



wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2GVE / pdb_00002gve
Title : Time-of-Flight Neutron Diffraction Structure of D-Xylose Isomerase
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Deposited on : 2006-05-02
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

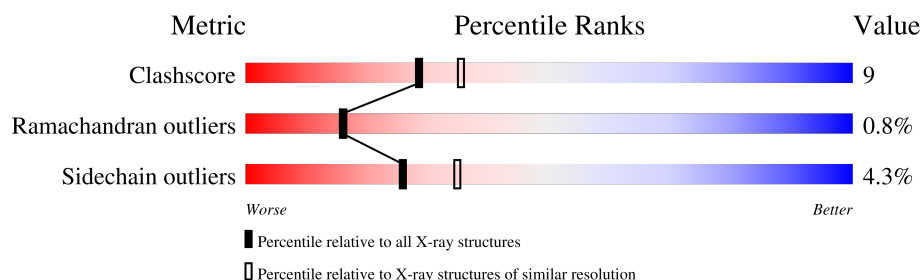
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

NEUTRON DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	6851 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6768 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6769 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	388	 85% 14% .

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7768 atoms, of which 2742 are hydrogens and 1453 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Xylose isomerase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	388	Total	C	D	H	N	O	S	2	259	0
			6389	1922	588	2742	552	576	9			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P24300

- Molecule 2 is COBALT (II) ION (CCD ID: CO) (formula: Co).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total	Co	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 3 is water.

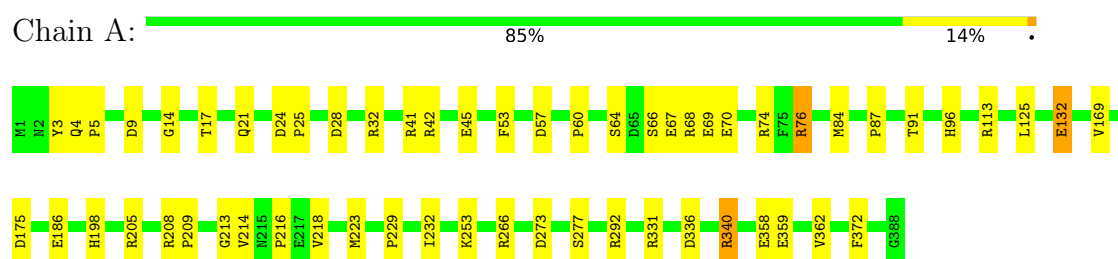
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	512	Total	D	O	0	0
			1377	865	512		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: Xylose isomerase



4 Model quality

4.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD, CO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.95	19/5265 (0.4%)	1.16	35/7115 (0.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

The worst 5 of 19 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	3[A]	TYR	C-N	13.54	1.54	1.33
1	A	3[B]	TYR	C-N	13.54	1.54	1.33
1	A	359[A]	GLU	CD-OE1	12.65	1.49	1.25
1	A	359[B]	GLU	CD-OE1	12.65	1.49	1.25
1	A	70	GLU	CD-OE2	10.23	1.44	1.25

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	68[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	11.95	129.95	119.20
1	A	68[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	11.95	129.95	119.20
1	A	340[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.54	133.04	121.50
1	A	340[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.54	133.04	121.50
1	A	340[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.76	109.52	119.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	41[A]	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	41[B]	ARG	Sidechain

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4.2 Torsion angles [i](#)

4.2.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	645/388 (166%)	621 (96%)	18 (3%)	6 (1%)	14	14

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	253[A]	LYS
1	A	253[B]	LYS
1	A	186[A]	GLU
1	A	186[B]	GLU
1	A	17[A]	THR

4.2.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	506/304 (166%)	483 (96%)	23 (4%)	24	33

5 of 23 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	175[A]	ASP
1	A	205[B]	ARG
1	A	205[A]	ARG
1	A	277[A]	SER
1	A	69	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

4.2.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.4 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

4.5 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

4.6 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.7 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.