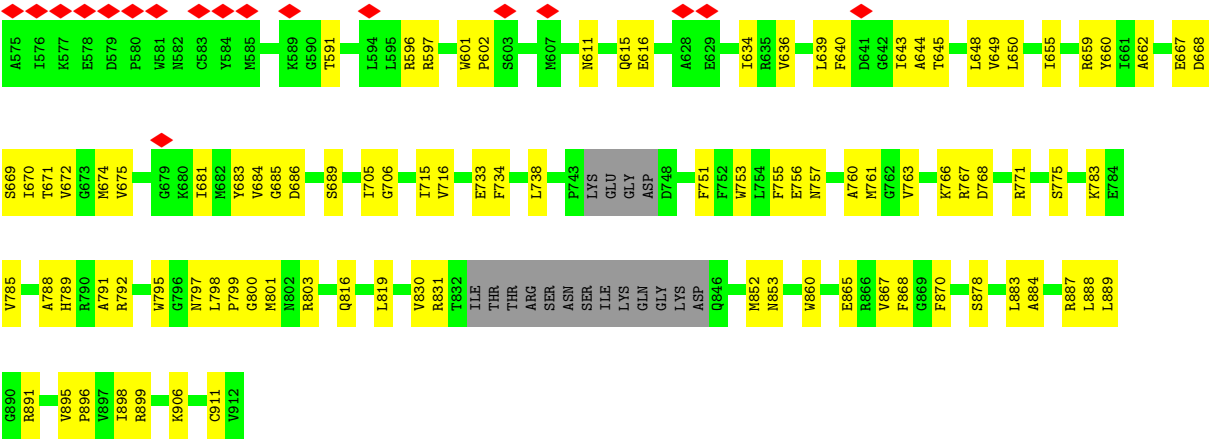


• Molecule 8: DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3A



• Molecule 8: DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3A





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	652144	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	61	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1100	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	9.962	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.004	Depositor
Average map value	0.008	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.123	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.08	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	409.032, 404.064, 415.656	wwPDB
Map dimensions	247, 244, 251	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.656, 1.656, 1.656	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLY, ZN, SAO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.21	0/830	0.31	0/1114
1	E	0.21	0/834	0.32	0/1119
2	B	0.20	0/648	0.31	0/868
2	F	0.21	0/629	0.32	0/843
3	C	0.17	0/794	0.29	0/1072
3	G	0.26	0/764	0.36	0/1031
4	D	0.20	0/737	0.29	0/993
4	H	0.20	0/730	0.33	0/983
5	I	0.25	0/3745	0.47	0/5783
6	J	0.25	0/3698	0.43	0/5699
7	V	0.16	0/2790	0.30	0/3768
7	Z	0.22	0/1419	0.39	0/1916
8	K	0.18	0/4570	0.33	0/6176
8	L	0.22	0/4539	0.37	0/6134
All	All	0.22	0/26727	0.37	0/37499

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	829	878	878	10	0
1	E	833	881	881	12	0
2	B	641	684	684	7	0
2	F	622	660	660	10	0
3	C	785	833	833	9	0
3	G	755	800	800	8	0
4	D	726	747	747	7	0
4	H	719	740	740	13	0
5	I	3335	1797	1816	46	0
6	J	3301	1798	1818	43	0
7	V	2723	2645	2645	46	0
7	Z	1382	1388	1388	25	0
8	K	4451	4335	4335	75	0
8	L	4421	4308	4308	85	0
9	K	3	0	0	0	0
9	L	3	0	0	0	0
9	V	3	0	0	0	0
10	K	26	19	0	1	0
10	L	26	19	0	1	0
All	All	25584	22532	22533	367	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 367 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:J:9:DC:H2''	6:J:10:DC:C5	2.03	0.92
6:J:9:DC:H2''	6:J:10:DC:H5	1.35	0.90
8:K:705:ILE:HG22	8:K:754:LEU:HD23	1.64	0.78
5:I:161:DG:C2	6:J:8:DG:C2	2.74	0.75
5:I:16:DA:H2'	5:I:17:DT:H72	1.70	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/135 (72%)	93 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
1	E	98/135 (73%)	95 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	78/103 (76%)	72 (92%)	6 (8%)	0	100	100
2	F	76/103 (74%)	74 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
3	C	100/129 (78%)	97 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	G	96/129 (74%)	92 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
4	D	91/123 (74%)	88 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	H	90/123 (73%)	85 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
7	V	332/580 (57%)	313 (94%)	19 (6%)	0	100	100
7	Z	162/580 (28%)	154 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
8	K	547/689 (79%)	513 (94%)	34 (6%)	0	100	100
8	L	541/689 (78%)	502 (93%)	39 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	2308/3518 (66%)	2178 (94%)	130 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	87/109 (80%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	87/109 (80%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	66/79 (84%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	64/79 (81%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	80/101 (79%)	80 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	76/101 (75%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	79/103 (77%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	H	78/103 (76%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	61	71
7	V	296/492 (60%)	296 (100%)	0	100	100
7	Z	148/492 (30%)	148 (100%)	0	100	100
8	K	478/591 (81%)	478 (100%)	0	100	100
8	L	475/591 (80%)	475 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2014/2950 (68%)	2013 (100%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	H	103	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	Z	718	ASN
8	K	128	GLN
8	L	821	HIS
8	K	677	HIS
7	Z	601	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	MLY	E	36	1	9,10,11	0.49	0	6,11,13	0.73	0
1	MLY	A	36	1	9,10,11	0.53	0	6,11,13	0.19	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	MLY	E	36	1	-	2/8/9/11	-
1	MLY	A	36	1	-	3/8/9/11	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	36	MLY	C-CA-CB-CG
1	E	36	MLY	N-CA-CB-CG
1	E	36	MLY	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	36	MLY	CD-CE-NZ-CH2
1	A	36	MLY	N-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	36	MLY	1	0
1	A	36	MLY	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 11 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
10	SAO	K	1004	-	27,28,28	0.69	0	36,40,40	0.66	0
10	SAO	L	1004	-	27,28,28	0.66	0	36,40,40	0.80	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	SAO	K	1004	-	-	6/15/31/31	0/3/3/3
10	SAO	L	1004	-	-	4/15/31/31	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	L	1004	SAO	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.45	101.38	106.62

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

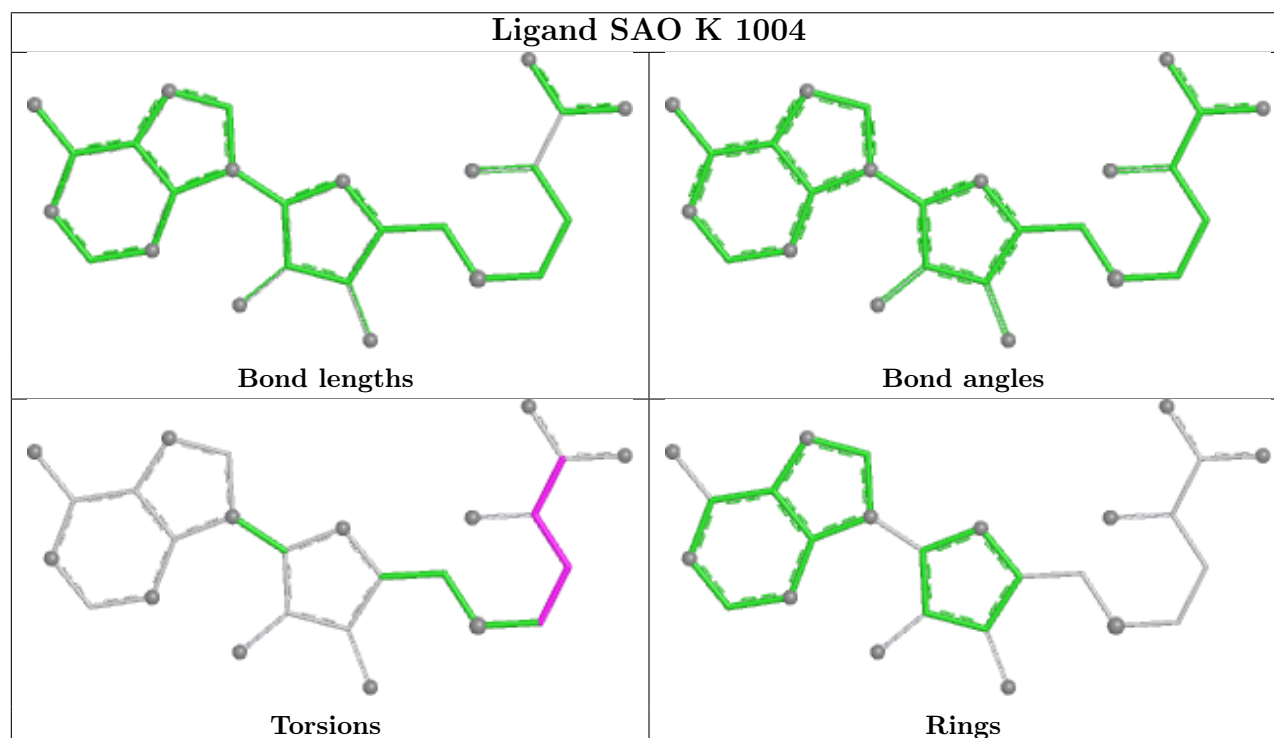
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	K	1004	SAO	O-C-CA-N
10	K	1004	SAO	OXT-C-CA-N
10	K	1004	SAO	CA-CB-CG-SD
10	L	1004	SAO	OXT-C-CA-N
10	L	1004	SAO	O-C-CA-N

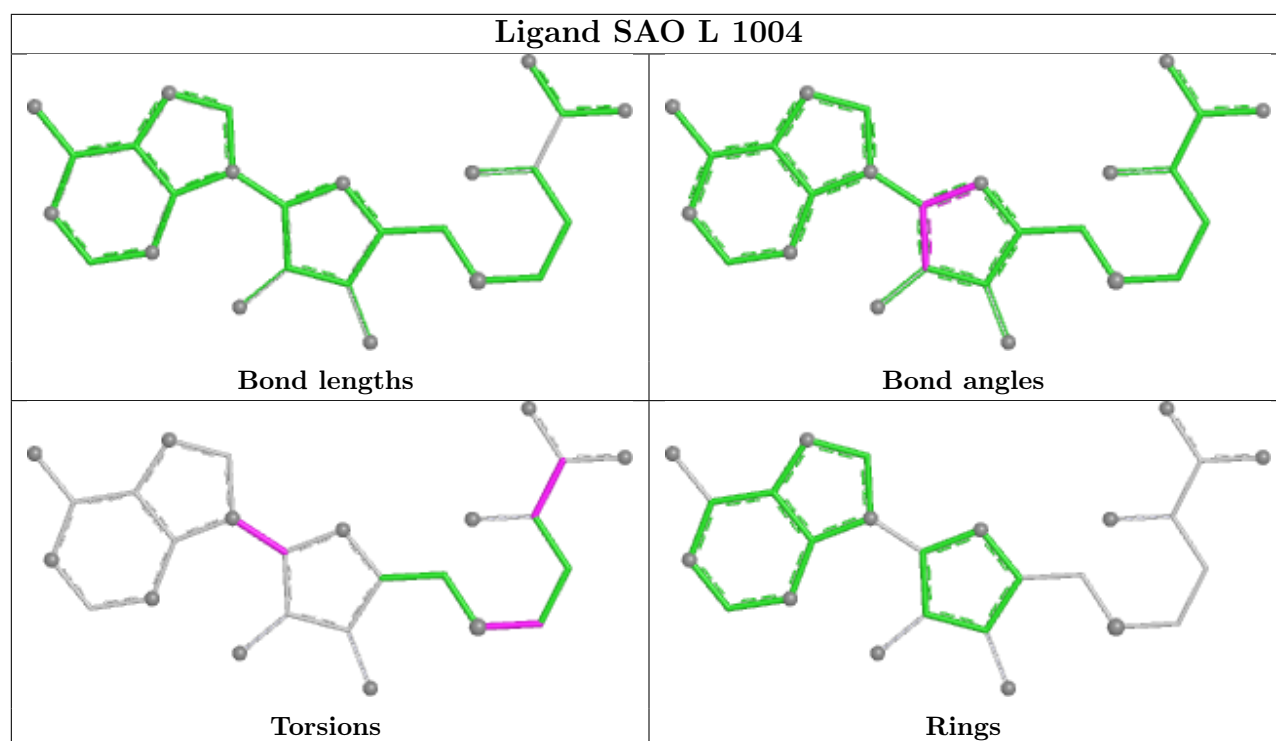
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	K	1004	SAO	1	0
10	L	1004	SAO	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

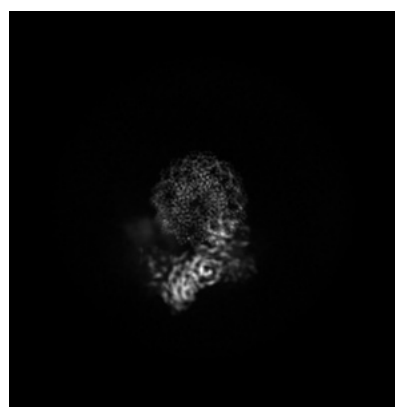
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-72318. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

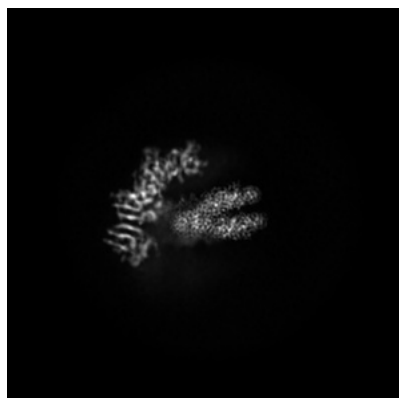
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

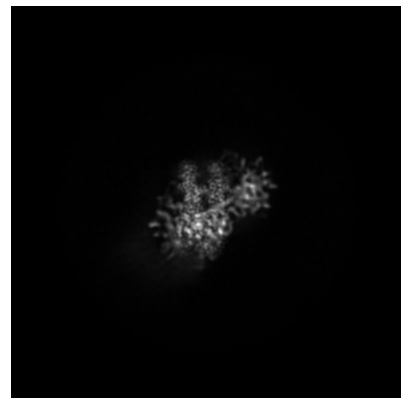
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 123



Y Index: 122

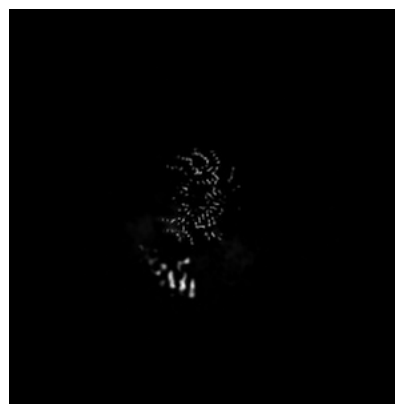


Z Index: 125

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

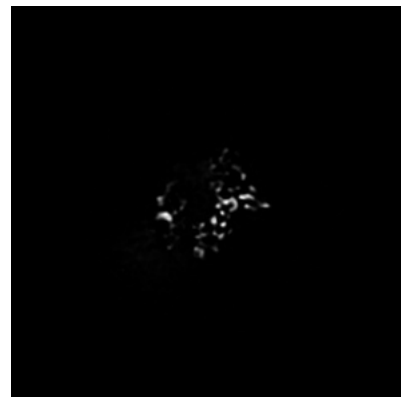
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 115



Y Index: 109

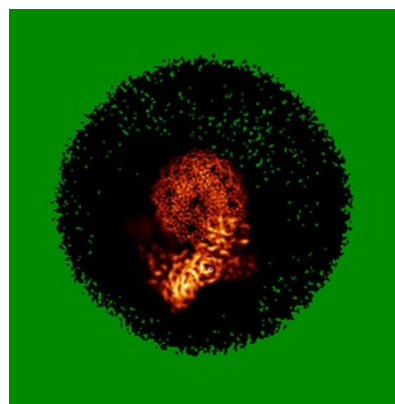


Z Index: 86

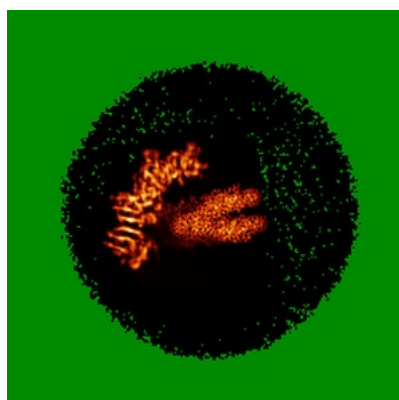
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

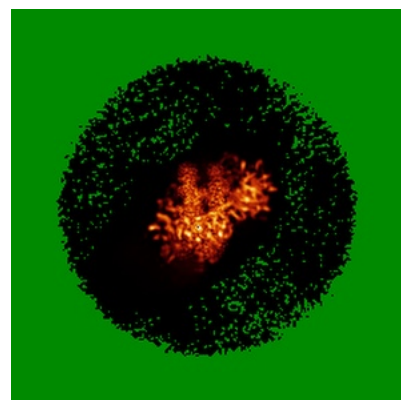
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

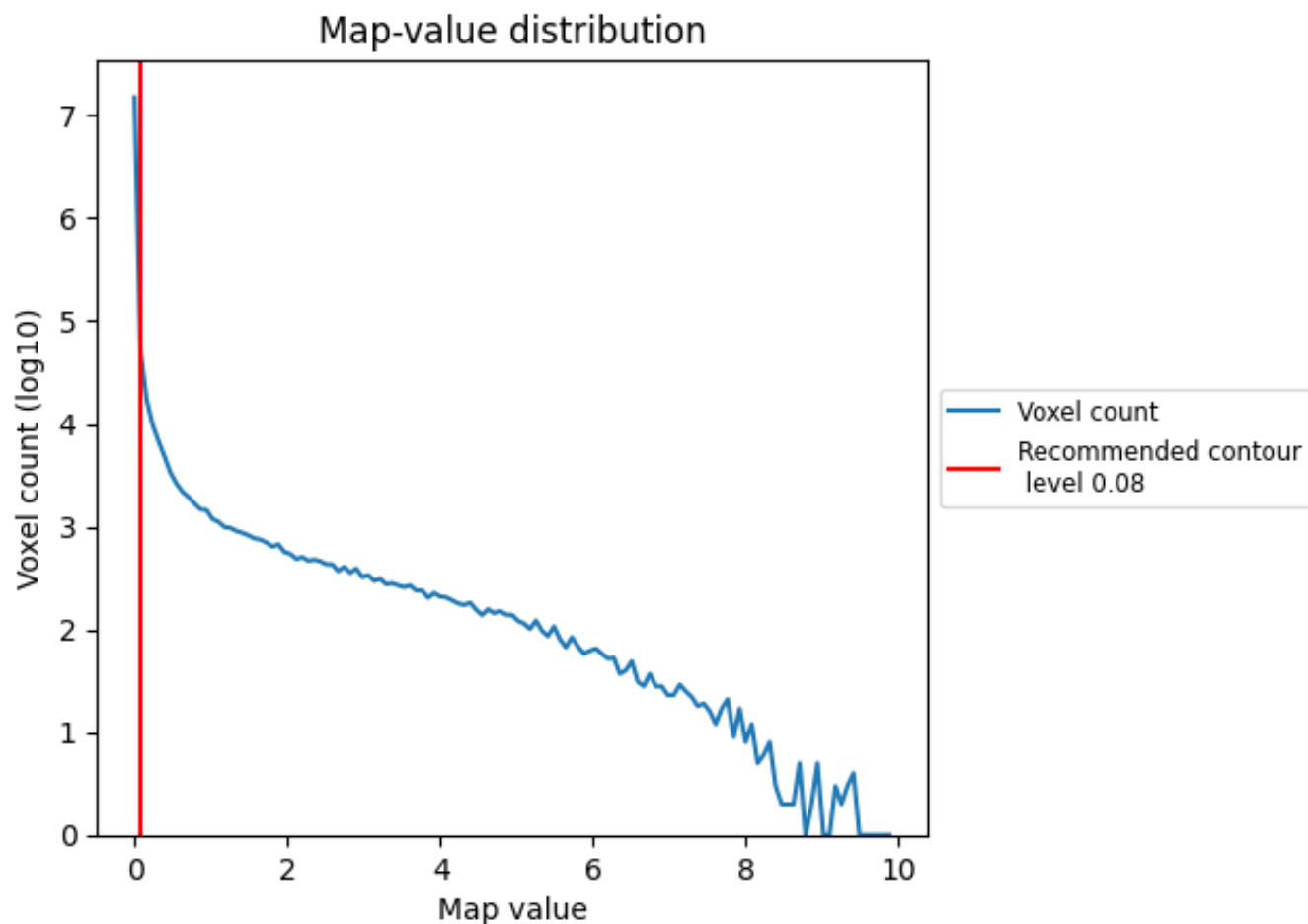
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

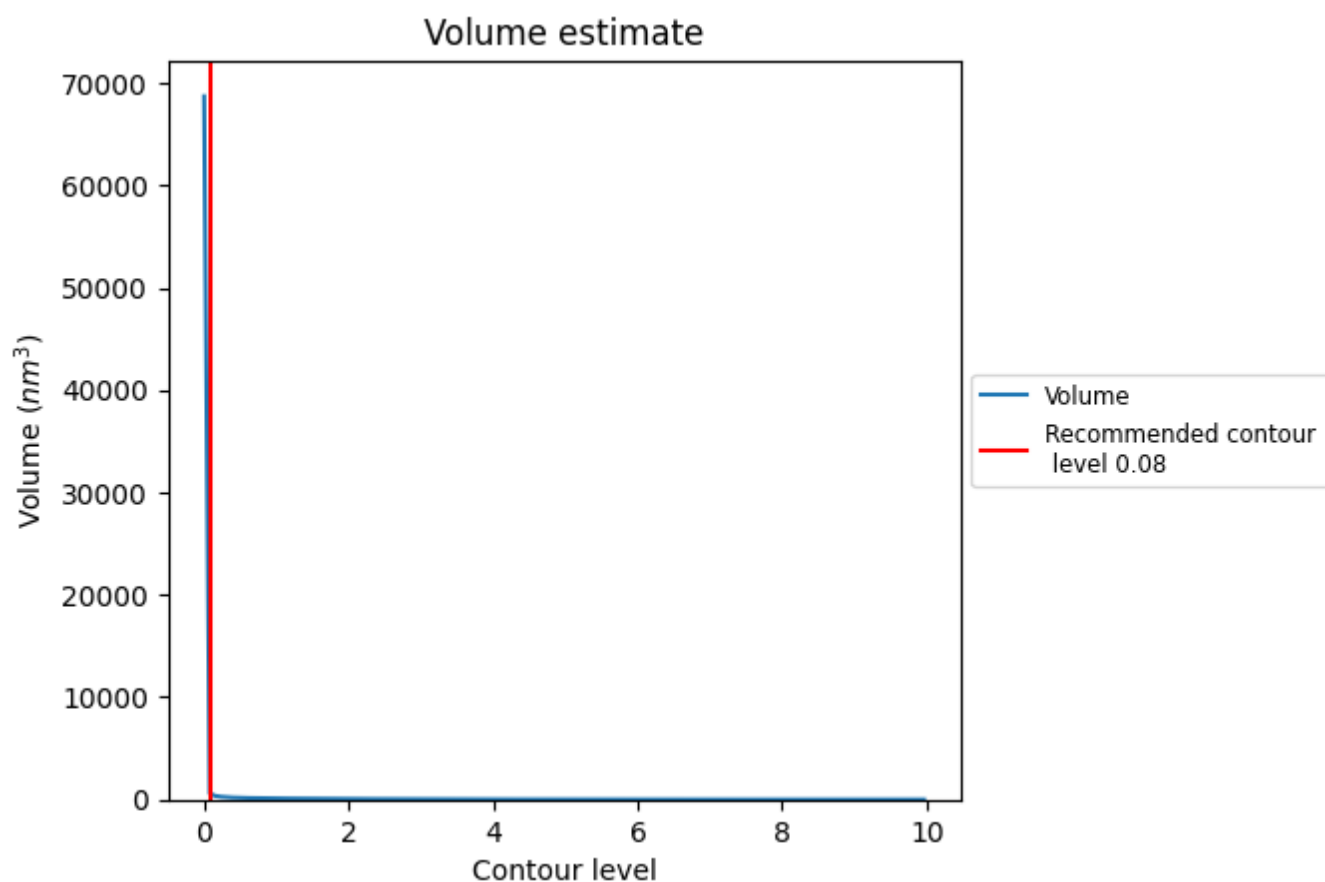
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 568 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 513 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

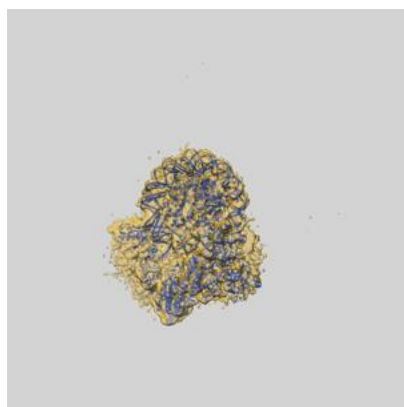
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

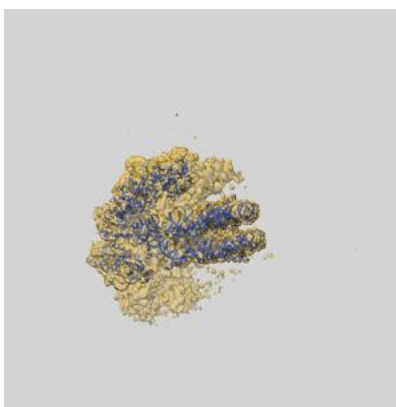
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-72318 and PDB model 9Q7U. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 7](#).

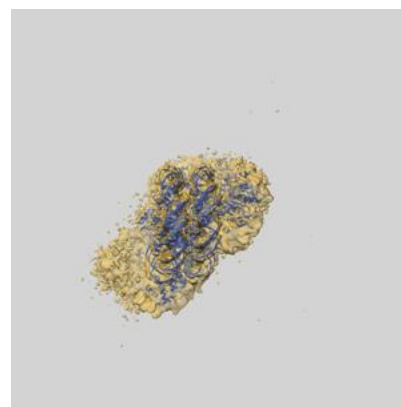
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



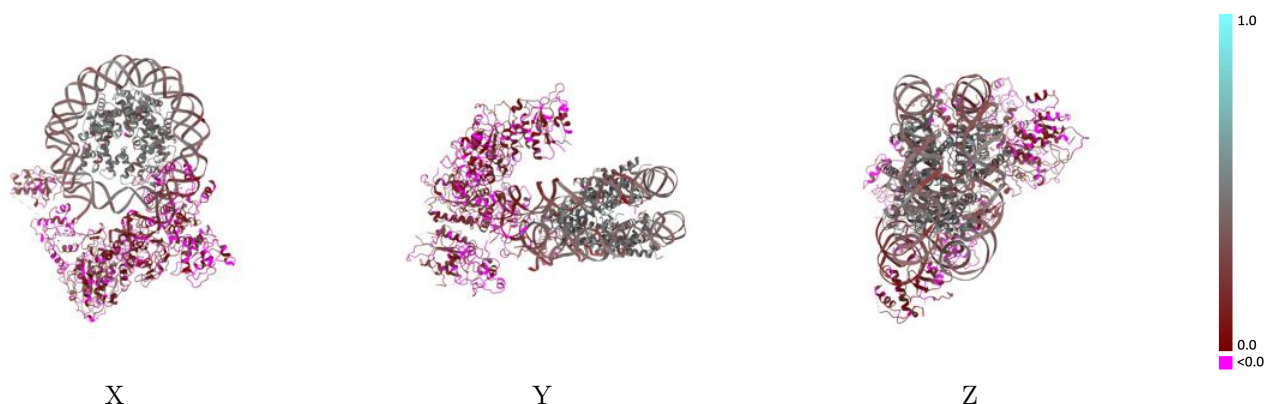
Y



Z

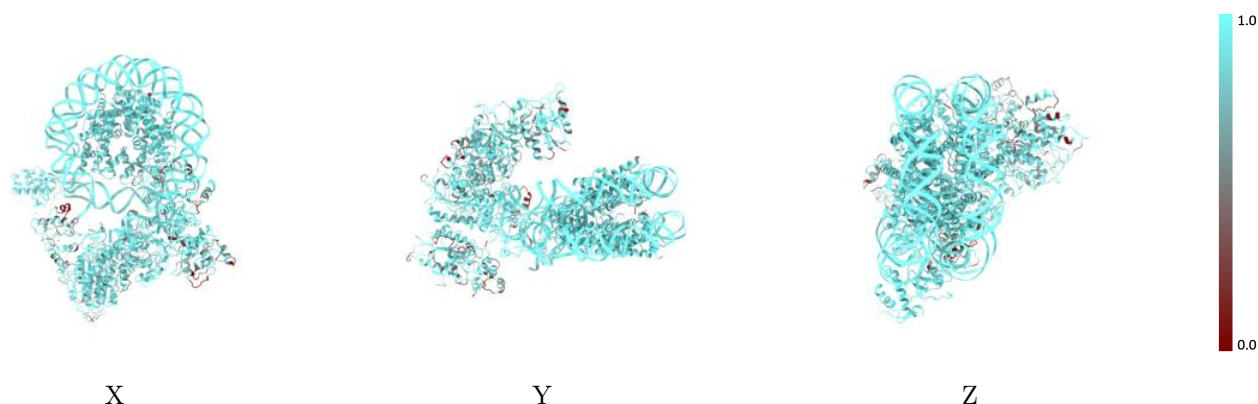
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



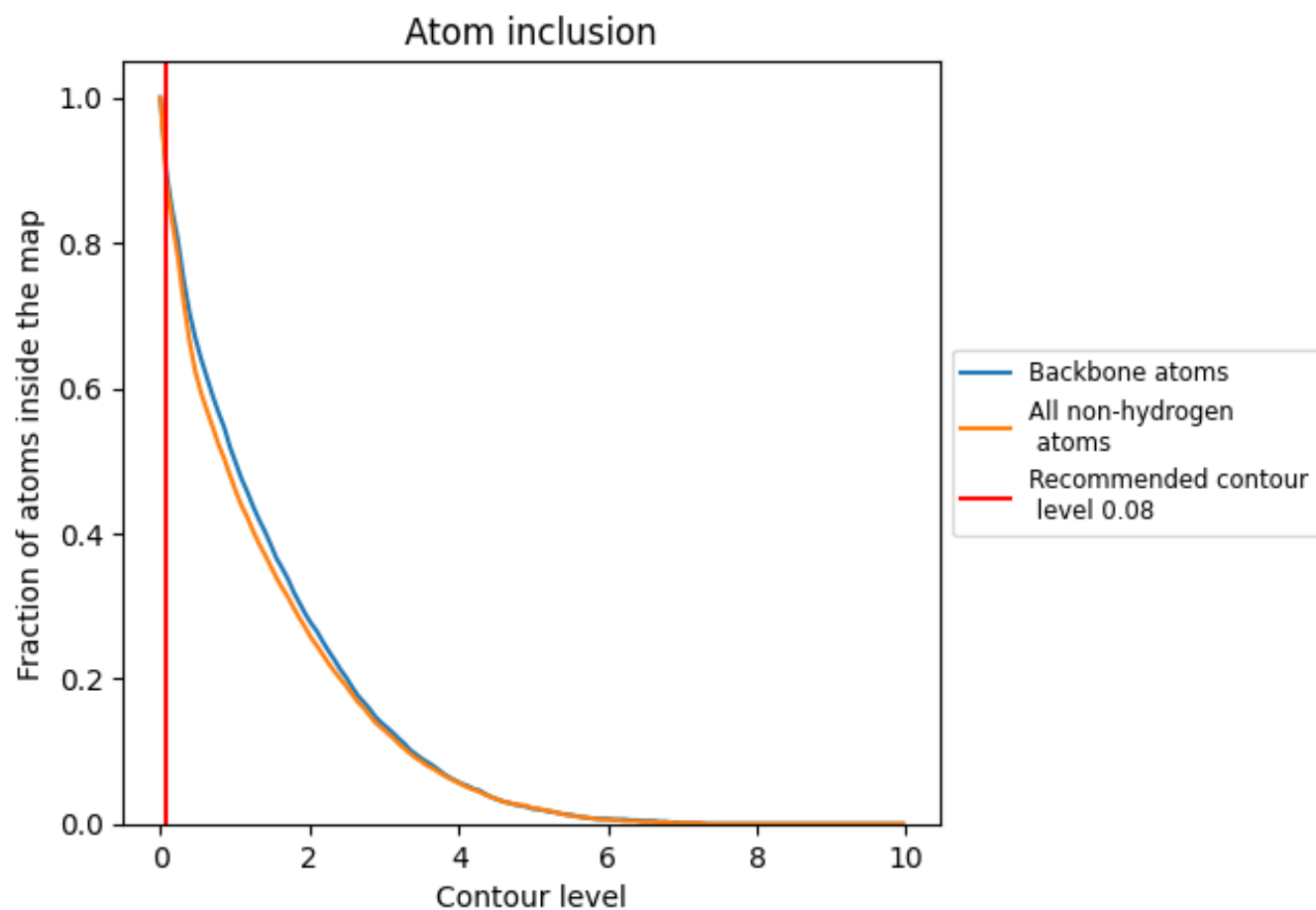
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.08).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 88% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.08) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8830	 0.2280
A	 0.9540	 0.4160
B	 0.9500	 0.4510
C	 0.9340	 0.4480
D	 0.9280	 0.4290
E	 0.9550	 0.4420
F	 0.9750	 0.4680
G	 0.9440	 0.4470
H	 0.9440	 0.4440
I	 0.9760	 0.3230
J	 0.9820	 0.3270
K	 0.8490	 0.0840
L	 0.8690	 0.0940
V	 0.7550	 0.0590
Z	 0.7870	 0.0750

